

Court File No.: _____

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

**IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT
ACT*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR
ARRANGEMENT OF TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP., TRICHOME
JWC ACQUISITION CORP., MYM NUTRACEUTICALS INC.,
TRICHOME RETAIL CORP., MYM INTERNATIONAL BRANDS INC.,
AND HIGHLAND GROW INC.**

Applicants

**APPLICATION RECORD
(Returnable November 7, 2022)
Volume 1 of 2**

November 7, 2022

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TAB 1

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Applicants

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

TO THE RESPONDENTS:

A LEGAL PROCEEDING HAS BEEN COMMENCED by the Applicants. The claim made by the Applicants appears on the following page.

THIS APPLICATION will come on for a hearing

- In person
- By telephone conference
- By video conference

At a Zoom link to be provided by the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) on November 7, 2022 at 10:00 a.m. (or as soon after such time as the application may be heard).

IF YOU WISH TO OPPOSE THIS APPLICATION, to receive notice of any step in the application or to be served with any documents in the application, you or an Ontario lawyer acting for you must forthwith prepare a notice of appearance in Form 38A prescribed by the *Rules of Civil Procedure*, serve it on the Applicants' lawyer or, where the Applicants do not have a lawyer, serve it on the Applicants, and file it, with proof of service, in this court office, and you or your lawyer must appear at the hearing.

IF YOU WISH TO PRESENT AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE TO THE COURT OR TO EXAMINE OR CROSS-EXAMINE WITNESSES ON THE APPLICATION, you or your lawyer must, in addition to serving your notice of appearance, serve a copy of the evidence on the Applicants' lawyer or, where the Applicants do

not have a lawyer, serve it on the Applicants, and file it, with proof of service, in the court office where the application is to be heard as soon as possible, but at least four days before the hearing.

IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR AT THE HEARING, JUDGMENT MAY BE GIVEN IN YOUR ABSENCE AND WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO YOU. IF YOU WISH TO OPPOSE THIS APPLICATION BUT ARE UNABLE TO PAY LEGAL FEES, LEGAL AID MAY BE AVAILABLE TO YOU BY CONTACTING A LOCAL LEGAL AID OFFICE.

Date: November 7, 2022

Issued by:

Local Registrar

Address of court office: 330 University Avenue, 9th Floor
Toronto, ON M5G 1R7

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APPLICATION

1. THE APPLICANTS MAKE AN APPLICATION FOR:

- (a) An order substantially in the form attached as Tab 3 of the Application Record (the "**Initial Order**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended (the "**CCAA**"), *inter alia*:
 - (i) abridging the time for and validating the service of this Notice of Application and the Application Record and dispensing with further service thereof;
 - (ii) declaring that each of Trichome Financial Corp. ("**Trichome**"), Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. ("**TJAC**"), MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. ("**MYM**"), Trichome Retail Corp. ("**TRC**"), MYM International Brands Inc. ("**MYMB**") and Highland Grow Inc. ("**Highland**", and collectively with Trichome, TJAC, MYM, TRC and MYMB, the "**Applicants**"), is a debtor company to which the CCAA applies;
 - (iii) appointing KSV Restructuring Inc. ("**KSV**" or the "**Proposed Monitor**") as an officer of this Court to monitor the assets, business and financial affairs of the Applicants (if appointed in such capacity, the "**Monitor**");
 - (iv) staying, for an initial period of not more than ten days (the "**Initial Stay Period**"), all proceedings and remedies taken or that might be taken in respect of the Applicants, the Monitor or the Applicants' directors and officers, or affecting the Applicants' business (the "**Canadian Business**") or the Property (as defined below), except with the written consent of the

Applicants and the Monitor, or with leave of the Court (the "**Stay of Proceedings**");

- (v) authorizing the Applicants to continue to utilize the Cash Management System (as defined in the Initial Order) and to maintain the banking arrangements in place for the Applicants;
- (vi) approving the Applicants' ability to borrow under a debtor-in-possession credit facility (the "**DIP Facility**") to finance their working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes, post-filing expenses and costs;
- (vii) authorizing the Applicants to pay, with the consent of the Monitor (based on its consideration of certain non-exhaustive factors enumerated under the proposed Initial Order) and the DIP Lender (as defined below), amounts owing for goods and services actually supplied to the Applicants prior to the date of the proposed Initial Order;
- (viii) granting the following charges (collectively, the "**Charges**") over the Applicants' current and future assets, undertakings and properties of every nature and kind whatsoever, and wherever situate, including all proceeds thereof (collectively, the "**Property**"):
 - (A) an Administration Charge (as defined in the Initial Order) up to a maximum amount of \$750,000;
 - (B) a Directors' Charge (as defined in the Initial Order) up to a maximum amount of \$967,000; and

- (C) a DIP Lender's Charge (as defined in the Initial Order) up to a maximum amount of \$1,825,000; and
- (b) Such further and other relief as counsel may request and this Honourable Court deems just.

2. THE GROUNDS FOR THE APPLICATION ARE:

General

- (a) The Applicants are comprised of Trichome and five of its directly or indirectly wholly owned subsidiaries;
- (b) Trichome, TJAC, TRC, MYM and MYMB are all incorporated or continued pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. B. 16, as amended, while Highland is incorporated under the *Companies Act*, R.S.N.S. 1989, c. 81, as amended;
- (c) Through their licensed operating subsidiaries, the Applicants cultivate, process and sell premium and ultra-premium cannabis for the adult-use market in Canada. Trichome centrally manages all aspects of the Canadian Business from Ontario;
- (d) Following months of liquidity challenges, the Applicants are now facing a severe liquidity crisis, have limited cash on hand, and are generally unable to meet their obligations as they become due. Absent additional funding, the Applicants will be forced to immediately cease their operations;

- (e) The Applicants have commenced these CCAA proceedings to address the challenges facing the Canadian Business and effect the restructuring transactions necessary to maximize value for their stakeholders;
- (f) The Applicants are entitled to seek protection under the CCAA given that, among other things:
 - (i) each of the Applicants is insolvent and is a company (and collectively are affiliated companies) to which the CCAA applies; and
 - (ii) the current and contingent claims against the Applicants as affiliated debtor companies exceeds \$5 million;

The Stay of Proceedings

- (g) The Applicants urgently require the Stay of Proceedings to prevent enforcement action by their creditors and disruption to the Canadian Business. Accordingly, the proposed Initial Order provides the Stay of Proceedings in respect of, among others, the Applicants and their respective directors and officers for the Initial Stay Period;
- (h) The Stay of Proceedings will preserve the *status quo* and afford the Applicants the breathing room and stability required to advance their restructuring efforts, including developing a sale and investor solicitation process ("**SISP**"). The Stay of Proceedings will also allow the Applicants to continue to operate the Canadian Business as a going concern with minimal disruption;

- (i) It is necessary and in the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders that the Applicants and their respective directors and officers be afforded the breathing space provided by the CCAA as they attempt to restructure the Canadian Business and maximize value for their stakeholders;
- (j) If the proposed Initial Order is granted, the Applicants intend to bring a motion on November 17, 2022 (or such other date set by this Honourable Court prior to the expiry of the Initial Stay Period) (the "**Comeback Hearing**") for an:
 - (i) amended and restated Initial Order, among other things, extending the Initial Stay Period and increasing certain of the Charges; and
 - (ii) an order approving a SISP;

The DIP Facility

- (k) In connection with the commencement of these proceedings, the Applicants entered into a DIP facility agreement with Cortland Credit Lending Corporation, as agent for and on behalf of the lenders party thereto (the "**DIP Lender**") on November 6, 2022 (the "**DIP Agreement**");
- (l) Pursuant to the DIP Agreement, the DIP Lender has agreed to provide the DIP Facility on behalf of the lenders under the DIP Agreement to the Applicants in the maximum principal amount of the lesser of (i) \$4,875,000 (the "**Facility Limit**") and (ii) the Borrowing Base Amount, as calculated in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement, minus the amount of the Pre-Filing Obligations, plus the Over-Advance Amount (each as defined in the DIP Agreement);

- (m) The DIP Facility is conditional upon, among other things, the issuance of the proposed Initial Order approving the DIP Facility and granting the DIP Lender's Charge;
- (n) Given their ongoing liquidity crisis, the Applicants require the DIP Facility to, among other things, fund their ongoing operations and pursue their restructuring efforts. Without access to the DIP Facility, the Applicants will be forced to immediately cease the Canadian Business' ordinary course operations;
- (o) The amount to be funded under the DIP Facility during the Initial Stay Period is limited to the amount necessary to ensure the continued operations of the Canadian Business prior to the Comeback Hearing;

Appointment of KSV as Monitor

- (p) The proposed Initial Order contemplates that KSV will act as the Monitor in these CCAA proceedings. KSV has consented to act as the Monitor in these CCAA proceedings on the terms of the proposed Initial Order, if granted;
- (q) KSV is a "trustee" within the meaning of subsection 2(1) of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, as amended, and is not otherwise precluded from acting as the Monitor under subsection 11.7(2) of the CCAA;

Authorization to Make Pre-Filing Payments

- (r) To preserve continuity in the Canadian Business, the proposed Initial Order authorizes (but does not require) the Applicants to pay, with the consent of the Monitor and the DIP Lender, amounts owing for goods and services actually

supplied to the Applicants prior to the date of the Initial Order, with the Monitor considering, among other factors, whether:

- (i) the supplier or service provider is essential to the Canadian Business and ongoing operations of the Applicants and the payment is required to ensure ongoing supply;
 - (ii) making such payment will preserve, protect or enhance the value of the Property or the Canadian Business;
 - (iii) making such payment is required to address regulatory concerns; and
 - (iv) the supplier or service provider is required to continue to provide goods or services to the Applicants after the date of the Initial Order, including pursuant to the terms of the Initial Order;
- (s) The authorization to make the aforementioned pre-filing payments will allow the Applicants to maintain their customer and supplier relationships and an uninterrupted supply of essential goods and services. A disruption in the supply of such goods and services will jeopardize the Applicants' ability to operate the Canadian Business in the ordinary course;

The Charges

- (t) Pursuant to the proposed Initial Order, the Applicants are seeking the granting of the Charges in the following priority:
- (i) First – Administration Charge (up to a maximum amount of \$750,000);

- (ii) Second – Directors' Charge (up to a maximum amount of \$967,000); and
- (iii) Third – DIP Lender's Charge (up to a maximum amount of \$1,825,000);
- (u) Each of the Charges is appropriately limited to that which is reasonably necessary for the Applicants' continued operations in the ordinary course of business during the Initial Stay Period;
- (v) The Proposed Monitor is supportive of the granting of each of the Charges and their quantum;

Other Grounds

- (w) The provisions of the CCAA and the inherent and equitable jurisdiction of this Honourable Court;
 - (x) Rules 1.04, 1.05, 2.03, 3.02, 14.05(2), 16, 38 and 39 of the *Rules of Civil Procedure*, R.R.O. 1990, Reg. 194, as amended and section 106 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. C. 43, as amended; and
 - (y) Such further and other grounds as counsel may advise and this Honourable Court may permit.
3. **THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE** will be used at the hearing of the Application:
- (a) The affidavit of Michael Ruscetta sworn November 7, 2022, and the exhibits thereto;
 - (b) The consent of KSV to act as the Monitor;

- (c) The Pre-Filing Report of the Proposed Monitor dated November 7, 2022 and the appendices thereto; and
- (d) Such further and other evidence as counsel may advise and this Honourable Court may permit.

November 7, 2022

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ONTARIO
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Proceeding commenced at Toronto

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

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Lawyers for the Applicants

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**AFFIDAVIT OF MICHAEL RUSCETTA
(Sworn November 7, 2022)**

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**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED

AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP., TRICHOME JWC ACQUISITION CORP., MYM NUTRACEUTICALS INC., TRICHOME RETAIL CORP., MYM INTERNATIONAL BRANDS INC., AND HIGHLAND GROW INC.

Applicants

**AFFIDAVIT OF MICHAEL RUSCETTA
(Sworn November 7, 2022)**

I, Michael Ruscetta, of the city of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, **MAKE OATH AND SAY:**

1. I am the Chief Executive Officer of Trichome Financial Corp. ("**Trichome**"). I am also a director of Trichome, Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. ("**TJAC**"), MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. ("**MYM**"), Trichome Retail Corp. ("**TRC**"), MYM International Brands Inc. ("**MYMB**") and Highland Grow Inc. ("**Highland**", and collectively with Trichome, TJAC, MYM, TRC and MYMB, the "**Applicants**"). As such, I have personal knowledge of the Applicants and the matters to which I depose in this affidavit. Where I do not possess personal knowledge, I have stated the source of my information and, in all such cases, believe it to be true.

2. All references to currency in this affidavit are in Canadian dollars unless noted otherwise. The Applicants do not waive or intend to waive any applicable privilege by any statement herein.

I. RELIEF REQUESTED

3. I swear this affidavit in support of an application by the Applicants for an order (the "**Initial Order**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended (the "**CCAA**"), *inter alia*:

- (a) declaring that each of the Applicants is a debtor company to which the CCAA applies;
- (b) appointing KSV Restructuring Inc. ("**KSV**" or the "**Proposed Monitor**") as an officer of this Court to monitor the assets, business, and affairs of the Applicants (if appointed in such capacity, the "**Monitor**");
- (c) staying, for an initial period of not more than ten days (the "**Initial Stay Period**"), all proceedings and remedies taken or that might be taken in respect of the Applicants, the Monitor or the Applicants' directors and officers (collectively, the "**Directors and Officers**"), or affecting the Applicants' business (the "**Canadian Business**") or the Property (as defined below), except with the written consent of the Applicants and the Monitor, or with leave of the Court (the "**Stay of Proceedings**");
- (d) authorizing the Applicants to continue to utilize the Cash Management System (as defined below) and to maintain the banking arrangements in place for the Applicants;

- (e) approving the Applicants' ability to borrow under a debtor-in-possession ("**DIP**") credit facility (the "**DIP Facility**") to finance their working capital requirements and other general corporate purposes, post-filing expenses and costs;
- (f) authorizing the Applicants to pay, with the consent of the Monitor (based on its consideration of certain non-exhaustive factors enumerated under the proposed Initial Order) and the DIP Lender (as defined below), amounts owing for goods and services actually supplied to the Applicants prior to the date of the proposed Initial Order; and
- (g) granting the following charges (collectively, the "**Charges**") over the Applicants' current and future assets, undertakings and properties of every nature and kind whatsoever, and wherever situate, including all proceeds thereof (collectively, the "**Property**"):
 - (i) the Administration Charge (as defined below) up to a maximum amount of \$750,000;
 - (ii) the Directors' Charge (as defined below) up to a maximum amount of \$967,000; and
 - (iii) the DIP Lender's Charge (as defined below) up to a maximum amount of \$1,825,000.

4. If the proposed Initial Order is granted, the Applicants intend to bring a motion on November 17, 2022 (or such other date as the Court may advise) to seek (i) an order, *inter alia*,

approving a sale and investor solicitation process ("**SISP**"), and (ii) an amended and restated Initial Order (the "**Comeback Hearing**"), among other things:

- (a) extending the Initial Stay Period; and
- (b) increasing the maximum amount of certain of the Charges.

II. OVERVIEW

5. The Applicants, with the exception of Trichome, which is a direct subsidiary, are all indirect wholly owned subsidiaries of IM Cannabis Corp. ("**IMCC**"). IMCC is a publicly traded international cannabis company operating in Israel, Canada and Germany (the "**International Company**"). IMCC is not an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings.

6. IMCC focuses on providing premium cannabis products to both adult-use recreational consumers and medical patients. Its common shares trade on the NASDAQ Capital Market and the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol "IMCC". While IMCC is incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act*, S.B.C. 2002, c. 57, as amended (the "**BCBCA**"), and has a registered office in Vancouver, British Columbia, it is headquartered in Israel.

7. IMCC conducts its business operations in Canada through the Applicants. Through their licensed operating subsidiaries, the Applicants cultivate, process and sell premium and ultra-premium cannabis for the adult-use market in Canada. Collectively, the Applicants employ approximately 226 people who work predominantly at the Applicants' facilities in Kitchener, Ontario, and Antigonish, Nova Scotia (collectively, the "**Licensed Facilities**", and each a "**Licensed Facility**").

8. The Applicants have successfully positioned their "WAGNERS" and "Highland Grow" brands to become market leaders in the premium and ultra-premium dried flower and pre-roll segments in Canada (particularly in Ontario). The Applicants' efforts in this regard have resulted in growth in net revenue in the previous four quarters ended June 30, 2022 and the generation of consolidated net revenues of approximately \$12.9 million for the quarter ending June 30, 2022 (inclusive of revenues generated on sales to one of IMCC's Israeli subsidiaries). Contemporaneously with increasing their net revenues, the Applicants have also reduced operating losses through a combination of operational efficiencies, operating leverage and internal restructurings.

9. The Applicants' success in advancing the Canadian Business has, however, been impaired by their persistent and worsening liquidity issues. Following months of liquidity challenges, the Applicants are now facing a severe liquidity crisis, have limited cash on hand and are generally unable to meet their obligations as they become due. While the Applicants have been able to satisfy their recent payroll obligations, they have accrued significant accounts payable, the majority of which are overdue and owed to essential suppliers. Absent additional funding, the Applicants will be forced to immediately cease their operations.

10. In light of the Applicants' financial circumstances, TJAC is no longer able to satisfy the conditions precedent to obtaining further advances under its existing asset-based loan from Cortland Credit Lending Corporation ("**Cortland**"), in its capacity as administrative agent (in such capacity, the "**Agent**"), for and on behalf of the Applicants' senior secured lenders thereunder (collectively, the "**Lenders**"). However, the Applicants have engaged in discussions with the Agent regarding a consensual restructuring of the Canadian Business, including the sale or restructuring thereof pursuant to a Court-supervised SISP and other strategic transaction

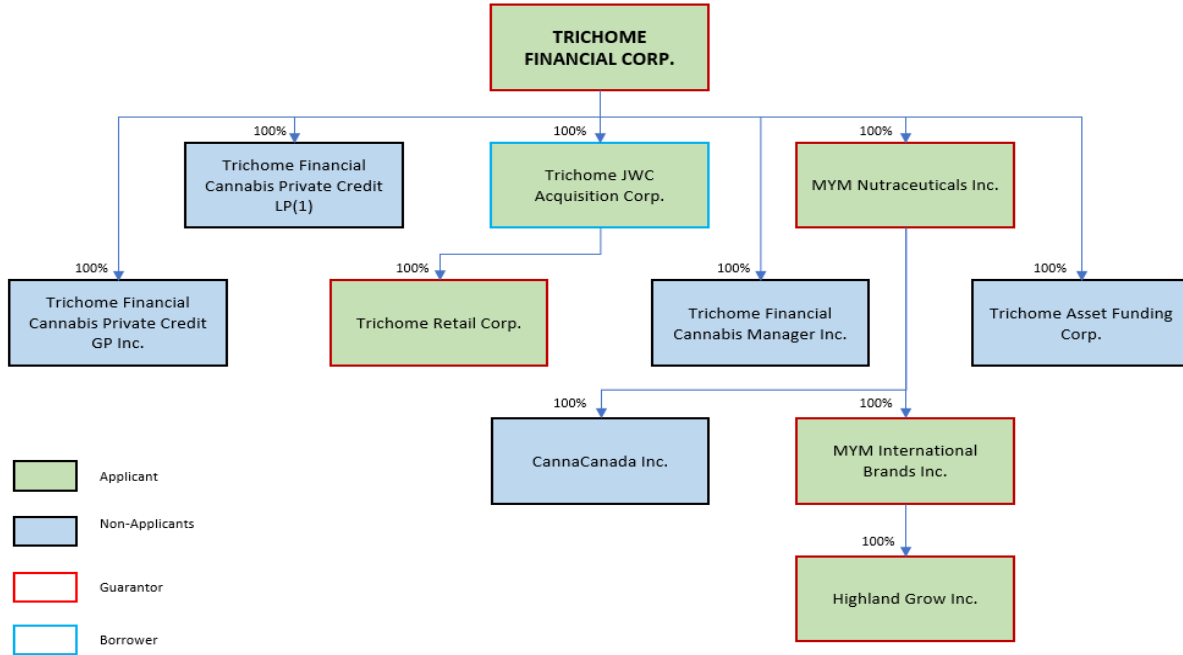
alternatives, in earnest. These discussions culminated in the proposed DIP Facility, which is in the maximum amount of \$4,875,000, and will provide the Applicants with sufficient liquidity to continue the Canadian Business in the ordinary course while the Applicants pursue their restructuring efforts.

11. These CCAA proceedings and the relief requested in the proposed Initial Order are in the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders, including the approximately 226 individuals employed by the Applicants. Given the Applicants' liquidity crisis, these CCAA proceedings present the only practical means of preserving and maximizing the value of the Canadian Business for the benefit of the Applicants' stakeholders.

III. CORPORATE STRUCTURE AND HISTORY

12. The Applicants in these CCAA proceedings are comprised of Trichome and five of its directly or indirectly wholly owned subsidiaries. Trichome's remaining four subsidiaries, together with one consolidated entity in which Trichome does not hold an equity interest but is required to consolidate for financial reporting purposes under the definition of control under IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, are not Applicants in these proceedings (collectively, the "**Non-Applicants**", and together with the Applicants, the "**Company**").

13. For clarity, below is an organizational chart with respect to the Company's corporate structure:



(1) Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP is considered a 100% owned subsidiary of Trichome Financial Corp. based on the requirements of IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. Trichome Financial Corp. does not own any equity in Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP.

14. A copy of the complete organizational chart with respect to the International Company effective as of August 2022 is attached hereto as **Exhibit "A"**. The Applicants, in respect of which relief is sought in the within application, are discussed below. Corporate profile reports for each of the Applicants are collectively attached hereto as **Exhibit "B"**.

A. Trichome

15. Trichome is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and as referenced above, is a wholly-owned subsidiary of IMCC. Trichome is also the direct or indirect parent of each of the remaining Applicants.

16. Trichome was incorporated pursuant to the provisions of the *Business Corporations Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. B. 16, as amended (the "**OBCA**"), on September 18, 2017 under the name "Trichome Income Fund Inc." Trichome Income Fund Inc.'s name was changed to "Trichome

Yield Corp." on September 22, 2017, and to "Trichome Financial Corp." on June 1, 2018. On October 4, 2019, Trichome amalgamated with 22 Capital Corp. and continued under the name "Trichome Financial Corp." Trichome's registered office is located at 79 Wellington Street, West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1N2.

17. Trichome began as a specialty finance company, providing capital solutions to the Canadian cannabis market. At inception, Trichome aimed to generate optimal risk-adjusted returns through investing shareholders' capital in Canada's then burgeoning cannabis industry. To this end, Trichome focused on providing secured loans to legal participants in the Canadian cannabis industry. Additionally, Trichome entered into accounts receivable financing facilities funded through Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP ("**Trichome LP**"), which was managed by Trichome.

18. While Trichome's strategy to serve as a specialty lender provided attractive rates of return on invested capital, Trichome sought to seize the opportunity to obtain better risk-adjusted returns through acquiring and restructuring cannabis assets. This opportunity was catalyzed by certain events of default occurring under a loan agreement dated February 19, 2019 (as amended and restated, the "**JWC Loan**"), between James E. Wagner Cultivation Corporation ("**JWC**") and Trichome. As discussed in detail below, JWC's default under the JWC Loan led to Trichome's acquisition of substantially all of the assets of JWC through Trichome's designee, TJAC (the "**JWC Acquisition**"), in consensual and Court-supervised restructuring proceedings commenced by JWC and its wholly-owned subsidiaries under the CCAA in April 2020 (the "**JWC CCAA Proceedings**").

19. On March 18, 2021, IMCC acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of Trichome (the common shares of which were previously traded on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol "TFC") pursuant to a statutory plan of arrangement under the OBCA (the "**Trichome Arrangement**"). Pursuant to the Trichome Arrangement, each former holder of Trichome's shares received 0.24525 common shares of IMCC for each Trichome share held (the "**Exchange Ratio**"), and each former holder of Trichome in-the-money convertible instruments received a net payment of IMCC's common shares based on the Exchange Ratio. In connection with the closing of the Trichome Arrangement, 10,104,901 common shares of IMCC were issued to Trichome's former shareholders and former holders of in-the-money convertible instruments, and Trichome's shares were delisted from the Canadian Securities Exchange.

B. TJAC

20. TJAC is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Trichome. TJAC is also the direct parent of TRC. TJAC was incorporated under the OBCA on May 7, 2020. Its registered office is located at 79 Wellington Street, West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1N2.

21. TJAC was incorporated to serve as Trichome's purchaser designee under an asset purchase agreement dated March 31, 2020 (the "**Stalking Horse Agreement**"), between JWC, James E. Wagner Cultivation Ltd., JWC 1 Ltd., JWC 2 Ltd., JWC Supply Ltd., and GrowthStorm Inc., as vendors (collectively, the "**JWC Vendors**") and Trichome, as purchaser. The Stalking Horse Agreement contemplated the sale of substantially all of the JWC Vendors' assets to Trichome (or its designee) within the JWC CCAA Proceedings.

22. Prior to the JWC CCAA Proceedings, JWC was a publicly-listed company whose common shares traded on the TSXV under the symbol "JWCA" and the OTC Market Group under the symbol "JWCAF". Collectively, the JWC Vendors operated a vertically integrated premium cannabis company focused on producing cannabis using their aeroponic platform. In addition to being the JWC Vendors' senior-secured lender under the JWC Loan, Trichome also provided DIP financing to the JWC Vendors (the "**JWC DIP**") to facilitate their continued business operations while a Court-approved SISP was conducted in the JWC CCAA Proceedings (the "**JWC SISP**").

23. The Stalking Horse Agreement was ultimately declared the successful bid in the JWC SISP and Trichome, together with TJAC, completed the transaction contemplated thereunder on August 28, 2020. In accordance with the Stalking Horse Agreement, Trichome paid the JWC Vendors approximately \$17.3 million, comprised of a credit bid, the assumption of certain of the JWC Vendors' obligations and cash in consideration for substantially all of the assets of the JWC Vendors, including, among other things:

- (a) the JWC Vendors' two leased cannabis facilities in Kitchener, Ontario;
- (b) certain of the JWC Vendors' biological assets and inventory;
- (c) all intellectual property owned or licensed by the JWC Vendors and used in relation to the JWC Vendors' business; and
- (d) the benefit of all contracts or other agreements not otherwise excluded under the terms of the Stalking Horse Agreement to which the JWC Vendors were party.

C. TRC

24. TRC is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of TJAC. TRC was incorporated on April 20, 2021 under the OBCA. Its registered office is located at 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 1J9. Since inception, TRC has not carried on any operations.

D. MYM

25. MYM is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Trichome. It is also the direct and indirect parent of MYMB and Highland, respectively. MYM was continued under the OBCA as of May 6, 2022. Its registered office is located at 79 Wellington Street, West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1N2.

26. MYM was originally incorporated under the BCBCA, on July 11, 2014 as "My Marijuana Canada Inc.". On September 19, 2014, MYM's common shares were listed for trading on the Canadian Securities Exchange under the symbol "MYM". On February 24, 2016, MYM changed its name from My Marijuana Canada Inc. to "MYM Nutraceuticals Inc."

27. Through a series of transactions completed on June 30, 2020, MYM acquired the remaining total issued and outstanding capital that it did not already own of CannaCanada Inc. ("**CannaCanada**") and SublimeCulture Inc. ("**Sublime**"). As a result, CannaCanada and Sublime became wholly-owned subsidiaries of MYM. After acquiring the remaining total issued and outstanding capital of CannaCanada and Sublime, MYM completed the acquisition of Highland on July 31, 2020. Following the completion of these acquisitions, MYM operated as a Canadian

cultivator, processor and distributor of premium cannabis through its licensed operating subsidiaries, Sublime and Highland.

28. On March 31, 2021, MYM, entered into an arrangement agreement (the "**MYM Arrangement Agreement**") with IMCC and Trichome. Among other things, the MYM Arrangement Agreement contemplated IMCC's acquisition, through Trichome, of all of the issued and outstanding common shares of MYM in exchange for common shares of IMCC by way of a statutory plan of arrangement under the BCBCA (the "**MYM Arrangement**").

29. The MYM Arrangement was completed on July 9, 2021. In accordance with the terms of the MYM Arrangement Agreement, each former holder of MYM's common shares received 0.022 common shares of IMCC for each MYM common share held (rounded down to each whole share), subject to adjustment. In-the-money convertible instruments of MYM were settled for a net payment of common shares of IMCC and replacement convertible instruments of IMCC were issued in exchange for out-of-the-money convertible instruments of MYM. In connection with the MYM Arrangement, 10,073,437 common shares of IMCC were issued to MYM's former shareholders.

30. Upon completion of the MYM Arrangement, MYM became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Trichome and the common shares of MYM were delisted from the Canadian Securities Exchange.

31. On April 1, 2022, MYM sold all of the shares of Sublime it held to TJAC in consideration for an intercompany promissory note in the principal amount of \$1.04 million issued by TJAC in favour of MYM (the "**Sublime Acquisition**"). The Sublime Acquisition was a strategic initiative aimed at positioning TJAC to be more competitive in its pursuit of a retail license in Quebec.

32. On August 5, 2022, all of the issued and outstanding shares of Sublime were sold by TJAC on an "as-is, where is" basis to a group of purchasers comprised predominantly of former members of Sublime's management team. As discussed below, this sale was part of the Applicants' concerted efforts to improve its financial position, conserve costs and restructure the Canadian Business.

E. MYMB

33. MYMB is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MYM as well as the direct parent of Highland. MYM was continued under the OBCA on May 4, 2022. Its registered office is located at 79 Wellington Street, West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, M5K 1N2.

34. MYMB was originally incorporated under the BCBCA on August 1, 2019. At inception, MYMB was intended to focus on the distribution of cannabidiol-rich consumer products. MYMB was maintained in the MYM Arrangement to preserve certain of its tax losses. MYMB does not currently carry on any operations.

F. Highland

35. Highland is an Applicant in these CCAA proceedings and is a wholly-owned subsidiary of MYMB. Highland was incorporated under the *Companies Act*, R.S.N.S. 1989, c. 81, as amended, on September 12, 2014. Its registered office is located at 302-5475 Spring Garden Road, Nova Scotia, Halifax, B3J 3T2.

36. Highland was formerly a wholly-owned subsidiary of Biome Grow Inc. ("**Biome**") until, as noted above, it was acquired by MYM on July 31, 2020 (the "**Highland Acquisition**"). The

total consideration paid for the Highland Acquisition was approximately \$12 million, consisting of, among other things:

- (a) \$1.5 million in cash;
- (b) 42,813,985 common shares in the capital of MYM at a per share price of \$0.065;
- (c) 132,551,040 class A special shares of MYMB; and
- (d) MYM's agreement to provide Biome with a loan in the principal amount of \$1 million (which could be, and was in fact, increased by the amount of certain assumed liabilities of Highland for an additional principal amount of \$1,664,141), bearing an annual interest rate of 17.5%, for a term of eighteen months, with an option to extend for an additional six months in Biome's sole discretion and upon the payment of an extension fee (the "**Biome Loan**").

G. The Non-Applicants

37. With the exception of CannaCanada, which is an indirect subsidiary, and Trichome LP, which is consolidated for financial reporting purposes as a result of the definition of control under IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements*, each of the Non-Applicants is a wholly-owned direct subsidiary of Trichome. The jurisdiction of incorporation or formation, as applicable, of each of the Non-Applicants is as follows:

- (a) *CannaCanada* – Quebec;
- (b) *Trichome Financial Cannabis GP Inc.* – Ontario;
- (c) *Trichome LP* – Ontario;

(d) *Trichome Asset Funding Corp.* – Ontario; and

(e) *Trichome Financial Cannabis Manager Inc.* – Ontario.

38. The Non-Applicants do not currently carry on any operations or have any material assets or liabilities. No relief is sought in respect of the Non-Applicants under the proposed Initial Order.

IV. BUSINESS OF THE APPLICANT

A. Cannabis Industry in Canada

39. The Canadian Business operates within Canada's rapidly evolving and highly regulated cannabis industry.

40. The *Cannabis Act*, S.C. 2018, c. 16, as amended (the "**Cannabis Act**") came into force on October 17, 2018, providing a framework for the legalization of adult-use cannabis in Canada. The Cannabis Act, and the regulations thereunder, govern the issuance of cultivation licenses for standard cultivation, industrial hemp cultivation, micro-cultivation and nursery cultivation as well as licenses for standard and micro-processing and sales licenses for medical or non-medical use. Canada's federal regulatory regime also imposes labeling and packaging restrictions for cannabis products and imposes strict requirements with respect to the possession, cultivation, production, distribution and sale of cannabis.

41. The provinces and territories of Canada are responsible for developing, implementing, maintaining and enforcing systems to oversee the distribution and sale of cannabis and cannabis accessory products within their respective province or territory. To date, all of the provinces and

territories of Canada have introduced regulatory regimes for the distribution and sale of cannabis for recreational purposes.

B. The Canadian Business

42. Trichome was created to address the lack of credit availability in the cannabis market and at inception, operated as a specialty finance company focused on providing tailored credit-based capital solutions to the Canadian and legal international cannabis industry. As the Canadian cannabis industry rationalized and consolidated, Trichome shifted its focus from specialty finance to acquiring cannabis assets at compelling valuations and financially and operationally restructuring such assets. This shift in focus was catalyzed by JWC's default under the JWC Loan, which ultimately resulted in the JWC Acquisition in the JWC CCAA Proceedings.

43. As noted previously, pursuant to the JWC Acquisition, Trichome through its wholly-owned subsidiary, TJAC, acquired substantially all of the assets of JWC and became licensed by Health Canada on August 28, 2020. Further, the JWC Acquisition resulted in Trichome, through TJAC, obtaining control of two of the Licensed Facilities, as well as certain biological assets, inventory on hand, and registered or applied for patents, trademarks and other intellectual property.

44. TJAC is now one of Trichome's two operating subsidiaries through which the Canadian Business is conducted. TJAC holds a Standard Cultivation, Standard Processing and Sale for Medical Purposes license in respect of the Trillium Facility and a Standard Cultivation and Standard Processing license in respect of the Manitou Facility (each as defined below). TJAC focuses on the cultivation, processing and sale of premium cannabis for the adult-use market in Canada under the "WAGNERS" brand. It has provincial supply agreements or similar arrangements and authorizations to sell cannabis in all provinces and territories across Canada,

except Nunavut. Its active product listings include premium dried flower, pre-rolls, infused pre-rolls and hash.

45. Highland is Trichome's second operating subsidiary. Highland became an indirect subsidiary of Trichome pursuant to the MYM Arrangement. Highland holds a single Standard Cultivation, Standard Processing and Sale for Medical Purposes license in respect of the Highland Facility (as defined below). It has traditionally focused on the cultivation, processing and sale of ultra-premium cannabis for the adult-use market in Canada under the "Highland Grow" brand. Highland's products have generally been sold to provincially-owned cannabis or third party intermediary wholesalers in the Northwest Territories, Nunavut, Yukon, British Columbia, Alberta, Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Ontario, New Brunswick, Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia and Newfoundland and Labrador.

46. While TJAC and Highland operate the Licensed Facilities, Trichome centrally manages all aspects of the Canadian Business from Ontario. This includes managing the Company's financial position, cash management, and strategic and other decision-making.

C. Leased Facilities and Real Property

47. TJAC leases two of the Licensed Facilities while the remaining Licensed Facility is owned by MYMB. MYM leases office space.

1. The Trillium Facility

48. TJAC leases a 15,000 sq. ft. processing and packaging facility located at 855 Trillium Drive, Unit B, Kitchener, Ontario, N2R 1J9 (the "**Trillium Facility**"). No cultivation occurs at the Trillium Facility. James E. Wagner Cultivation Ltd. entered into the lease for the Trillium Facility

on December 13, 2013 (the "**Original Trillium Lease**"). The term of the Trillium Lease originally ended on March 31, 2021, at which time James E. Wagner Cultivation Ltd. was entitled to exercise an option to renew the Trillium Lease for an additional five years, subject to certain conditions.

49. The Trillium Lease was assigned to TJAC upon the closing of the JWC Acquisition on August 28, 2020. Pursuant to a renewal agreement of lease dated November 25, 2020 (together with the Original Trillium Lease, the "**Trillium Lease**"), TJAC renewed the term of the Original Trillium Lease effective April 1, 2021, for five years until March 31, 2026.

50. As of the date of this affidavit, the monthly base rent due under the Trillium Lease is \$9,625.50, and the monthly common area expenses are approximately \$3,850. TJAC is currently in arrears with respect to the Trillium Lease having failed to pay November rent.

2. The Manitou Facility

51. TJAC leases a 345,000 sq. ft. cultivation facility located at 530 Manitou Drive, Kitchener, Ontario, N2C 1L3 (the "**Manitou Facility**"). The Manitou Facility is the Applicants' only cultivation facility. TJAC only uses approximately 115,000 sq. ft. of the Manitou Facility and as such, has been seeking to sublet the remainder.

52. James E. Wagner Cultivation Ltd. entered into an amended and restated lease agreement for the Manitou Facility on February 1, 2018 (the "**Manitou Lease**"). The Manitou Lease was assigned to TJAC upon the closing of the JWC Acquisition and has a term of fifteen years, expiring on January 31, 2033.

53. The Manitou Lease is subject to a phased rent schedule. The monthly base rent due is currently \$169,861.28, and the monthly common area maintenance and insurance expenses are

approximately \$73,803. As of the date of this affidavit, the Applicants are in arrears with respect to the Manitou Lease having failed to pay November rent. The landlord under the Manitou Lease currently holds a \$600,000 security deposit as security for the performance by TJAC of all of the terms, covenants and conditions of the Manitou Lease.

3. The Highland Facility

54. MYMB owns a 6,500 sq. ft. processing and packaging facility located at 861 Ohio East Road, Antigonish, Nova Scotia, B2G 2K8, which has an additional nineteen acres of attached farmland (the "**Highland Facility**").

55. To conserve costs in the Canadian Business the Applicants have ceased all cultivation at the Highland Facility and centralized all of the Canadian Business' cultivation at the Manitou Facility. The Highland Facility continues to be used for processing and packaging purposes.

4. Leased Office Space

56. Until recently, Trichome leased office space located at 1027 Yonge Street, Toronto, Ontario, M4W 2K9 pursuant to a sublease dated July 9, 2021 (the "**Toronto Office Lease**"). The Toronto Office Lease was on a month-to-month basis and had a monthly rent of \$10,170. The term of the Toronto Office Lease expired on October 31, 2022 and Trichome provided the requisite notice to its landlord that it did not intend to extend the Toronto Office Lease. As of the date of this affidavit, Trichome is three months in arrears in respect of the Toronto Office Lease. However, the landlord is currently holding the cumulative gross rent applicable for the first and last monthly period of the term of the lease, which amount was provided to the landlord in connection with Trichome's execution of the Toronto Office Lease.

57. MYM leases office space located at 1095 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, V6E 2M6, pursuant to a lease dated April 13, 2018 (the "**Vancouver Office Lease**"). The Vancouver Office Lease has a term of five years, expiring on June 30, 2023 and a monthly rent of approximately \$10,568. As of the date of this affidavit, MYM is three months in arrears in respect of the Vancouver Office Lease.

D. Employees

58. The Applicants currently employ approximately 226 people and engage 12 consultants subject to consulting arrangements. Certain of the Applicants' employees are designated responsible persons or possess the security clearances required under the Cannabis Act and the regulations thereunder to operate the Canadian Business. Such persons are essential to the Canadian Business.

59. Additional details regarding the Applicants' employees and consultants, including their location and designation, is set out in the table below:

Employee Designation	Trillium Facility	Manitou Facility	Highland Facility	Overhead Corporate¹	MYM	Trichome	Total
Full Time (Hourly)	25	46	24	1	N/A	N/A	96
Full Time (Salaried)	15	41	11	54	1	8	130
Consultant	1	N/A	1	6	4	N/A	12
Total	41	87	36	61	5	8	238

60. All of the Applicants' salaried and hourly employees are paid bi-weekly. The Applicants' aggregate bi-weekly payroll obligations are approximately \$491,000 for their salaried and hourly

¹ These are individuals who are employed at one of the Leased Facilities, but their time is dedicated to more than one of the Applicants.

employees, consisting of approximately \$51,000 paid by Trichome, approximately \$380,000 paid by TJAC and approximately \$60,000 paid by MYM. As of the date of this affidavit, (i) TJAC and MYM are current on their payroll obligations, including all source deductions and (ii) Trichome is current on its bi-weekly payroll obligations but, is in arrears on certain of its consulting fees and with respect to the Withholding Tax (as defined and discussed below).

61. The Applicants' employees are non-unionized and there are no pension, retirement or deferred compensation plans for their benefit. Through their benefits provider, Green Shield Canada, the Applicants sponsor a group benefit plan offering health care, dental care, short-term disability and long-term disability benefits for all of their salaried and hourly employees.

62. The Applicants do not maintain a formal pre-determined compensation plan for their named executive officers (collectively, the "**NEOs**"). Rather, the Applicants informally evaluate the NEOs' performance when determining compensation. The NEOs compensation generally consists of a base salary, short-term cash incentives and long-term equity incentives. Certain of the NEOs are parties to employment contracts that entitle such NEOs to prescribed pay and/or benefits in the event of termination without cause.

63. As indicated above, the Applicants engage twelve consultants pursuant to consulting agreements or arrangements (collectively, the "**Consultants**"), six of which hold critical roles with the Applicants and are integral to the Canadian Business. Generally, the Consultants are paid agreed upon monthly consulting fees. As at October 28, 2022, approximately \$500,000 is owing to the Consultants.

E. Suppliers

64. The Applicants rely on vendors, third-party suppliers and service providers to conduct the Canadian Business in the ordinary course. The Applicants are not current with respect to their obligations to certain of their vendors, third-party suppliers and service providers. As of November 1, 2022, the Applicants' invoiced trade accounts payable was approximately \$7.7 million, of which approximately \$7.4 million was past due.

65. The Applicants' inability to pay their vendors, third-party suppliers and service providers in the ordinary course has negatively impacted the Canadian Business. Specifically, the Applicants have been unable to purchase cannabis from third-party suppliers and fulfill numerous hard pipeline purchase orders. This resulted in a loss of revenue of approximately \$2 million in the third quarter of 2022 as compared to the Applicants' budget for such period. The Applicants' inability to purchase cannabis from third-party suppliers and fulfill purchase orders is expected to negatively affect the Applicants' revenue in the fourth quarter of 2022 and thereafter. The Applicants' acute liquidity issues have likewise adversely impacted the Applicants' capacity to, among other things, cultivate and sell cannabis and provide outside testing services.

66. In the case of service providers, the Applicants' liquidity issues have prompted opportunistic behaviour by certain delivery services, causing the Applicants' cannabis to be held in abeyance pending immediate payment of the Applicants' arrears. In addition, Kitchener Wilmot Hydro, one of TJAC's critical utility service providers, has advised that both the Trillium Facility's and the Manitou Facility's hydro will be disconnected in light of the Applicants' existing arrears in the amount of approximately \$273,300 between November 7, 2022 and November 20, 2022. Such

a result would be catastrophic to the value of the Applicants' inventory and expected yield in the coming weeks of approximately 200kg of cannabis.

F. Excise Duty and Other Tax Obligations

67. The Applicants are liable for certain excise duties, sales taxes and withholding taxes. Each is discussed below.

1. Excise Duty

68. As of October 31, 2022, the Applicants had approximately \$847,000 in excise tax arrears net of cash security and a surety bond (the "**Excise Arrears**").

69. Cannabis producers are required to post security pursuant to the *Excise Act, 2001*, S.C. 2002, c. 22, as amended. The security provides the Canada Revenue Agency ("**CRA**") with financial assurance for any outstanding excise duty. The security can be posted in the form of a surety bond or a deposit with the CRA. Details regarding the Applicants' security posted with the CRA and the Excise Arrears are set out in the table below:

Balance/Security Type	Approximate Amount
Applicants' Accrued Excise Duty Balances Owing (arrears and accrued as at October 28, 2022)	\$2,061,000 ² (X)
Highland's Surety Bond Value Held as Security for Excise Duty	\$300,000 (Y)
TJAC's Deposits with the CRA Held as Security for Excise Duty	\$533,000 (Z)
Approximate net Excise Duty Balance Owing (net of Surety Bond and Deposits Held as Security)	\$1,228,000 (X-Y-Z)

² Of this balance, approximately \$1,250,000 is in arrears.

70. As illustrated in the Cash Flow Forecast (as defined and discussed below), the Applicants intend to pay the Excise Arrears during these CCAA proceedings.

2. Sales Taxes

71. As at the date of this affidavit, TJAC and TFC are one month in arrears on sales taxes payable in the amount of approximately \$41,000 and \$49,000, respectively. Similarly, MYM and Highland are two months in arrears on sales taxes payable in the amount of approximately \$120,000 and \$59,000, respectively, as at the date of this affidavit.

72. As indicated within the Cash Flow Forecast, TJAC, TFC and MYM intend to pay their sales tax arrears during these CCAA proceedings.

3. Withholding Taxes

73. Trichome records a liability for withholding tax in the approximate amount of \$5.3 million (excluding interest and late penalties) arising from the Trichome Arrangement (the "**Withholding Tax**"). Certain of the common shares of IMCC issued in connection with the Trichome Arrangement were withheld in accounts owned by Trichome to satisfy the Withholding Tax upon expiration of the applicable lock-up period (the "**Share Holdback**").

74. As at the date of this affidavit, the majority of the Withholding Tax remains outstanding. Further details regarding the Withholding Tax and the Share Holdback can be found in IMCC's management's discussion and analysis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 (the "**MD&A**") and IMCC's audited consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2021 (the "**IMCC Audited Financial Statements**"). Copies of the MD&A and IMCC Audited Financial Statements are attached hereto as **Exhibits "C"** and **"D"**, respectively.

G. Cash Management System and Credit Cards

75. The Applicants utilize a manual cash management system to collect, manage and distribute funds used in the Canadian Business (the "**Cash Management System**"). As part of the Cash Management System, the Applicants maintain the following bank accounts:

Applicant	Accounts	Currency
Trichome	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 2 Chequing Accounts with ATB Financial ▪ 1 Chequing Account with Alterna Savings and Credit Union Limited ▪ 1 Membership Shares Account with Alterna Savings and Credit Union Ltd. ▪ 2 Guaranteed Investment Certificates with ATB Financial (Considered restricted cash held for security against credit cards issued to the Applicants) 	(CAD)
TJAC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1 Chequing Account with Alterna Savings and Credit Union Ltd. 	(CAD)
MYM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 3 Demand Deposit Accounts with Bank of Montreal 	(CAD)
Highland	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ 1 Demand Deposit Account with Bank of Montreal ▪ 1 Chequing Account with East Coast Credit Union Limited ▪ 1 Equity Share Account with East Coast Credit Union Limited 	(CAD)

76. Trichome also maintains two investment accounts with Cormark Securities Inc., an inactive account with Olympia Trust Company and one investment account with Cannacord Genuity Corp. With the exception of one of Trichome's investment accounts with Cormark Securities Inc., the aforementioned investment accounts are in Canadian currency. Cash received from customers in the ordinary course of business is deposited in deposit accounts held by TJAC and MYM, and is thereafter directed to Cortland. Such amounts cannot be used directly to fund the Canadian Business as they are held to be remitted to Cortland.

77. The Cash Management System gives the Applicants the ability to efficiently and accurately track and control corporate funds and ensure cash availability. The Applicants require the

continued use of the Cash Management System during these CCAA proceedings. Accordingly, the proposed Initial Order authorizes the Applicants to continue to use the Cash Management System and to maintain their existing funding and banking arrangements.

78. The Applicants also have 8 credit cards (collectively, the "**Credit Cards**"), which have been provided to certain of their employees for departmental and personal business expenses incurred on behalf of the Applicants, including paying third parties where required. The maximum combined credit limit of the Credit Cards is \$80,000. As of October 31, 2022, approximately \$37,900 is owing under the Credit Cards.

H. Intellectual Property

79. TJAC holds several registered or applied for patents, trademarks and other intellectual property, which were acquired in the JWC Acquisition. MYM likewise holds several registered or applied for patents, trademarks and other intellectual property. Certain of the aforementioned intellectual property is not material to the Canadian Business. The Applicants have not taken steps to maintain or have otherwise abandoned their non-material intellectual property.

V. FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE APPLICANT

80. As at the date of this affidavit, the Applicants have approximately \$0.3 million in cash on hand not restricted for the Agent.

81. A copy of the Company's internally prepared unaudited consolidated balance sheet for the six months ended June 30, 2022 (the "**Consolidated Balance Sheet**") is attached hereto as **Exhibit "E"**. Certain of the information contained within the Consolidated Balance Sheet is discussed below.

A. Assets

82. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had total assets with a book value of approximately \$113.8 million. The Company's assets, as at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Assets	Book Value
Cash	\$2,462,934
Receivables and Recoverable Balances	\$10,764,215
Prepaid Expenses and Deposits	\$2,019,124
Inventory	\$10,767,816
Biological Assets	\$1,490,622
Other Current Assets	\$28,228
Loans Receivable	\$686,402
Intangible Assets and Goodwill	\$55,751,795
Property, Plant, and Equipment	\$15,969,485
Right of Use Assets (Leases under IFRS 16)	\$13,914,548
Total Assets	\$113,855,168

83. The realizable value of certain categories of the Company's assets would reasonably be expected to be less than the book value of such assets, and in some cases, significantly less.

B. Liabilities

84. As at June 30, 2022, the Company had total liabilities with a book value of approximately \$124.8 million. The Company's primary liabilities, as at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

Liabilities	Book Value
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$19,705,157
Deferred Revenues - Intercompany with IMCC	\$150,000
Intercompany Payable with IMCC	
IMCC Promissory Note and Accrued Interest Owing	\$10,272,767
IFRS 3 Purchase Consideration and Transaction Fees	\$63,994,172
Intercompany Balance Owing From Focus (Israeli Subsidiary) for Purchased Product	\$(99,204)
Other Intercompany Balances	\$(610,662)
Lease Liabilities	\$15,385,662
Loans Payable	\$12,107,067

Liabilities	Book Value
Deferred Tax Liability	\$3,866,079
Total Liabilities	\$124,771,038

85. As discussed in greater detail below, each of the Applicants is an Obligor under the ABL Agreement (each as defined below) and as such, has liabilities in excess of \$5 million.

C. Secured Debt

86. The Applicants' primary secured debt obligations consist of amounts owing under the ABL Agreement and the Secured Trichome Loans (as defined below). The ABL Agreement and the Secured Trichome Loans are discussed immediately below.

1. The ABL Agreement

87. On May 14, 2021, TJAC entered into a credit agreement (the "**Original ABL Agreement**") among Cortland, in its capacity as the Agent for the Lenders, TJAC, as borrower, and Trichome, as the initial guarantor. Pursuant to an instrument of assumption and joinder dated August 27, 2021 (the "**Joinder**"), Highland, MYM, MYMB and TRC (collectively, the "**Guarantors**", and together with TJAC and Trichome, the "**Obligors**") also became parties to the Original ABL Agreement. On that same date, the Original ABL Agreement was amended pursuant to an amending agreement no. 1 (and as further amended by an amending agreement no. 2 dated March 31, 2022, the "**ABL Agreement**"). A redacted copy of the ABL Agreement (inclusive of the amendments thereto) and a copy of the Joinder are attached hereto as **Exhibits "F"** and **"G"**, respectively.

88. Among other things, the ABL Agreement provides for a revolving credit facility in a maximum principal amount not to exceed \$15 million (the "**Total Commitment**"). Pursuant to the ABL Agreement, the proceeds of the revolving credit facility are to be used to finance the Obligors'

working capital requirements and other ordinary course payables. Amounts advanced under the ABL Agreement bear interest at a rate per annum equal to the greater of (i) 9.75% and (ii) the TD Prime Rate, plus 7.30%, due and payable in arrears in cash on the last day of each calendar month. In consideration for making the revolving credit facility available to TJAC, the Agent is entitled to, among other fees and reimbursements, a utilization fee of 2.4% per annum, calculated daily and payable on the last business day of each month on the unused portion of the Total Commitment.

89. The total advances under the revolving credit facility cannot exceed, at any given time, the lesser of (i) the Borrowing Base Amount (as defined in the ABL Agreement) and (ii) the Total Commitment (the "**Borrowing Limit**"). TJAC must make written requests for advances under the revolving credit facility that are attended by, among other things, a borrowing base certificate evidencing that the loan advance request does not exceed the Borrowing Limit.

90. The initial term of the ABL Agreement ends on May 14, 2023 (the "**Initial Term**"). The Initial Term may be extended for up to two additional periods of 180 days each with the mutual agreement of TJAC and the Agent no later than thirty days prior to the end of the Initial Term, subject to the continued satisfactory performance of the Obligor's obligations under the ABL Agreement and other transaction documents.

91. As of October 28, 2022, approximately \$4.73 million of principal is owing to the Agent under the ABL Agreement. As of November 1, 2022, there was an additional \$79,000 of interest accrued month-to-date.

92. As general and continuing security for the payment and performance of all of TJAC's present and future indebtedness and other obligations to the Agent and the Lenders under the ABL

Agreement (collectively, the "**Cortland Debt**"), the following security (collectively, the "**Security**") was provided to the Agent:

- (a) a general security agreement dated May 14, 2021, pursuant to which Trichome and TJAC granted a continuing security interest in favour of the Agent, for the benefit of the Agent and the Lenders, in, among other things, all of their present and after acquired personal property;
- (b) a supplement to general security agreement dated August 27, 2021, pursuant to which each of the additional Guarantors, among other things, granted a security interest in favour of the Agent, for the benefit of the Agent and the Lenders, in certain pledged equity interests held by such Guarantor (the "**Pledged Securities**"), all cash, instruments and other property received, receivable or otherwise distributed in exchange for any and all such Pledged Securities and all other collateral relating to the Pledged Securities;
- (c) a guarantee dated May 14, 2021 (the "**Initial Guarantee**"), pursuant to which Trichome, among other things, guaranteed payment to the Agent and the Lenders of (i) all present and future, direct and indirect, contingent and absolute obligations and liabilities of TJAC to the Agent and the Lenders arising under or in connection with the ABL Agreement and the Security Agreements (as defined in the ABL Agreement) and (ii) all other obligations of TJAC to the Agent and the Lenders that Trichome may from time to time acknowledge in writing are guaranteed under the Initial Guarantee (collectively, the "**Guaranteed Obligations**");

- (d) a supplement to guarantee dated August 27, 2021, pursuant to which each of the additional Guarantors, among other things, unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed the prompt payment and performance to the Agent of all of the Guaranteed Obligations;
- (e) a Canadian patent security agreement dated May 14, 2021, pursuant to which TJAC granted a security interest in favour of the Agent in all of its right, title and interest in, to and under all (i) of its Canadian patents and all renewals and extensions thereof and (ii) all income, royalties, proceeds and liabilities at any time due or payable or asserted under and with respect any of the foregoing;
- (f) a Canadian trademark security agreement dated May 14, 2021, pursuant to which TJAC granted a security interest in favour of the Agent in all of its right, title and interest in, to and under all (i) of its Canadian trademarks and all renewals and extensions thereof, (ii) all goodwill of the business conducted with or symbolized by such trademarks, and (iii) all income, royalties, proceeds and liabilities at any time due or payable or asserted under and with respect any of the foregoing;
- (g) a Canadian trademark security agreement dated August 27, 2021, pursuant to which MYM granted a security interest in favour of the Agent in all of its right, title and interest in, to and under all (i) of its Canadian trademarks and all renewals and extensions thereof, (ii) all goodwill of the business conducted with or symbolized by such trademarks, and (iii) all income, royalties, proceeds and liabilities at any time due or payable or asserted under and with respect any of the foregoing;

- (h) a transfer and assignment of insurance dated May 14, 2021, pursuant to which Trichome and TJAC transferred and assigned to the Agent all sums of money that may become payable to Trichome and/or TJAC by any insurance policies maintained by them; and
- (i) a transfer and assignment of insurance dated August 27, 2021, pursuant to which each of the Guarantors transferred and assigned to the Agent all sums of money that may become payable to such Guarantor by any insurance policies maintained by it.

93. Copies of each of the foregoing elements comprising the Security are attached hereto as **Exhibits "H" - "P"**.

94. In connection with the ABL Agreement, IMCC entered into a postponement agreement dated August 27, 2021 (the "**Postponement Agreement**"). Pursuant to the Postponement Agreement, IMCC agreed to defer and postpone the Obligors' payment of all present and future indebtedness and other obligations to IMCC (collectively, the "**IMCC Debt**") to the Cortland Debt, except as otherwise permitted under the ABL Agreement or by the Agent. As security for the Cortland Debt, IMCC assigned and transferred the IMCC Debt to the Agent pursuant to the Postponement Agreement. A copy of the Postponement Agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit "Q"**.

95. TJAC is currently in breach of certain terms of the ABL Agreement. Namely TJAC has failed to:

- (a) maintain a Debt Service Coverage Ratio (as defined in the ABL Agreement) of not less than 2:1 (the "**Debt Service Covenant**");

- (b) promptly, and in any event within three business days of providing notice of a Borrowing Base Shortfall (as defined in the ABL Agreement), repay the outstanding principal amount of all loan advances under the ABL Agreement by an amount required to reduce the aggregate principal amount thereof to an amount less than or equal to the Borrowing Limit (the "**Paydown Covenant Breach**"); and
- (c) comply with certain other representations, warranties and covenants under the ABL Agreement (collectively, the "**Additional Breaches**"), including, among others, TJAC's solvency and tax remittance.

96. Pursuant to a limited waiver agreement dated August 3, 2022 between the Agent and the Obligors (the "**August Limited Waiver**"), the Agent, on behalf of the Lenders, waived the Debt Service Covenant breach until September 30, 2022. On September 26, 2022 the Agent and the Obligors executed an additional limited waiver agreement (the "**September Limited Waiver**") pursuant to which the Agent, on behalf of the Lenders, waived the Paydown Covenant Breach and any Event of Default (as defined in the ABL Agreement) arising therefrom on the terms of the Limited Waiver. The September Limited Waiver does not provide a similar waiver of the Additional Breaches, including TJAC's continued breach of the Debt Service Covenant, nor any Event of Default resulting therefrom. Copies of the August Limited Wavier and the September Limited Waiver are collectively attached hereto as **Exhibit "R"**.

2. The Secured Trichome Loans

97. Upon closing the JWC Acquisition, approximately \$7 million of the then outstanding JWC DIP was assumed in the form of a secured convertible debenture dated August 28, 2020 issued by TJAC in favour of Trichome, as amended by a first amendment to secured convertible debenture

dated July 20, 2022 (as amended, the "**Secured Debenture**"). The balance of the JWC DIP, plus TJAC's anticipated future funding requirements were funded by way of a secured grid promissory note dated August 28, 2020 issued by TJAC in favour of Trichome (the "**Secured Promissory Note**", and together with the Secured Debenture, the "**Secured Trichome Loans**"). Copies of the Secured Promissory Note and the Secured Debenture are attached hereto as **Exhibits "S"** and **"T"**, respectively.

98. All advances under both the Secured Promissory Note and the Secured Debenture bear interest at a rate of 1% per annum, payable quarterly within ten business days of the first day of January, March, June and September each year. The Secured Promissory Note matured on August 28, 2022 and TJAC's indebtedness thereunder remains outstanding. The Secured Debenture matures on August 28, 2024 or such earlier date as the principal amount advanced thereunder may become due and payable.

99. As of September 30, 2022, approximately \$20.6 million (inclusive of accrued interest) and approximately \$7.1 million (inclusive of accrued interest) are owing to Trichome under the Secured Promissory Note and the Secured Debenture, respectively.

100. The following security was granted pursuant to the terms of the Secured Trichome Loans:

- (a) as continuing security for the payment of all amounts owing under the Secured Promissory Note, TJAC granted a security interest in favour of Trichome in, among other things, all of its present and future undertaking and all personal property in which TJAC at any time has any right, title or interest but, excluding any consumer goods; and

- (b) as continuing security for the payment of all amounts owing under the Secured Debenture, TJAC granted a security interest in favour of Trichome in, among other things, all of its present and future undertaking and all personal property in which TJAC at any time has any right, title or interest but, excluding any consumer goods.

101. Although the ABL Agreement contemplates the provision of a postponement, subordination and standstill agreement from Trichome in respect of any debt owed to it by TJAC, no such stand-alone agreement was executed. However, pursuant to the Initial Guarantee payment of all present and future obligations of TJAC to Trichome are to be postponed to the payment of the Cortland Debt. Further, all security interests held by Trichome for the payment of all present and future obligations of TJAC are to be subordinated to all present and future security interests held by the Agent in respect of the Guaranteed Obligations. Under the Initial Guarantee, this subordination is effective notwithstanding the order of execution, delivery, registration or perfection of such security interests, the order of advancement of funds, the order of crystallization of security, or any other matter that may affect the relative priority of such security interests.

3. Other Secured Obligations

102. Copies of the results of searches conducted against the Applicants under the *Personal Property Security Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. P.10, as amended (the "**Ontario PPSA**") effective September 18, 2022 and September 19, 2022, as applicable, are collectively attached hereto as hereto as **Exhibit "U"**. A copy of the results of a search conducted against Highland under the *Personal Property Security Act*, 1995-96, c. 13, s. 1, as amended (the "**Nova Scotia PPSA**") effective September 21, 2022, is attached hereto as hereto as **Exhibit "V"**.

103. The Ontario PPSA and the Nova Scotia PPSA search results disclose registrations against each of the Applicants in favour of the Agent. The Ontario PPSA search results also disclose (i) two registrations against TJAC in favour of Trichome in connection with the Secured Trichome Loans and (ii) one registration against TJAC in favour of Kempenfelt, a Division of Bennington Financial Corp., in connection with a forklift leased by TJAC.

D. Unsecured Debt

1. The Applicants' Indebtedness to IMCC

104. The Applicants have previously engaged in intercompany transactions with IMCC in the ordinary course of their business, giving rise to intercompany receivables and payables. In addition to its previous ordinary course intercompany transactions, IMCC has provided an unsecured loan to Trichome pursuant to a grid promissory note dated June 28, 2021 (the "**IMCC Promissory Note**"). A copy of the IMCC Promissory Note is attached hereto as **Exhibit "W"**.

105. The aggregate outstanding principal amount of all advances to Trichome under the IMCC Promissory Note bears interest at 5% per annum until such principal amount is repaid in full, accruing on a monthly basis and payable both before and after maturity, default or judgment. The principal amount advanced under the IMCC Promissory Note, together with all unpaid interest, was due and payable in full on June 28, 2022.

106. As of September 30, 2022, approximately \$12.5 million (inclusive of accrued interest) was owing by Trichome to IMCC under the IMCC Promissory Note.

2. Other Intercompany Indebtedness

107. In the ordinary course of business, the Applicants frequently engage in intercompany transactions resulting in the creation of intercompany receivables and payables. Generally, these intercompany balances are eliminated on the consolidation of the Applicants' financial results. TJAC and Highland, as the Applicants' operating subsidiaries, also pay management fees to certain of the other Applicants in the ordinary course of business.

108. In addition to the aforementioned ordinary course intercompany transactions, Trichome has provided unsecured and interest free financing to MYM. Principally, this financing has funded operational costs for Highland and prior to its sale, Sublime. As at September 30, 2022, approximately \$3.9 million is owing to Trichome by MYM.

109. As referenced above, in connection with the Sublime Acquisition, TJAC issued an unsecured and interest free promissory note dated April 1, 2022 in the principal amount of \$1.04 million in favour of MYM (the "**TJAC Promissory Note**"). Pursuant to its terms, TJAC is permitted to repay the principal amount owing under the TJAC Promissory Note at any time or from time to time. A copy of the TJAC Promissory Note is attached hereto as **Exhibit "X"**.

3. Employee Liabilities

110. As discussed above, the Applicants' bi-weekly payroll obligations are approximately \$491,000 for their salaried and hourly employees. While the Applicants are current with respect to their payment of payroll and the remittance of employee source deductions, save for certain consulting fees and the Withholding Tax, their ability to meet their future payroll obligations,

including on November 8, 2022, is contingent on the granting of the relief sought in the proposed Initial Order.

4. Other Noteworthy Unsecured Claims

111. In addition to the aforementioned unsecured obligations, the Applicants have the following noteworthy claims:

- (a) *Accounts Payable* – As noted above, as of November 1, 2022, the Applicants' invoiced trade accounts payable balance to vendors, third party suppliers and service providers was approximately \$7.7 million, of which approximately \$7.4 million is overdue.
- (b) *Excise, Sales and Withholding Taxes* – As previously discussed, as of October 31, 2022, the Applicants had approximately \$847,000 in excise tax arrears (net of deposits and a surety bond), approximately \$268,000 in sales tax arrears, and approximately \$5.3 million in Withholding Tax.
- (c) *Outstanding Professional Fees* – The Applicants are currently indebted to certain of their professional advisors retained prior to, and for purposes other than, these CCAA proceedings.

5. Litigation Matters

112. On March 12, 2021, MYM filed a notice of civil claim in the Supreme Court of British Columbia against Robert Gietl in respect of a loan advanced to Mr. Gietl. A trial of the action was

initially scheduled for October, 2022, but has been adjourned until December 4, 2023. As at the date of this affidavit, this action remains unresolved.

113. On May 3, 2022, MYM filed an application in the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) for the appointment of a receiver and manager over the assets, undertaking and properties of Biome and its subsidiary, Cultivator, in connection with a default under the Biome Loan (the "**Receivership Application**"). On September 9, 2022, MYM entered into a settlement term sheet (the "**Biome Settlement**") with Biome and Cultivator pursuant to which, among other things, the maturity date of the Biome Loan was extended to December 9, 2023. On September 12, 2022, the Honourable Madam Justice Conway issued an endorsement (the "**Biome Endorsement**") adjourning the Receivership Application pending implementation of the Biome Settlement. As at the date of this affidavit, the balance of the Biome Loan, inclusive of accrued interest, is approximately \$2.9 million. A copy of the Biome Endorsement is attached hereto as **Exhibit "Y"**.

VI. EVENTS PRECEDING THESE CCAA PROCEEDINGS

114. Since the JWC Acquisition, the Applicants have materially grown the Canadian Business and positioned their "WAGNERS" and "Highland Grow" brands to become market leaders in the premium and ultra-premium dried flower and pre-roll segments in Canada. Notwithstanding the growth of the Canadian Business and the Applicants' increase in net revenue over the previous four quarters ended June 30, 2022, and reduced operating losses, the Applicants have been unable to resolve their pernicious liquidity issues. Over the last several months, the Applicants have made numerous concerted efforts to improve their financial position, conserve costs and restructure the

Canadian Business, in consultation and with the approval of IMCC. These efforts have included, among other things:

- (a) ceasing all cultivation at the Highland Facility and centralizing the Canadian Business' cultivation at the Trillium Facility and the Manitou Facility;
- (b) maximizing efficiencies in the Applicants' workforce by (i) reducing headcount and (ii) terminating certain employees needed on a part-time basis and moving such employees to consulting contracts, with a view to reducing the Applicants' aggregate payroll expenses by approximately \$2 million per annum;
- (c) selling all of the issued and outstanding shares of Sublime, which was consistently losing money, on an "as-is, where is" basis to a group of purchasers comprised predominantly of former members of Sublime's management team;
- (d) with the assistance of Cormark Securities Ltd., the advisor to IMCC's special committee, conducting an out-of-Court sale process to solicit interest from potential qualified bidders in the Applicants and/or their assets;
- (e) engaging in detailed discussions with potential qualified bidders contacted by the Applicants or Cormark Securities Ltd. regarding a purchase of the Canadian Business, in whole or in part; and
- (f) coordinating with the Agent to ensure that the Applicants would have access to capital under the ABL Agreement.

115. Despite the Applicants' best efforts, their liquidity situation has not materially improved. What is more, the Applicants have been unable to obtain alternative financing or sufficient funding to address their liquidity challenges.

116. With a view to avoiding the devastating effects of a bankruptcy or liquidation, and having regard to the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders, the boards of directors of the Applicants engaged advisors to discuss contingency plans should the Applicants be unable to obtain additional funding or consummate a timely out-of-Court sale transaction. That eventuality has now materialized, necessitating urgent creditor protection and additional relief under the CCAA.

VII. RELIEF SOUGHT

117. As set out above, the Applicants are currently facing a severe liquidity crisis and are unable to satisfy their liabilities as they generally become due. Without immediate relief, including additional financing and a stay of enforcement actions, the Applicants will inevitably be forced to cease their going concern operations and liquidate their assets. After extensive review and careful consideration of the strategic options and alternatives available, the boards of directors of the Applicants, with the assistance of their advisors, determined that it is in the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders to seek urgent relief under the CCAA.

118. The material relief sought under the proposed Initial Order is discussed below.

B. Stay of Proceedings

119. The Applicants urgently require a stay of proceedings to prevent enforcement action by, among others, their contractual counterparties and disruption to the Canadian Business.

Accordingly, the proposed Initial Order provides the Stay of Proceedings for the Initial Stay Period of not more than ten days. The proposed Stay of Proceedings extends to each of the Monitor, the Applicants, the Canadian Business, the Property and the Directors and Officers.

120. The proposed Stay of Proceedings will preserve the *status quo* and afford the Applicants the breathing space and stability required to advance their restructuring efforts, including developing a SISP and/or exploring other transaction alternatives. More to the point, it will permit the Applicants to continue to operate the Canadian Business as a going concern with minimal disruption. The continued and uninterrupted operation of the Canadian Business will preserve value for the Applicants' stakeholders and is in the best interests of, among others, the Applicants' employees, suppliers, regulators and landlords.

121. Having regard to the foregoing, the Stay of Proceedings is in the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders. The Proposed Monitor has advised that it is supportive of the proposed Stay of Proceedings.

C. Proposed Monitor

122. The proposed Initial Order contemplates that KSV will act as the Monitor in these CCAA proceedings. KSV has consented to act as the Monitor in these CCAA proceedings on the terms of the proposed Initial Order, if granted. A copy of KSV's consent to act as the Monitor is attached hereto as **Exhibit "Z"**.

123. I am advised by KSV that it is a "trustee" within the meaning of subsection 2(1) of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, as amended, and that it is not otherwise precluded from acting as the Monitor under subsection 11.7(2) of the CCAA. KSV also has

familiarity with respect to certain of the assets having been the Court-appointed monitor in the prior JWC CCAA Proceedings.

D. Administration Charge

124. Pursuant to the proposed Initial Order, the Applicants are seeking a Court-ordered charge on the Property in favour of the Monitor, as well as counsel to the Monitor and counsel to the Applicants in these CCAA proceedings up to a maximum amount of \$750,000 (the "**Administration Charge**"). The Administration Charge will secure payment of the respective fees and disbursements of the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor and counsel to the Applicants in these CCAA proceedings incurred in connection with services rendered to the Applicants. The Administration Charge is proposed to rank ahead of, and have priority over, all of the other Charges.

125. The expertise, knowledge, and continued participation of the beneficiaries of the proposed Administration Charge during these CCAA proceedings is essential to a successful restructuring of the Applicants. The beneficiaries of the proposed Administration Charge have made, and will continue to make, distinct and significant contributions to the Applicants' restructuring efforts.

126. The Applicants, in consultation with the Proposed Monitor, determined the quantum of the Administration Charge required during the Initial Stay Period, taking into account that the professionals have material accrued fees and no retainers. Such quantum is commensurate with the fees and disbursements expected to be incurred by the beneficiaries of the Administration Charge by the end of the Initial Stay Period.

127. Given the circumstances, the anticipated complexity of these CCAA proceedings and the services rendered and to be provided by the beneficiaries thereof, I believe that the proposed Administration Charge is fair and reasonable. I understand that the Proposed Monitor is of the view that the Administration Charge is appropriate in the circumstances.

E. Directors' Charge and Protections

128. A successful restructuring of the Applicants will benefit from the continued participation and commitment of the Directors and Officers, certain of which possess the security clearances necessary to operate the Canadian Business. For this reason, the Applicants seek a Court-ordered charge in favour of the Directors and Officers in the maximum amount of \$967,000 (the "**Directors' Charge**").

129. I am advised by Sean Zweig of Bennett Jones LLP, counsel to the Applicants, and believe that, in some circumstances, directors and officers of Canadian companies can be liable for certain obligations of a company, including those owed to employees and government entities. Mr. Zweig has advised me that these obligations may include, among other things, unpaid accrued wages and unpaid accrued vacation pay, together with unremitted excise, sales, goods and services, and harmonized sales taxes.

130. The Directors and Officers are currently among the potential beneficiaries under two claims-made policies maintained by IMCC for the entire International Company (together, the "**Insurance Policies**"). First, a directors' and officers' liability insurance policy, having an aggregate annual limit of USD \$5 million and deductibles of USD \$3.75 million and USD\$ 1.75 million for securities claims and other claims, respectively. Second, a side-A executive liability personal asset policy, having an aggregate annual limit of USD \$5 million.

131. In view of their relatively small annual limits, the applicable deductibles and the number of beneficiaries and exclusions, exceptions and carve-outs thereunder, the Insurance Policies may not provide adequate coverage against the potential liabilities that the Directors and Officers could incur during these CCAA proceedings. Moreover, the Applicants are unable to acquire alternative or additional directors' and officers' liability insurance capable of adequately supplementing the Insurance Policies.

132. Given the risks attending these CCAA proceedings, the regulatory environment in which the Applicants operate and the significant uncertainty surrounding coverage under the Insurance Policies, the Directors and Officers have indicated that their continued involvement in these CCAA proceedings is conditional upon the granting of the Directors' Charge. Pursuant to the proposed Initial Order, the Directors' Charge would serve as security for the indemnification obligations and potential liabilities the Directors and Officers may face in these CCAA proceedings to the extent that they do not otherwise benefit from coverage under the Insurance Policies. The Directors' Charge is proposed to rank in priority to the DIP Lender's Charge but, subordinate to the Administration Charge.

133. The quantum of the Directors' Charge was determined by the Applicants, in collaboration with the Proposed Monitor, and is limited to the indemnification obligations and liabilities that the Directors and Officers may face during the Initial Stay Period. The Applicants expect to seek an increase to the Directors' Charge at the Comeback Hearing.

134. The Applicants believe that the proposed Directors' Charge is reasonable in the circumstances. The Proposed Monitor has advised that it is supportive of the proposed Director's Charge.

135. In connection with the consummation of a value-maximizing sale or restructuring transaction and the eventual termination of these CCAA proceedings, the Directors and Officers anticipate seeking a release of claims against them in their capacity as directors and officers.

F. The DIP Facility and the DIP Lender's Charge

136. Given their ongoing liquidity crisis, and as illustrated in the Cash Flow Forecast, the Applicants require interim financing to fund their ongoing operations and pursue their restructuring efforts. To this end, TJAC, as borrower (in such capacity, the "**Borrower**"), Trichome, TRC, MYM, MYMB and Highland, as guarantors (together with the Borrower, the "**Credit Parties**"), and Cortland, as agent for and on behalf of the lenders party thereto (the "**DIP Lender**"), entered into a DIP facility agreement in respect of the DIP Facility (the "**DIP Agreement**") on November 6, 2022. A copy of the DIP Agreement is attached hereto as **Exhibit "AA"**.

137. The DIP Facility is a super-priority interim revolving credit facility (subject to certain mandatory repayment provisions). The maximum principal amount under the DIP Facility is the lesser of (i) \$4,875,000 (the "**Facility Limit**") and (ii) the Borrowing Base Amount, as calculated in accordance with the terms of the ABL Agreement, minus the amount of the Pre-Filing Obligations, plus the Over-Advance Amount (each as defined in the DIP Agreement). In accordance with the DIP Agreement, the DIP Facility is to be used during these CCAA proceedings by the Borrower to fund its working capital needs.

138. The interest rate applicable to all advances under the DIP Facility is 14% per annum, due and payable in cash on the first business day of each month. In consideration for making the DIP Facility available to the Borrower, the DIP Lender is entitled to the following:

- (a) a commitment fee equal to 2.0% of the Facility Limit;
- (b) a utilization fee of 2.4% per annum, calculated daily in accordance with the DIP Agreement on the unused portion of the DIP Facility; and
- (c) a \$100,000 deposit to cover the DIP Lender's legal and other transaction expenses, which will be paid from the initial advance under the DIP Facility.

139. The term of the DIP Facility is the earlier of (i) 16 weeks from the date of the Initial Order (the "**Maturity Date**") and (ii) any Termination Date (as defined in the DIP Agreement). All outstanding principal and interest under the DIP Facility will be due and payable on the date that the earlier of the following occur:

- (a) the Maturity Date;
- (b) the date on which any Event of Default, other than the CCAA Event of Default (as defined in the DIP Agreement), occurs or is discovered to have occurred in the past and the DIP Lender has terminated the DIP Facility by notice to the Borrower;
- (c) the date of a sale of all or a portion of the Collateral (as defined in the ABL Agreement), provided that these CCAA proceedings are concurrently terminated with the consent of the DIP Lender; and
- (d) unless waived or other consented to by the DIP Lender, the date on which any of the Credit Parties undertakes a liquidity, reorganization event, or Change of Control (as defined in the ABL Agreement).

140. The DIP Agreement provides the DIP Lender with the right to terminate the DIP Facility upon 60 days' notice to the Borrower if adverse market conditions are negatively affecting the liquidity of the lenders under the DIP Agreement. Provided however, that repayment of the outstanding advances under the DIP Facility will not be due and payable until 60 days after receipt of such notice by the Borrower, unless otherwise agreed to in writing.

141. The DIP Facility is subject to customary covenants, conditions precedent, and representations and warranties made by the Credit Parties to the DIP Lender. Additionally, the DIP Facility is conditional upon the issuance of the proposed Initial Order, approving the DIP Facility and granting a Court-ordered charge over the Property in favour of the DIP Lender to secure all amounts advanced by the DIP Lender on behalf of the lenders under the DIP Facility, together with all obligations, indebtedness, fees, costs and expenses of the Borrower under the DIP Agreement and the DIP Facility (the "**DIP Lender's Charge**"). Pursuant to the terms of the proposed Initial Order, the DIP Lender's Charge would rank subordinate to all of the other Charges. Importantly, the DIP Lender's Charge will not secure obligations incurred prior to these CCAA proceedings.

142. The amount to be funded under the DIP Facility during the Initial Stay Period is limited to the amount necessary to ensure the continued operation of the Canadian Business prior to the Comeback Hearing. The DIP Lender's Charge sought pursuant to the proposed Initial Order is correspondingly limited to the amount to be funded during the Initial Stay Period. The Applicants intends to seek an increase to the DIP Lender's Charge at the Comeback Hearing.

G. Payments Throughout these CCAA Proceedings

143. The proposed Initial Order permits (but does not require) the Applicants to make payments for all goods and services actually supplied to the Applicants in the ordinary course of business on or subsequent to the date of the proposed Initial Order. To preserve continuity in the Canadian Business, the proposed Initial Order also authorizes (but does not require) the Applicants to pay, among others, the following expenses:

- (a) all outstanding and future wages, salaries, employee and pension benefits, vacation pay and employee expenses payable prior to, on, or after the date of the Initial Order, in each case incurred in the ordinary course of business and consistent with existing compensation policies and arrangements; and
- (b) with the consent of the Monitor and the DIP Lender, amounts owing for goods and services actually supplied to the Applicants prior to the date of the Initial Order, with the Monitor considering, among other factors, whether (i) the supplier or service provider is essential to the Canadian Business and ongoing operations of the Applicants and the payment is required to ensure ongoing supply, (ii) making such payment will preserve, protect or enhance the value of the Property or the Canadian Business, (iii) making such payment is required to address regulatory concerns, and (iv) the supplier or service provider is required to continue to provide goods or services to the Applicants after the date of the Initial Order, including pursuant to the terms of the Initial Order.

144. Together, the aforementioned relief will facilitate the continued operation of the Canadian Business during the Initial Stay Period. Specifically, it will allow the Applicants to:

- (a) maintain their existing customer and supplier relationships;
- (b) ensure the uninterrupted supply of critical goods and services necessary for the Canadian Business' operation; and
- (c) address inventory deficiencies.

145. I understand that both the Proposed Monitor and the DIP Lender are supportive of the Applicants' authorization to make the aforementioned payments pursuant to the proposed Initial Order.

H. Cash Flow Forecast

146. With the assistance of the Proposed Monitor, the Applicants have conducted a cash flow analysis to determine the amount required to finance their ordinary course business operations, assuming the Initial Order is granted, over the 13-week period from November 7, 2022, to February 3, 2023 (the "**Cash Flow Forecast**"). The Cash Flow Forecast substantiates the Applicants' urgent need for the DIP Facility.

147. I understand that the Cash Flow Forecast, which is accompanied by the representations prescribed under the CCAA, will be attached to the pre-filing report of the Proposed Monitor. If appointed, the Applicants anticipate that the Monitor will report to the Court on any variances between the Cash Flow Forecast and the Applicants' actual results during these CCAA proceedings.

VIII. CONCLUSION

148. The proposed Initial Order is in the best interests of the Applicants and their stakeholders. Absent the relief requested under the proposed Initial Order, including the Stay of Proceedings and the DIP Facility, the Applicants will be forced to cease the Canadian Business' going concern operations and liquidate their assets to the detriment of their employees and other stakeholders.

149. The relief sought under the proposed Initial Order is tailored to that which is reasonably necessary to ensure the continued operation of the Canadian Business and preserve the *status quo* during the Initial Stay Period. In the circumstances, the Applicants believe that these CCAA proceedings are the best means of addressing the challenges facing the Canadian Business and effecting the restructuring transactions necessary to maximize value for their stakeholders.

SWORN REMOTELY by Michael Ruscetta stated as being located in the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, before me at the City of Toronto, in the Province of Ontario, on November 7th, 2022 in accordance with O. Reg. 431/20, Administering Oath or Declaration Remotely.



JOSHUA FOSTER

Commissioner for Taking Affidavits
(or as may be)



MICHAEL RUSCETTA

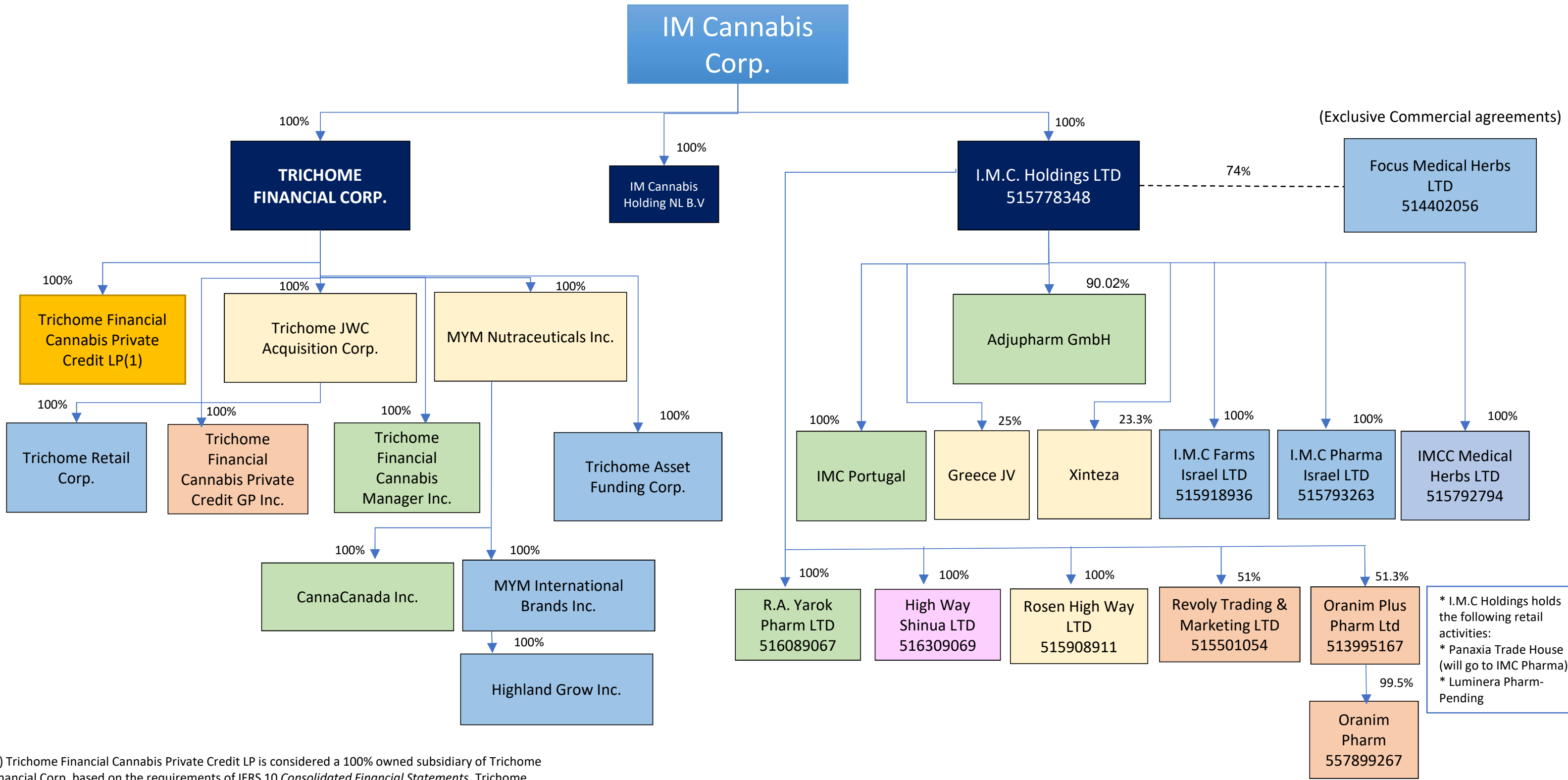
TAB A

THIS IS **EXHIBIT "A"** REFERRED TO IN THE AFFIDAVIT
OF MICHAEL RUSCETTA, SWORN BEFORE ME THIS 7TH
DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2022.

Joshua Foster

JOSHUA FOSTER

A Commissioner for taking Affidavits
(or as may be)



(Exclusive Commercial agreements)

* I.M.C Holdings holds the following retail activities:
 * Panaxia Trade House (will go to IMC Pharma)
 * Luminera Pharm-Pending

(1) Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP is considered a 100% owned subsidiary of Trichome Financial Corp. based on the requirements of IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements. Trichome Financial Corp. does not own any equity in Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP.

TAB B

THIS IS **EXHIBIT "B"** REFERRED TO IN THE AFFIDAVIT
OF MICHAEL RUSCETTA, SWORN BEFORE ME THIS 7TH
DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2022.

Joshua Foster

JOSHUA FOSTER

A Commissioner for taking Affidavits
(or as may be)



Profile Report

TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP. as of September 20, 2022

Act	Business Corporations Act
Type	Ontario Business Corporation
Name	TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP.
Ontario Corporation Number (OCN)	5022276
Governing Jurisdiction	Canada - Ontario
Status	Active
Date of Amalgamation	October 04, 2019
Registered or Head Office Address	79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5K 1N2

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

This report sets out the most recent information filed on or after June 27, 1992 in respect of corporations and April 1, 1994 in respect of Business Names Act and Limited Partnerships Act filings and recorded in the electronic records maintained by the Ministry as of the date and time the report is generated, unless the report is generated for a previous date. If this report is generated for a previous date, the report sets out the most recent information filed and recorded in the electronic records maintained by the Ministry up to the "as of" date indicated on the report. Additional historical information may exist in paper or microfiche format.

Active Director(s)

Minimum Number of Directors 3
Maximum Number of Directors 15

Name Marc LUSTIG
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began October 04, 2019

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began October 04, 2019

Name Howard STEINBERG
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian No
Date Began October 04, 2019

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Officer(s)

Name Daniel COHEN
Position Vice-President
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Date Began October 04, 2019

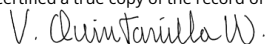
Name Daniel COHEN
Position Other (untitled)
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Date Began October 04, 2019

Name Karl GRYWACHESKI
Position Chief Financial Officer
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Date Began October 04, 2019

Name Kevin JARRETT
Position Vice-President
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Date Began October 04, 2019

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Position Chief Executive Officer
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada,
M5K 1N2
Date Began October 04, 2019

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Director/Registrar

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Corporate Name History

Name

TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP.

Effective Date

October 04, 2019

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Director/Registrar

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Amalgamating Corporations

Corporation Name
Ontario Corporation Number

TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP.
2597261

Corporation Name
Ontario Corporation Number

22 CAPITAL CORP.
2554520

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

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Director/Registrar

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Active Business Names

This corporation does not have any active business names registered under the Business Names Act in Ontario.

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Expired or Cancelled Business Names

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Director/Registrar

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Document List

Filing Name	Effective Date
Archive Document Package	August 05, 2022
Annual Return - 2021 PAF: Marc LUSTIG	June 01, 2022
CIA - Notice of Change PAF: Daniel COHEN	April 07, 2022
BCA - Articles of Arrangement	March 18, 2021
CIA - Notice of Change PAF: MICHAEL RUSCETTA - DIRECTOR	August 24, 2020
CIA - Notice of Change PAF: CHRISTINA BOCK - OTHER	March 03, 2020
CIA - Initial Return PAF: CHRISTINA BOCK - OTHER	February 28, 2020
BCA - Articles of Amalgamation	October 04, 2019

All "PAF" (person authorizing filing) information is displayed exactly as recorded in the Ontario Business Registry. Where PAF is not shown against a document, the information has not been recorded in the Ontario Business Registry.

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Profile Report

TRICHOME JWC ACQUISITION CORP. as of September 20, 2022

Act	Business Corporations Act
Type	Ontario Business Corporation
Name	TRICHOME JWC ACQUISITION CORP.
Ontario Corporation Number (OCN)	2754912
Governing Jurisdiction	Canada - Ontario
Status	Active
Date of Incorporation	May 07, 2020
Registered or Head Office Address	79 Wellington Street West, 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5K 1N2

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Director(s)

Minimum Number of Directors 1
Maximum Number of Directors 10

Name Daniel COHEN
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 07, 2020

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 07, 2020

Name Howard STEINBERG
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 07, 2020

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Officer(s)

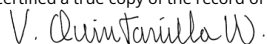
Name Daniel COHEN
Position Secretary
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began May 07, 2020

Name Daniel COHEN
Position Treasurer
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began May 07, 2020

Name Karl GRYWACHESKI
Position Chief Financial Officer
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began May 18, 2020

Name Howard STEINBERG
Position Managing Director
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 200, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began May 07, 2020

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.



Director/Registrar

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Corporate Name History

Name

TRICHOME JWC ACQUISITION CORP.

Effective Date

May 07, 2020

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Business Names

Name	JWC
Business Identification Number (BIN)	311270557
Registration Date	August 30, 2021
Expiry Date	August 29, 2026

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Expired or Cancelled Business Names

This corporation does not have any expired or cancelled business names registered under the Business Names Act in Ontario.

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Document List

Filing Name	Effective Date
Annual Return - 2021 PAF: Daniel COHEN	June 02, 2022
CIA - Notice of Change PAF: CHRISTINA BOCK - OTHER	July 03, 2020
CIA - Initial Return PAF: CHRISTINA BOCK - OTHER	May 21, 2020
BCA - Articles of Incorporation	May 07, 2020

All "PAF" (person authorizing filing) information is displayed exactly as recorded in the Ontario Business Registry. Where PAF is not shown against a document, the information has not been recorded in the Ontario Business Registry.

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Director/Registrar

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Profile Report

TRICHOME RETAIL CORP. as of September 20, 2022

Act	Business Corporations Act
Type	Ontario Business Corporation
Name	TRICHOME RETAIL CORP.
Ontario Corporation Number (OCN)	2834039
Governing Jurisdiction	Canada - Ontario
Status	Active
Date of Incorporation	April 20, 2021
Registered or Head Office Address	150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Director(s)

Minimum Number of Directors 1
Maximum Number of Directors 10

Name Dan COHEN
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began April 20, 2021

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began April 20, 2021

Certified a true copy of the record of the Ministry of Government and Consumer Services.

V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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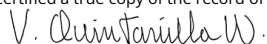
Active Officer(s)

Name Dan COHEN
Position Secretary
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began April 20, 2021

Name Dan COHEN
Position Treasurer
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began April 20, 2021

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Position President
Address for Service 150 King Street West, 214, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5H 1J9
Date Began April 20, 2021

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Corporate Name History

Name

TRICHOME RETAIL CORP.

Effective Date

April 20, 2021

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Business Names

Name	WAGNERS
Business Identification Number (BIN)	310962063
Registration Date	June 15, 2021
Expiry Date	June 14, 2026

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Director/Registrar

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Expired or Cancelled Business Names

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Director/Registrar

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Document List

Filing Name	Effective Date
Annual Return - 2021 PAF: Dan COHEN	June 01, 2022
CIA - Notice of Change PAF: Dan COHEN	January 26, 2022
CIA - Initial Return PAF: DAN COHEN - DIRECTOR	April 23, 2021
BCA - Articles of Incorporation	April 20, 2021

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Director/Registrar

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Profile Report

MYM NUTRACEUTICALS INC. as of September 20, 2022

Act	Business Corporations Act
Type	Ontario Business Corporation
Name	MYM NUTRACEUTICALS INC.
Ontario Corporation Number (OCN)	1000190837
Governing Jurisdiction	Canada - Ontario
Former Jurisdiction	Canada - British Columbia
Status	Active
Date of Incorporation/Amalgamation	July 11, 2014
Date of Continuance	May 06, 2022
Registered or Head Office Address	79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5K 1N2

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Director(s)

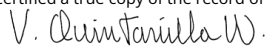
Minimum Number of Directors 1
Maximum Number of Directors 10

Name Daniel COHEN
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 06, 2022

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 06, 2022

Name Howard STEINBERG
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 06, 2022

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Director/Registrar

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Active Officer(s)

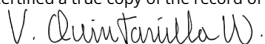
Name Daniel COHEN
Position Secretary
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Date Began May 06, 2022

Name Karl GRYWACHESKI
Position Chief Financial Officer
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Date Began May 06, 2022

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Position President
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Date Began May 06, 2022

Name Howard STEINBERG
Position Chief Executive Officer
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Date Began May 06, 2022

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Corporate Name History

Name

MYM NUTRACEUTICALS INC.

Effective Date

May 06, 2022

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Active Business Names

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Director/Registrar

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Expired or Cancelled Business Names

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Document List

Filing Name	Effective Date
CIA - Initial Return PAF: Karen SHELLEY	July 11, 2022
BCA - Articles of Continuance	May 06, 2022

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Profile Report

MYM INTERNATIONAL BRANDS INC. as of September 20, 2022

Act	Business Corporations Act
Type	Ontario Business Corporation
Name	MYM INTERNATIONAL BRANDS INC.
Ontario Corporation Number (OCN)	1000190869
Governing Jurisdiction	Canada - Ontario
Former Jurisdiction	Canada - British Columbia
Status	Active
Date of Incorporation/Amalgamation	August 01, 2019
Date of Continuance	May 04, 2022
Registered or Head Office Address	79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5K 1N2

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V. Quintanilla W.

Director/Registrar

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Active Director(s)

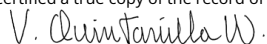
Minimum Number of Directors 1
Maximum Number of Directors 10

Name Daniel COHEN
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 04, 2022

Name Michael RUSCETTA
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 04, 2022

Name Howard STEINBERG
Address for Service 79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2
Resident Canadian Yes
Date Began May 04, 2022

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Active Officer(s)

Name

Karl GRYACHESKI

Position

Chief Financial Officer

Address for Service

79 Wellington Street West, Suite 3000, Toronto, Ontario,
Canada, M5K 1N2

Date Began

May 04, 2022

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Corporate Name History

Name

MYM INTERNATIONAL BRANDS INC.

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May 04, 2022

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Active Business Names

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Expired or Cancelled Business Names

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Profile Report

Entity details

Information as of	21 September 2022
Registry ID	3283681
Business/Organization Name	HIGHLAND GROW INC.
Incorporation Date	12 September 2014
Annual Return due Date	30 September 2022
Type	Limited Company
Status	Active
Registered Office	302- 5475 SPRING GARDEN ROAD, NOVA SCOTIA, HALIFAX, B3J 3T2, CANADA
Mailing Address	302- 5475 SPRING GARDEN ROAD, NOVA SCOTIA, HALIFAX, B3J 3T2, CANADA
Name History	THC DISPENSARIES CANADA INC. 15 September 2014 29 March 2018

Directors and Officers

Name	Position	Civic Address	Mailing Address
DAN COHEN	Director, Secretary	144 STRATHALLAN BLVD TORONTO ONTARIO M5N 1S7 CANADA	
HOWARD STEINBERG	Director, CFO	4482 HAYES ROAD KELOWNA BRITISH COLUMBIA V1W 5A7 CANADA	
JAMES WYATT	Director	380 TERRACE STREET NEW GLASGOW NOVA SCOTIA B2H 1R6 CANADA	
KARL GRYWACHESKI	Chief Financial Officer	12 BEAUFORT DR KANATA NOVA SCOTIA K2L 1Z4 CANADA	
MICHAEL RUSCETTA	Director, President	7 GLENAYR ROAD TORONTO ONTARIO M5P 3B7 CANADA	

Recognized Agent

Name	Position	Civic Address	Mailing Address
JOHN WASHINGTON	Recognized Agent	5475 SPRING GARDEN RD SUITE 302 HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA B3J 3T2 CANADA	503 - 5475 SPRING GARDEN ROAD HALIFAX NOVA SCOTIA B3J 3T2 CANADA

Activity

Activity	Date
Company Annual Renewal Statement	20 July 2022
Company Change of Directors and Officers	30 November 2021
Company Change of Directors and Officers	25 November 2021
Company Change of Directors and Officers	01 September 2021
Company Change of Entity Address	05 August 2021
Company Change of Directors and Officers	05 August 2021
Authorized Filer - Company	04 August 2021
Reinstated	19 November 2020
Revoke for Non-Payment	05 November 2020
Revoked for Non-Payment	05 November 2020
Change of Directors	05 August 2020
Change of Directors	27 July 2020
Appoint an Agent	27 July 2020
Change of Directors	11 June 2020
Annual Statement Filed	20 January 2020
Annual Renewal	26 August 2019
Annual Statement Filed	26 August 2019
Annual Renewal	28 September 2018
Filed Name Change	29 March 2018
Change of Directors	15 February 2018
Annual Renewal	13 October 2017
Annual Statement Filed	13 October 2017
Filed Document	01 June 2017
Special Resolution	01 June 2017
Annual Renewal	28 September 2016
Annual Renewal	05 October 2015



Registry of Joint Stock Companies

Annual Statement Filed	02 October 2015
Change of Directors	10 July 2015
Change of Directors	05 June 2015
Address Change	05 June 2015
Incorporated and Registered	12 September 2014
Address Change	12 September 2014
Appoint an Agent	12 September 2014
Change of Directors	12 September 2014

TAB C

THIS IS **EXHIBIT "C"** REFERRED TO IN THE AFFIDAVIT
OF MICHAEL RUSCETTA, SWORN BEFORE ME THIS 7TH
DAY OF NOVEMBER, 2022.

Joshua Foster

JOSHUA FOSTER

A Commissioner for taking Affidavits
(or as may be)



IM Cannabis Corp.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2022

August 15, 2022



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Management's Discussion and Analysis

INTRODUCTION

IM Cannabis Corp. (“**IM Cannabis**” or the “**Company**”) is a British Columbia company whose business formed on October 11, 2019 as the result of a reverse takeover with IMC Holdings Ltd. (the “**Reverse Takeover Transaction**”), pursuant to which the Company changed its name from “Navasota Resources Inc.” to “IM Cannabis Corp.” and changed its business from mining to the international medical cannabis industry. The Company’s common shares (the “**Common Shares**”) trade under the ticker symbol “IMCC” on both the NASDAQ Capital Market (“**NASDAQ**”) and the Canadian Securities Exchange (“**CSE**”) as of March 1, 2021 and November 5, 2019, respectively. The Reverse Takeover Transaction is more fully described under “*Review of Financial Performance – Share Capital – Financial Background*”.

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“**MD&A**”) reports on the consolidated financial condition and operating results of IM Cannabis for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022. Throughout this MD&A, unless otherwise specified, references to “we”, “us”, “our” or similar terms, as well as the “Company” and “IM Cannabis” refer to IM Cannabis Corp., together with its subsidiaries, on a consolidated basis, and the “Group” refers to the Company, its subsidiaries, Focus Medical Herbs Ltd. and High Way Shinua Ltd.

This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the interim condensed consolidated financial statements of the Company and the notes thereto for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 (the “**Interim Financial Statements**”) and with the Company’s audited annual consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 (the “**Annual Financial Statements**”). References herein to “Q2 2022” and “Q2 2021” refer to the three months ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, and references to “2021” refer to the year ended December 31, 2021.

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared by management in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (“**IFRS**”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“**IASB**”). IFRS requires management to make certain judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities at the date of the Interim Financial Statements and the amount of revenue and expenses incurred during the reporting period. The results of operations for the periods reflected herein are not necessarily indicative of results that may be expected for future periods. The Interim Financial Statements include the accounts of the Group, which includes, among others, the following entities:

Legal Entity	Jurisdiction	Relationship with the Company
IMC Holdings Ltd. (“ IMC Holdings ”)	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary
I.M.C. Pharma Ltd. (“ IMC Pharma ”)	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Focus Medical Herbs Ltd. (“ Focus ”)	Israel	Private company over which IMC Holdings exercises “de facto control” under IFRS 10 <i>Consolidated Financial Statements</i> (“ IFRS 10 ”)
R.A. Yarok Pharm Ltd. (“ Pharm Yarok ”)	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Rosen High Way Ltd. (“ Rosen High Way ”)	Israel	Wholly-owned subsidiary of IMC Holdings
High Way Shinua Ltd. (“ HW Shinua ”)	Israel	Private company over which IMC Holdings exercises “de facto” control under IFRS 10
Revoly Trading and Marketing Ltd. dba Vironna Pharm (“ Vironna ”)	Israel	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

Oranim Plus Pharm Ltd. (“ Oranim Plus ”)	Israel	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings
Trichome Financial Corp. (“ Trichome ”)	Canada	Wholly-owned subsidiary
Trichome JWC Acquisition Corp. (“ TJAC ”)	Canada	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Trichome
MYM Nutraceuticals Inc. (“ MYM ”)	Canada	Wholly-owned subsidiary of Trichome
Culture Inc. (“ Sublime ”)	Canada	Previous wholly-owned subsidiary of TJAC. For more information, see “ <i>Corporate Highlights - Subsequent Events – Canadian Restructuring</i> ”
Highland Grow Inc. (“ Highland ”)	Canada	Wholly-owned subsidiary of MYM International Brands Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of MYM
Adjupharm GmbH (“ Adjupharm ”)	Germany	Subsidiary of IMC Holdings

All intercompany balances and transactions were eliminated on consolidation.

All dollar figures in this MD&A are expressed in thousands of Canadian Dollars (\$), except per share data and unless otherwise noted. All references to “NIS” are to New Israeli Shekels. All references to “€” or to “Euros” are to Euros. All references to “US\$” or to “U.S. Dollars” are to United States Dollars. The Company’s shares, options, units and warrants are not expressed in thousands. Prices are not expressed in thousands.

NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

Certain non-IFRS financial measures are referenced in this MD&A that do not have any standardized meaning under IFRS, including “Gross Margin”, “EBITDA” and “Adjusted EBITDA”. The Company believes that these non-IFRS financial measures and operational performance measures, in addition to conventional measures prepared in accordance with IFRS, enable readers to evaluate the Company’s operating results, underlying performance and prospects in a similar manner to the Company’s management. For a reconciliation of these non-IFRS financial measures to the most comparable IFRS financial measures, as applicable, see the “*Metrics and Non-IFRS Financial Measures*” section of the MD&A.

NOTE REGARDING THE COMPANY’S ACCOUNTING PRACTICES

The Company complies with IFRS 10 to consolidate the financial results of Focus, a holder of an Israeli Medical Cannabis Agency (the “**IMCA**”) license which allows it to import and supply cannabis products, on the basis of which IMC Holdings exercises “de facto control”. For a full explanation of the Company’s application of IFRS 10, see “*Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring*” and “*Legal and Regulatory – Risk Factors*”.

For the period ended June 30, 2022, the Company analyzed the terms of the definitive agreement with HW Shinua in accordance with IFRS 10 and concluded that it is required to consolidate the financial results of HW Shinua as of the date of signing the definitive agreements therewith. The definitive agreement provides the Company with the power to unilaterally make all decisions regarding the financial and operating policies of HW Shinua and the right to obtain all related economic benefits. HW Shinua is to be

Management's Discussion and Analysis

acquired by the Group pursuant to a July 28, 2021 definitive agreement in which IMC Holdings acquired all of the issued and outstanding shares of each of (i) Pharm Yarok; and (ii) Rosen High Way; and will acquire HW Shinua, an applicant for a medical cannabis transportation license, upon receipt of requisite approvals from the IMCA. The financial results of HW Shinua continue to be consolidated in compliance with IFRS 10.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

OVERVIEW – CURRENT OPERATIONS IN ISRAEL, CANADA AND GERMANY

IM Cannabis is a leading international cannabis company providing premium cannabis products to medical patients and adult-use recreational consumers. With operations in Israel, Canada, and Germany, the world's three largest federally legal cannabis markets, the Company has developed its own proprietary import/export supply chain in order to efficiently deliver premium cannabis to patients and consumers under a uniform global branding umbrella.

The Company operates in Canada through Trichome and its subsidiaries TJAC and MYM, where it cultivates, processes and sells premium and ultra-premium cannabis at its own facilities under the WAGNERS and Highland Grow brands for the adult-use market in Canada, and exports premium and ultra-premium medical cannabis to Israel and eventually to Germany.

In Israel, the Company imports, distributes and sells cannabis to local medical patients by operating medical cannabis retail pharmacies, online platforms, distribution centres and logistical hubs operating through IMC Holdings' subsidiaries and Focus.

In Germany, the IM Cannabis ecosystem operates through Adjupharm, importing and distributing cannabis to pharmacies for patients, and acting as the Company's entry point for potential Europe-wide distribution in the future.

OUR GOAL - DRIVE PROFITABLE REVENUE GROWTH

Our primary goal is to sustainably increase revenue in each of our core markets to build long-term shareholder value while actively managing costs and margins.

HOW WE PLAN TO ACHIEVE OUR GOAL – FOUR CORE STRATEGIES

Our strategy to grow sustainable revenues consists of:

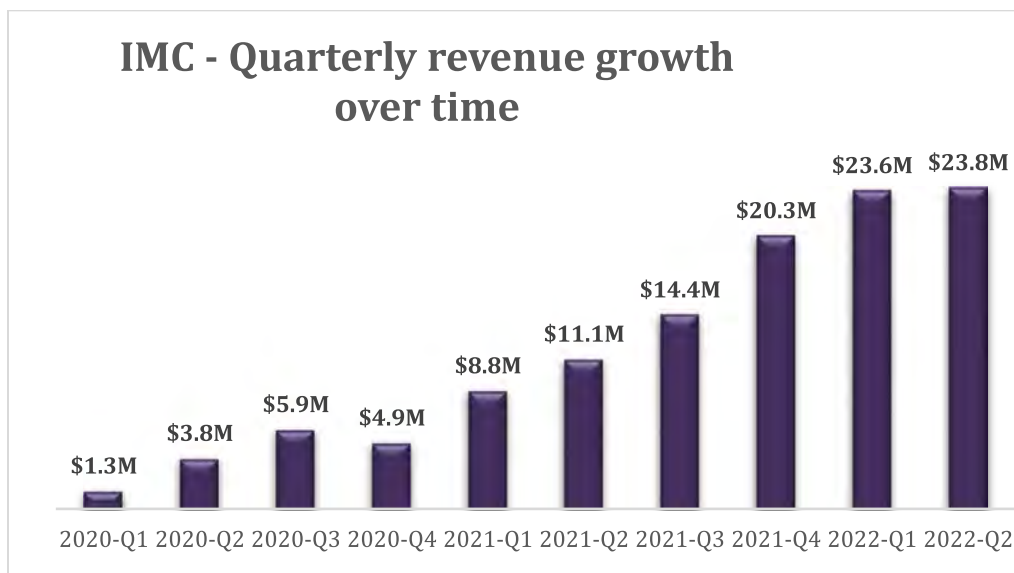
- Geographic diversification and preparation to target, upon legalization, new adult-use recreational cannabis markets in Germany and Israel, while leveraging the cultivation excellence, consumer insights and experienced team in the mature Canadian market.
- Properly positioned brands with respect to target-market, price, potency and quality, such as the successful mid-2021 launch of WAGNERS in Canada. By Q2 2022, both WAGNERS and Highland

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

Grow were among the top 3 premium and ultra-premium cannabis brands in Ontario (Canada’s largest province) by retail market share.¹

- High-quality, reliable supply to our customers and patients, leading to recurring sales.
- Ongoing introduction of new SKUs to keep consumers and patients engaged.

RESULTS – SEQUENTIAL REVENUE GROWTH IN Q2 2022



STRATEGY IN DETAIL

GEOGRAPHIES AND NEW MARKETS

The Company operates in the Israeli and German medical cannabis markets and the Canadian adult-use recreational market.

Israel

In Israel, we continue to expand IMC brand recognition and supply the growing Israeli medical cannabis market with our branded products. The Company offers medical cannabis patients a rich variety of high-end medical cannabis products through its cultivation partners and continues to focus on importing premium and ultra-premium indoor-grown dried cannabis from our licensed cultivation facilities operated by TJAC and MYM in Canada (the “**Canadian Facilities**”) and our world-leading cannabis suppliers and supply partners. For more information, see “*Strategy in Detail – High-Quality, Reliable Supply – Canada*”. In addition to the benefits of the Group’s long-term presence in Israel, we believe that with our globally

¹ Depletion and e-commerce sales data from Ontario Cannabis Store - Sale of Data report for period between April 1, 2022 – June 30, 2022 for dried flower product between \$7.50 - \$9.99/gram and above \$12.99/gram, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

integrated supply chain and strong commercial partnerships, the Company is well-positioned to address the ongoing needs and preferences of medical cannabis patients in Israel.

Since the beginning of 2021, the Company has focused on entering additional segments of the medical cannabis market in Israel, including the distribution and retail segments. The acquisitions of Israeli pharmacies Pharm Yarok, Vironna and Oranim Pharm (collectively, the **"Israeli Pharmacies"**) positions IM Cannabis as a large distributor of medical cannabis in Israel. We are strategically focused on establishing and reinforcing a direct connection with medical cannabis patients, providing direct access to IM Cannabis products, obtaining and leveraging market data and gaining a deeper understanding of both patient and consumer preferences. The acquisition of the Israeli Pharmacies allows the Company to increase purchasing power with third-party product suppliers, offers potential synergies with our established call centre and online operations, achieves higher margins on direct to patient sales and creates the opportunity for up-sales across a growing range of products.

The Company has also acquired home-delivery services and an online retail footprint, operating under the name *"Panaxia-to-the-Home"* (**"Panaxia-to-the-Home"**), which includes a customer service centre and an Israeli medical cannabis distribution license (the **"Panaxia GDP License"**), from Panaxia Pharmaceutical Industries Israel Ltd. and Panaxia Logistics Ltd., part of the Panaxia Labs Israel, Ltd. group of companies (collectively referred to as the **"Panaxia Transaction"**). The Panaxia Transaction includes a further option to acquire a pharmacy for no additional consideration, including requisite licenses to dispense and sell medical cannabis to patients, which the Company has exercised as part of the Panaxia Transaction (the **"Panaxia Pharmacy Closing"**). The Panaxia Pharmacy Closing is expected to occur in Q3 2022.

The Company's acquisition of Rosen High Way, a trading house, and the Panaxia GDP License are expected to expand its sales channels, distribution, delivery and storage capacity, and strengthen the Group's ability to directly reach medical cannabis patients and service more than 90 pharmacies across the country. Following the acquisition of the Israeli Pharmacies, IMC Holdings has become, a licensed medical cannabis retailer in Israel, operating through (i) Oranim Plus, Israel's largest pharmacy in Jerusalem and third largest in Israel, (ii) Vironna, the number one pharmacy in the Arab sector, and (iii) Pharm Yarok, the largest pharmacy in the Sharon plain area and one of the biggest call centers in the country. The Company expects that these acquisitions will increase revenue and market share from its Israeli medical cannabis market activities.

Canada

Following the completion of the Company's acquisition of Trichome on March 18, 2021 (the **"Trichome Transaction"**) and MYM on July 9, 2021 (the **"MYM Transaction"**), the Company's global cannabis platform evolved to include operations in the adult-use recreational cannabis market in Canada and supplemented its established medical cannabis operations in Israel and Germany.

Through its wholly-owned subsidiary, TJAC, Trichome operates as a licensed producer of cannabis products in the Canadian cannabis market and sells adult-use recreational cannabis products under the popular WAGNERS brand. WAGNERS is widely available at cannabis retailers throughout Canada, with the exception of the province of Quebec.

MYM operates through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Highland, a licensed producer. Highland produces cannabis products for the adult-use recreational cannabis market under the popular Highland Grow

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

brand, which is widely available at cannabis retailers throughout Canada, with the exception of the province of Quebec.

The brands acquired in the Trichome Transaction and the MYM Transaction complement each other and the larger IM Cannabis ecosystem. The WAGNERS brand targets the premium cannabis market segment (ranging from \$7.50-\$9.99 per gram at the consumer level), while Highland Grow targets the ultra-premium market segment (at a price range starting at \$12.99 per gram at the consumer level). The Trichome Transaction and the MYM Transaction also offer the Company an efficient, vertically integrated avenue to provide product to the Israeli and German markets.

The Canadian cannabis market is more mature than the other jurisdictions in which we operate, yet market growth is still expected to continue to grow in the coming years, with an estimated market growth from \$1.13 billion in Q2 2022 (\$4.5 billion annualized)² to \$6.7 billion in annual sales by 2026.³ The Company continues to capitalize on numerous opportunities to grow its market share within Canada, including:

- Anticipating entry into Quebec, which accounts for approximately 23% of Canada’s population.
- Launching new SKUs, products and formats to meet consumer demand, including new concentrate offerings, infused pre-rolls, and larger format flower SKUs
- Continuing to expand competitive market share in key Canadian cannabis markets, of which Ontario is Canada’s largest:
 - In Ontario, WAGNERS has increased from 0% market share in May 2021 to 8.9% in the premium dried flower segment in Q2 2022.⁴
 - Highland held over 10% market share in the ultra-premium segment in Ontario in Q2 2022.⁵
- Engaging directly with current and prospective customers, retailers, and consumers, and expanding the number of retail locations our products are available in.

In Q2 2022, the Company commenced a restructuring plan (the “**Canadian Restructuring**”) aimed at saving approximately \$1,000 quarterly in cash expenses. The Canadian Restructuring includes the sale of Sublime, halting cultivation at the Highland Facility (which continues to be used for packaging and storage) and a workforce reduction throughout its Canadian operations. The majority of the cost reduction efforts are expected to occur in Q3 2022, with the realization of the cost savings expected to begin in Q4 2022. All cultivation, genetics, and logistics have been centralized in the Company's facilities in Kitchener, Ontario which has sufficient cultivation capacity to support the streamlining initiative.

² Based on HiFyre Data for period between March 31, 2022 – June 30, 2022.

³ BDSA, <https://www.globenewswire.com/news-release/2021/09/21/2300624/0/en/BDSA-Reports-Global-Cannabis-Sales-Surge-41-YoY-in-2021-Will-Surpass-62-Billion-by-2026.html>

⁴ Depletion and e-commerce sales data from Ontario Cannabis Store - Sale of Data report for period between April 1 – June 30, 2022 for dried flower product between \$7.50 - \$9.99/gram.

⁵ *Ibid* for dried flower product above \$12.99/gram.

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Germany

In Europe, the Company operates in Germany through Adjupharm, its German subsidiary and EU-GMP certified medical cannabis producer and distributor. We continue to lay our foundation in Germany, which is currently the European market with the largest number of medical cannabis patients.⁶ Leveraging our global supply chain, IM Cannabis continues to focus on growing its business in Germany to be well-positioned through brand recognition in preparation for future regulatory reforms.

Similar to Israel, the Company's focus in Germany is to import premium and ultra-premium indoor-grown dried cannabis from its Canadian Facilities, which we believe will satisfy the rapid growth in demand for high-THC premium and ultra-premium cannabis across a variety of strains and qualities.

While the Company does not currently distribute products in other European countries, the Company intends to leverage the foundation established by Adjupharm, its state-of-the-art, approximately 8,000 square foot warehouse space and EU-GMP production facility in Germany that was completed in July 2021 (the "**Logistics Centre**"), and its network of distribution partners to expand into other jurisdictions across the continent. The Company expects that the Logistics Centre will allow the Company to execute all aspects of its supply chain, including the repackaging of bulk cannabis and distribution capabilities. For more information see, "*Corporate Highlights and Events – Key Highlights for the Quarter Ended June 30, 2022.*" section of the MD&A.

BRANDS

The IMC brand is well-known in the Israeli medical cannabis market. Leveraging its long-term success in the Israeli market, the Company launched the IMC brand in Germany in 2020.

Following the Company's entry into the Canadian adult-use recreational cannabis market, the Company is now leveraging its vertical integration and applying a multi-country strategy and using its global platform and exporting its Canadian WAGNERS brand to the Israeli medical cannabis markets with plans to import in to Germany in the future as well. The Company believes that the sale of WAGNERS and Highland Grow into the Israeli and German markets can satisfy the increasing demand of both Israeli and German patients for indoor grown high-THC premium cannabis.

Israeli Medical Cannabis Business

The Company currently sells the IMC and WAGNERS brands in the Israeli medical cannabis market.

The IMC brand has established its reputation in Israel for quality and consistency over the past 10 years and more recently with new high-end ultra-premium strains that have made it to the top-sellers list in pharmacies across the country.

In association with Focus, the Group maintains a portfolio of strains sold under the IMC umbrella from which popular medical cannabis dried flowers and full-spectrum cannabis extracts are produced.

⁶ The European Cannabis Report – Edition 7 <https://prohibitionpartners.com/2022/03/31/launching-today-the-european-cannabis-report-7th-edition/>

Management's Discussion and Analysis

In 2021, IMC was rebranded with a refreshed logo, packaging, design language and tone with a bold new design to better position itself in the competitive Israeli medical cannabis market, also introducing a variety of new available products for medical cannabis patients.

As part of its rebranding, the IMC brand now offers four different product lines, leading with the Craft Collection. The Craft Collection offers the highest quality Canadian craft flower and has established IMC as the leader of the ultra-premium segment in Israel, selling at the highest prices available.

The Craft Collection – The IMC brand's ultra-premium product line with indoor-grown, hang-dried and hand-trimmed high-THC cannabis flowers. The Craft Collection includes exotic and unique cannabis strains such as Cherry Crasher, Peanut Butter MAC and Alien SinMint Cookies.

The Signature Collection – The IMC brand's high-quality product line with greenhouse-grown, high-THC cannabis flowers. The Signature Collection currently includes well known cannabis dried flowers such as Roma, Tel Aviv and London as well as Mango Mint, which launched in 2021.

The Reserve Collection – The IMC brand's premium product line with indoor-grown, high-THC cannabis flowers. Launched in Q1 2022 with BC Pink Kush.

The Full Spectrum Extracts – The IMC brand's full spectrum, strain-specific cannabis extracts including high-THC Roma oil, balanced Paris oil and Super CBD oil.



Management’s Discussion and Analysis

The WAGNERS brand launched in Israel in Q1 2022. For more information, see “*Strategy in Detail – Brands – New Product Offerings*” section of the MD&A.

Canadian Adult-Use Recreational Cannabis Business

In Canada, the Company’s product portfolio consists of dried flower, pre-rolls and pressed hash offerings under the premium WAGNERS brand and ultra-premium Highland Grow brand. The WAGNERS brand was acquired through the Trichome Transaction and launched by TJAC in mid-2021, while the Highland Grow brand was acquired through the MYM Transaction.

The WAGNERS brand offers premium cannabis on a consistent basis and at an approachable price point for consumers. The Highland Grow brand offers cannabis consumers an ultra-premium product, curated to their tastes. Both the WAGNERS and Highland Grow brands have proven to be very popular with consumers, each holding a top 3 position in Ontario across their respective price segments (year-to-date in 2022).⁷

WAGNERS and Highland Grow products are primarily sold in 3.5 gram flower and 3 x 0.5 gram flower pre-roll formats. Other flower formats are available in certain provinces, such as 7 or 14 gram units. Hash is typically sold in 1, 2 and 4 gram formats.

Key WAGNERS flower strains include Dark Helmet, Cherry Jam, Silverback #4, Pink Bubba, Blue Lime Pie, Purple Clementine, Rainforest Crunch, Golden Ghost OG and Tiki Rain, and Turpy Slurpy. WAGNERS expects to launch its Stone Sour and Forbidden RNTZ strains in Q3 2022:



The Highland Grow brand portfolio includes six core flower strains: Gaelic Fire, Diamond Breath, White Lightning, Sensi Wizard, Cherry Burst, and Gas Tank as well as the newly added Leviathan, Frostbite and Space Jagger strains.

⁷ Depletion and e-commerce sales data from Ontario Cannabis Store - Sale of Data report for period between April 1 – June 30, 2022 for dried flower product between \$7.50 - \$9.99/gram and above \$12.99/gram, respectively.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis



German Medical Cannabis Business

In Germany, the Company sells IMC-branded dried flower products. The medical cannabis products sold in the German market are branded generically as IMC to increase recognition of the Company’s brand in establishing a foothold with German healthcare professionals. The Company’s IMC-branded cannabis products were launched in Germany with one high-THC flower strain in 2020. In Q4 2021, Adjupharm launched another high-THC flower strain and two full spectrum extracts. In Q1 2022 Adjupharm launched a third strain, a high-CBD flower, to offer a more complete portfolio to German physicians and patients. In Q2 2022, May was the strongest sales month to date, and the Company’s IMC Hindu Kush strain was the top selling T20 in the market, strengthening Adjupharm GmbH’s (“Adjupharm”) position as one of the top 10 cannabis companies in Germany.

In July 2021, Adjupharm was recognized by the German Brand Institute with the “German Brand Award 2021”, recognizing its excellence in brand strategy and creation, communication, and integrated marketing. The Group’s competitive advantage in Germany lies in its track record, experience and brand reputation in Israel and proprietary data supporting the potential effectiveness of medical cannabis for the treatment of a variety of conditions.



HIGH-QUALITY, RELIABLE SUPPLY

Israel

Over the last decade, Focus was the primary cultivator of medical cannabis products sold under the IMC brand in the Israeli market. Until July 2022, Focus held an IMCA license to cultivate medical cannabis at its cultivation facility (the “**Focus Facility**”). In Q2 2022, the Company closed the Focus Facility to

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

concentrate on leveraging the import of medical cannabis from its Canadian Facilities and third-party suppliers of quality medical cannabis. In July 2022, Focus received an IMCA license which allows it to import cannabis products and directly supply activity medical cannabis patients. To supplement growing demand, the Company will continue to purchase medical cannabis from third-party cultivation facilities in Israel and cultivate its genetics at third-party cultivation facilities in Israel and will rely on its existing inventory of proprietary genetics for the development.

Since 2021, the Company has focused on securing additional supply from its supply partners from outside of Israel, leveraging its improved purchasing capabilities and global presence, as well as facilitating the import of indoor-grown premium and ultra-premium cannabis from the Canadian Facilities. Importing from the Canadian Facilities aligns with the Company’s strategy of acquiring Trichome and MYM to serve as a long term, reliable source of supply to both the Israeli and German markets.

Pursuant to the applicable Israeli cannabis regulations, following the cultivation or import of medical cannabis, medical cannabis products are then packed by contracted licensed producers of medical cannabis. The packaged medical cannabis products are then sold by the Group under the Company’s brands to local Israeli pharmacies directly or through contracted distributors.

Canada

In Canada, our primary customers are provincially-owned cannabis wholesalers who in turn sell to private and public retail locations where the consumer ultimately purchases cannabis products.

The Company supplies the WAGNERS and Highland Grow brands through a combination of internally cultivated production from the Company’s facility in Ontario. To diversify the Company’s supply lines, the Company also purchases carefully curated cannabis to match its consumers’ demands and expectations.

The following table describes the Canadian Facilities:

Facility	Location	Description
Manitou Facility	Ontario	Flagship 32,050 square metre facility, with approximately 4,340 square metre of cultivation space
Trillium Facility	Ontario	Approximately 1,400 square metre processing and cultivation facility
Sublime Facility	Quebec	Approximately 930 square metre cultivation and storage facility. This facility has been sold as part of the Canadian Restructuring. For more information, see “ <i>Corporate Highlights and Events – Subsequent Events</i> ”.
Highland Facility	Nova Scotia	Approximately 530 square metre cultivation and storage facility. Although cannabis cultivation has been halted at this facility as part of the Canadian Restructuring, the facility continues to be utilized for packaging and storage.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

Following the sale of Sublime in August 2022, TJAC continues to operate the Manitou Facility and Trillium Facility and the Highland Facility is operated by Highland. The Canadian Facilities are authorized to cultivate and process cannabis pursuant to their Health Canada-issued licenses (the “**TJAC Licenses**” and the “**MYM License**”, respectively), however, only the Trillium Facility and the Highland Facility hold licenses to sell cannabis on a non-B2B basis.

Germany

The Company continues to expand its presence in the German market by forging partnerships with pharmacies and distributors across the country and developing Adjupharm and the Logistics Centre as the Company’s European hub. Adjupharm sources its supply of medical cannabis for the German market from various EU-GMP certified European and Canadian suppliers. The Logistics Centre upgraded Adjupharm’s production technology and increased its storage capacity to accommodate its anticipated growth. The Company is also focused on enabling exporting products into Germany from its Canadian Facilities, which will offer Adjupharm a reliable long-term source of supply with minimal risks inherent in the supply chain.

Adjupharm currently holds wholesale, narcotics handling, manufacturing, procurement, storage, distribution, and import/export licenses granted to it by the applicable German regulatory authorities (the “**Adjupharm Licenses**”).

NEW PRODUCT OFFERINGS

Between our various geographies, the strategy for new products varies given that each market is at a different stage of development with respect to regulatory regimes, patient and customer preferences and adoption rates.

Israel



In conjunction with its Israeli cultivation partners growing cannabis in Israel, the Company is also importing premium cannabis from its Canadian Facilities and third-party suppliers. Canadian indoor-grown cannabis commands a premium to the Israeli consumer.

In Q2 2022, the Company expanded the Craft collection and launched the Cherry Crasher cannabis strain along with Watermelon Z with additional products expected to join the Company’s Israeli medical cannabis product portfolio later this year like Strawnana, Lemon Rocket and Diesel Drift.

The company will also launch pre-rolls of its most successful and well-known strain Roma® for the first time.

The WAGNERS brand launched in Israel in Q1 2022, with premium indoor-grown cannabis from the Canadian Facilities. For the first time in the Israeli market, the WAGNERS brand introduced premium, imported, indoor-grown flower at a



Management’s Discussion and Analysis

competitive price point, which is due in large part to the Group’s vertically integrated global supply chain reducing costs across the chain.

The WAGNERS brand currently offers its Cherry Jam and Dark Helmet products in Israel with additional products expected to launch later in 2022.



Canada

The Company has amassed a portfolio of cannabis strains through the MYM Transaction and is regularly evaluating and bringing new strains to market.

WAGNERS launched new strains in Q2 2022: Tiki Rain, Rainforest Crunch, Golden Ghost OG and Turpy Slurpy as well as Sticky Black Hash in a 2g format. In Q3 2022, the Company plans to launch additional offerings, including Stone Sour and Forbidden RNTZ dried flower and pre-rolls as well as Cherry Jam and Pink Bubba pocket rockets in an infused pre-roll format (3 x 0.5g).



In Q3 2022, in addition to its White Lightning pre-rolls, Highland plans to launch two new pre-roll SKUs in Ontario, for a total of three, and continue its rollout of its Frostbite, Space Jagger and Leviathan strains on a national level, with the exception of the province of Quebec.

In Q3 2022, the Company’s distributed brand, Dymond Concentrates, is expected to bring to market varieties of infused products including pre-rolls and milled flower featuring strains such as Dymond Crown OG, Lemosha and Face Mntz.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Germany

The evolution and expansion of our portfolio shows our commitment to German physicians and patients to provide the best available strains in the global cannabis market and the opportunity to tailor treatments for each individual medical cannabis patient.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS AND EVENTS

KEY HIGHLIGHTS FOR THE QUARTER ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

In Q2 2022, the Company continued to execute on its 2021 strategy by integrating the strategic acquisitions completed in Q1 2022 and focusing on disciplined spending throughout the Group while implementing cost efficiencies through vertical integration. The Company's key highlights and events for the three months ended June 30, 2022 include:

Closure of Sde Avraham Farm in Israel

At the end of Q1 2022, the Company outlined new strategic imperatives designed to enhance organizational efficiency and reduce operating costs while further responding to the increased demand for premium, indoor-grown Canadian cannabis from Israeli consumers. As part of these changes, Focus decided to close the Focus Facility. Focus has commercial agreement with IM Cannabis to distribute its production under the IMC brand. The closure of the Focus Facility was completed in Q2 2022 and allows the Company to better leverage its fully licensed import-export supply chain and focus on importing premium and ultra-premium products from its subsidiaries in Canada and other leading Canadian suppliers. IM Cannabis will continue to support the cultivation sector in Israel by concentrating on purchasing from third-party cultivation facilities in Israel that have advanced technological greenhouses, cultivate its genetics at third-party cultivation facilities in Israel and will rely on its existing inventory of proprietary genetics.

Biome Grow Inc. Default

On April 4, 2022, the Company issued a Notice of Event of Default and Acceleration (the "**Notice of Default**") to Biome Grow Inc. (the "**Guarantor**") and its subsidiary, Cultivator Catalyst Corp. (the "**Borrower**" together with the Guarantor, the "**Obligors**"), for a total outstanding principal plus accrued and unpaid interest of approximately \$2,680 (the "**Biome Loan**"). The Company issued the Notice of Default after several failed attempts to engage the Obligors regarding an extension and repayment of the Biome Loan. On April 20, 2022, the Company issued a demand letter to the Obligors seeking immediate payment, along with a Notice to Enforce Security pursuant to section 244 of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* (Canada). On May 3, 2022, MYM filed an application with the Superior Court of Justice in Ontario (the "**Superior Court**") to appoint a receiver to take control of the Obligors' assets, including the security, to effect repayment of the Biome Loan. The Biome Loan and related security agreements were entered into in July 2020, approximately one year prior to the Company's acquisition of MYM. As part of the Biome Loan, the Obligors agreed to repay all outstanding principal and accrued and unpaid interest no later than January 31, 2022. The amount of the Biome Loan and interest payable is secured by assets held in escrow by the Obligors pursuant to a general security agreement (the "**Collateral**").

On May 12, 2022, the Company applied to and received from the Superior Court an interim order to, among other things, freeze the assets of the Obligors including the assets, which comprise MYM's Collateral for the Biome Loan. MYM has applied to the Superior Court, which granted MYM's request for the receivership of the assets of the Obligors and has scheduled an in-person hearing for the receivership application on September 12, 2022.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Adjupharm EU-GMP licence

On May 24, 2022, and following the completion of the Logistics Centre, German regulatory authorities issued extended EU-GMP licence for the Adjupharm. This revised EU-GMP permits Adjupharm to engage in additional production, cannabis testing and release activities. It allows Adjupharm to repackage of bulk cannabis, to perform stability studies and offer such services to third parties.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

NASDAQ Compliance Notice

On July 13, 2022, the Company received written notification (the "**Notification Letter**") from The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC that the Company is not in compliance with the minimum bid price requirement set forth in the rules for continued listing on NASDAQ (the "**Listing Rules**"). The Notification Letter does not impact the Company's listing on NASDAQ at this time. In accordance with the Listing Rule, the Company has 180 calendar days, or until January 9, 2023, to regain compliance with the Listing Rules. To regain compliance, the Common Shares must have a closing bid price of at least US\$1.00 for a minimum of 10 consecutive business days. In the event the Company does not regain compliance by January 9, 2023, the Company may be eligible for additional time to regain compliance or may face delisting. The Company is currently formulating a plan to regain compliance of the minimum bid price requirements within the allowable timeframe as per the Nasdaq Listing Rules.

The Company's common shares are also listed on the CSE and the Notification Letter does not affect the Company's compliance status with such listing.

Canadian Restructuring

In Q2 2022, the Company commenced a restructuring plan in Canada as part of its disciplined approach to spending and implementing cost efficiencies. On August 5, 2022, as part of the Canadian Restructuring, the Company entered into an agreement to sell all of the issued and outstanding shares of Sublime on an "as-is, where is" basis to a group of purchasers that included current and former members of the Sublime management team for aggregate proceeds of approximately \$100 less working capital adjustments, for a final net purchase price of \$89 (the "**Sublime Transaction**"). The Sublime Transaction included the sale of the Sublime Facility lease obligation and Sublime's related operations. The transaction constituted a "related party transaction" within the meaning of Multilateral Instrument 61-101 – *Take-Over Bids and Special Transactions* ("**MI 61-101**"). Pursuant to Sections 5.5(a) and 5.7(1)(a) of MI 61-101, the transaction is exempt from the formal valuation and minority shareholder approval requirements of such instrument. For more information, see "*Strategy in Detail – Geographies and New Markets – Canada*" and "*Transactions with Related Parties*".

The Company will continue to support the Canadian Facilities and its Israeli and German operations by purchasing cannabis from world-leading cannabis suppliers and third-party supply partners.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REVIEW OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Below is the analysis of the changes that occurred for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 with further commentary provided below.

	For the six months ended June 30,		For the three months ended June 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021
Net Revenues	\$ 47,390	\$ 19,879	\$23,821	\$ 11,112	\$ 54,300
Gross profit before fair value impacts in cost of sales	\$ 11,967	\$ 5,229	\$ 5,613	\$ 602	\$ 11,882
Gross margin before fair value impacts in cost of sales (%)	25%	26%	24%	5%	22%
Operating Loss	\$ (30,207)	\$ (12,422)	\$ (18,658)	\$ (10,717)	\$ (38,389)
Loss	\$ (29,719)	\$ (374)	\$ (18,978)	\$ (5,089)	\$ (18,518)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company – Basic (in CAD)	\$ (0.40)	\$ -	\$ (0.27)	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.31)
Loss per share attributable to equity holders of the Company - Diluted (in CAD)	\$ (0.47)	\$ (0.28)	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.23)	\$ (0.66)

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		For the Three months ended June 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021
Average net selling price of dried flower (per Gram)	\$ 5.95	\$ 4.33	\$ 5.72	\$ 3.92	\$ 4.90
Average net selling price of other cannabis products (per Gram) ¹	\$ 6.53	\$ 3.68	\$ 6.84	\$ 3.18	\$ 4.70
Quantity harvested and trimmed (in Kilograms) ²	2,350	1,282	606	1,151	4,770
Quantity of other cannabis products sold (in Kilograms) ¹	1,143	203	642	158	1,033
Quantity of dried flower sold (in Kilograms)	6,245	3,028	3,210	1,842	8,410

Notes:

1. Cannabis selling prices in the Canadian market are characterized by lower selling prices than dried flowers in the Israeli and German market.
2. Including other cannabis products such as Concentrates, Kief, Hash and Pre-rolls.
3. Harvested flowers, after trimming and ready for manufacturing.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The Overview of Financial Performance includes reference to “Gross Margin”, which is a non-IFRS financial measure that the Company defines as the difference between revenue and cost of revenues divided by revenue (expressed as a percentage), prior to the effect of a fair value adjustment for inventory and biological assets. For more information on non-IFRS financial measures, see the “*Non-IFRS Financial Measures*” and “*Metrics and Non-IFRS Financial Measures*” sections of the MD&A.

OPERATIONAL RESULTS

In each of the markets in which the Company operates, the Company must navigate evolving customer and patient trends in order for it to continue to be competitive with other suppliers of medical cannabis products.

The Company believes that there are a number of key factors creating tailwinds to facilitate further industry growth. In Israel, the number of licensed medical patients continues to increase and currently stands at 116,570 as of July 2022. This figure is expected to continue growing in the coming years and may further benefit from regulatory change liberalizing the cannabis market in Israel. Moreover, the acquisitions of the Israeli Pharmacies positions IM Cannabis as a large distributor of medical cannabis in Israel. As the Israeli cannabis market has become increasingly competitive, the ability to import premium cannabis from Canada is a key determinant of the Company's success in Israel.

In Canada, the adult-use recreational cannabis market is expected to grow from \$1.13 billion in Q2 2022 (\$4.5 billion annualized)⁸ to \$6.7 billion in annual sales by 2026.⁹ The cannabis industry in Canada remains highly competitive and generally oversupplied, particularly in value products, and in part due to the ongoing viability of the illicit market.

The German medical cannabis market has been slower to develop due to the difficulty in medical patients accessing prescriptions and insurance reimbursements. The Company has, however, seen an increase in the number of patients paying out-of-pocket for medical cannabis products in Germany, which the Company believes is supportive of its business plan as it relies less on the need for patient's insurance coverage for re-imbusement.

The newly elected coalition government in Germany has endorsed the legalization of adult-use cannabis. While no specific legislation has yet been tabled and any implementation is expected to take time, the Company believes that Germany has the potential to be the second largest federally legal, adult-use market in the world.

The Company's outlook in Germany is further supported by its focus on the cultivation and distribution of premium and ultra-premium cannabis products exclusively, which the Company believes to be in the greatest demand in all of its markets. In comparison to other markets, the Company faces less competition in Germany and therefore is less likely to face significant price competition.

⁸ Based on HiFyre Data for period between October 1 – December 31, 2021.

⁹ BDSA, <https://www.globenewswire.com/news-release/2021/09/21/2300624/0/en/BDSA-Reports-Global-Cannabis-Sales-Surge-41-YoY-in-2021-Will-Surpass-62-Billion-by-2026.html>

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REVENUES AND GROSS MARGINS

REVENUES

The revenues of the Group are primarily generated from sales of medical cannabis products to customers in Israel and Germany as well as adult-use recreational cannabis products to customers in Canada. The three reportable geographical segments in which the Company operates are Israel, Canada and Germany.

For the six months ended June 30:

	Israel		Canada		Germany		Adjustments		Total	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Revenues	\$24,206	\$9,807	\$21,686	\$3,778	\$ 1,498	\$6,294	\$ -	\$ -	\$47,390	\$19,879
Inter-segment revenues	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,481	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,481)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total revenues	\$24,206	\$9,807	\$ 24,167	\$ 3,778	\$ 1,498	\$6,294	\$ (2,481)	\$ -	\$47,390	\$19,879
Segment income (loss)	\$(9,986)	\$(776)	\$(15,880)	\$(5,996)	\$(2,009)	\$(1,126)	\$ -	\$ -	\$(27,875)	\$(7,898)
Unallocated corporate expenses	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$(2,332)	\$(4,524)	\$(2,332)	\$(4,524)
Total operating (loss) income	\$(9,986)	\$(776)	\$(15,880)	\$(5,996)	\$(2,009)	\$(1,126)	\$(2,332)	\$(4,524)	\$(30,207)	\$(12,422)
Depreciation & amortization	\$ 1,316	\$ 1,038	\$ 2,744	\$ 565	\$ -	\$ 40	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,060	\$ 1,643

The consolidated revenues of the Group for the six months ended June 30, 2022 were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis products in Israel and Germany, as well as from the sale of adult-use recreational cannabis in Canada.

- Revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$47,390 and \$19,879, respectively, representing an increase of \$27,511 or 138%. Revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$23,821 and \$11,112, respectively, representing an increase of \$12,709 or 114%. The increase in revenues is primarily attributed to the increase in the quantity of medical and recreational cannabis products sold, as well as from the higher average selling price per gram the Company realized from its portfolio of premium branded cannabis products in Israel and Canada. Additional increase derived from the Company's organic growth and related synergies in the areas where it operates.
- Revenues from the Israeli operation were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis through the Company's agreement with Focus and the consolidation of revenues from the Company's acquisition of the Israeli Pharmacies.
- Revenues from the Company's Canadian operation include revenues from the sale of adult-use recreational cannabis in Canada through the acquisitions of TJAC and MYM.

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- In Germany, Company revenues were attributed to the sale of medical cannabis through the Company's subsidiary, Adjupharm.
- Total dried flower sold for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 6,245kg at an average selling price of \$5.95 per gram compared to 3,028kg for the same period in 2021 at an average selling price of \$4.33 per gram, derived mainly from the higher average selling price per gram the Company recognized through the acquisition of the Israeli pharmacies in Israel. Total dried flower sold for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was 3,210kg at an average selling price of \$5.72 per gram compared to 1,842kg for the three months ended June 30, 2021 at an average selling price of \$3.92 per gram.
- The increase in revenues related to dried flower in the six and three months ended June 30, 2022 is attributable to deliveries made under the Focus' sales agreements with pharmacies and revenues generated from Adjupharm, Trichome, MYM, and the Israeli subsidiaries.
- Total other cannabis product sold for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was 1,143kg at an average selling price of \$6.53 per gram as compared to 203kg at an average selling price of \$3.68 per gram in the six months ended June 30, 2021. Total other cannabis product sold for the three months ended June 30, 2022 was 642kg at an average selling price of \$6.84 per gram compared to \$158 for the three months ended June 30, 2021 at an average selling price of \$3.18 per gram. Other cannabis products include kief, hash and pre-rolls and are attributable to Trichome and MYM and the sales of the WAGNERS, Highland and Sublime brands in 2022.

COST OF REVENUES

Cost of revenues is comprised of cultivation costs, purchase of materials and finished goods, utilities, salary expenses and import costs, including the purchase of raw materials, production, product testing, shipping and sales related costs. At harvest, the biological assets are transferred to inventory at their fair value which becomes the deemed cost for the inventory. Inventory is later expensed to the cost of sales when sold. Direct production costs are expensed through the cost of sales.

The fair value of biological assets is categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The inputs and assumptions used in determining the fair value of biological assets include:

1. Selling price per gram - calculated as the weighted average historical selling price for all strains of cannabis sold by the Group, which is expected to approximate future selling prices.
2. Post-harvest costs - calculated as the cost per gram of harvested cannabis to complete the sale of cannabis plants post-harvest, consisting of the cost of direct and indirect materials, depreciation and labor as well as labelling and packaging costs.
3. Attrition rate - represents the weighted average percentage of biological assets which are expected to fail to mature into cannabis plants that can be harvested.
4. Average yield per plant - represents the expected number of grams of finished cannabis inventory which are expected to be obtained from each harvested cannabis plant.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

5. Stage of growth - represents the weighted average number of weeks out of the average weeks growing cycle that biological assets have reached as of the measurement date. The growing cycle is approximately 12 weeks.

The following table quantifies each significant unobservable input, and also provides the impact that a 10% increase/decrease in each input would have on the fair value of biological assets grown by the Company:

			10% change as of	
	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021	June 30, 2022	December 31, 2021
	In CAD		In Thousands of CAD	
Average selling price per gram of dried cannabis	\$ 3.61	\$ 3.64	\$ 186	\$ 296
Average post-harvest costs per gram of dried cannabis	\$ 0.76	\$ 1.16	\$ 41	\$ 140
Attrition rate	30%	27%	149	100
Average yield per plant (in grams)	40	47	144	228
Average stage of growth	48%	47%	139	212

Note:

- The cost of revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$35,423 and \$14,650, respectively, representing an increase of \$20,773 or 142%. Cost of revenues for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$18,208 and \$10,510, respectively, representing an increase of \$7,698 or 73%.

Focus, Highland and TJAC expect net cost of revenues to vary from quarter to quarter based on the number of pre-harvest plants, after harvest plants, the strains being grown and technological progress in the trimming machines.

GROSS PROFIT

The Company's formula for calculating gross profit includes:

- production costs (current period costs that are directly attributable to the cannabis growing and harvesting process);
- materials and finished goods purchase costs;
- a fair value adjustment on sale of inventory (the change in fair value associated with biological assets that were transferred to inventory upon harvest); and
- a fair value adjustment on growth of biological assets (the estimated fair value less cost to sell of biological assets as at the reporting date).

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Gross profit also includes the net change in fair value of biological assets, inventory expensed and production costs. Biological assets consist of cannabis plants at various after-harvest stages which are recorded at fair value less costs to sell after harvest.

Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$10,585 and \$4,460, respectively, representing an increase of \$6,125 or 137%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 gross profit (loss) was \$4,015 and \$(568), respectively, representing a decrease of \$4,583 or (807%).

Gross profit included gains (losses) from unrealized changes in fair value of biological assets and realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold of \$(1,382) and \$(769) for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. Losses from unrealized changes in fair value of biological assets and realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$(1,598) and \$(1,170), respectively. Fair value adjustments were impacted primarily due to lower valuation to unrealized biological assets during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

In the six months ended June 30, 2022, the impact of global inflation on the Company resulted in higher than usual operating costs, and in particular higher costs of raw materials, shipping and transport services and the cost of hiring skilled labor to ensure the Company remains on track with scheduled manufacturing and regulatory milestones. There is no assurance that inflation will not continue to have similar impacts on the Company's operations in Q3 and Q4 of 2022.

EXPENSES

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE

General and administrative expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$20,226 and \$12,388, respectively, representing an increase of \$7,838 or 63%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, general and administrative expenses were \$11,184 and \$7,475, respectively, representing an increase of \$3,709 or 50%.

The increase in the general and administrative expense is mainly attributable to the growing corporate activities in Israel and Canada following the Company's acquisitions in 2021. The expenses derived mainly from professional services, legal fees and other consulting services. The general and administrative expenses are comprised mainly from salaries to employees in the amount of \$5,263, professional fees in the amount of \$3,909, depreciation and amortization in the amount of \$1,920, impairment of indemnification asset in the amount of \$3,817 and insurance costs in the amount of \$1,521.

On April 6, 2022, Focus announced its decision, from March 30, 2022, to close the Sde Avraham cultivation farm in Israel and therefore the Company recorded restructuring expenses related to impairment of property, plant and equipment, biological assets and right of use asset and liabilities, in the total amount of \$4,383.

In June 2022, the Company commenced the Canadian Restructuring, aimed at saving approximately \$1,000 in quarterly cash expenses. The majority of the cost reductions are expected to occur in the third quarter of 2022, with full realization of the cost savings plan in the fourth quarter of 2022. As a result of the Canadian Restructuring, the Company recognized a restructuring expense of \$121, related inventory

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write-offs of \$192, impairment of tangible assets of \$2,886, and impairment of intangible asset of \$1,581. For more information, see *"Strategy in Detail – Geographies and New Markets – Canada"*.

SELLING AND MARKETING

Selling and marketing expenses for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$8,746 and \$2,485, respectively, representing an increase of \$6,261 or 252%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022, selling and marketing expenses were \$5,026, compared to \$1,296 for the three months ended June 30, 2021, representing an increase of \$3,730 or 288%. The increase in the selling and marketing expenses was due mainly to the Company's increased marketing efforts in Israel, brand launch in Germany, and increased distribution expenses relating to the growth in sales and consolidation of selling and marketing expenses of entities acquired in 2021. The increase in cost is also partially attributed to the rising costs of distribution, shipping and transport of the company's products.

SHARE-BASED COMPENSATION

Share-based compensation expense for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$2,658 and \$2,003, respectively, representing an increase \$655 or 33%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, share-based compensation expense was \$1,048 and \$1,373, respectively, representing a decrease of \$325 or 24%. The increase for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was mainly due to the grant of new incentive stock options ("**Options**").

FINANCING

Financing income (expense), net, for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$(830) and \$12,588, respectively, representing a decrease of \$13,418 or 107%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, financing income (expense), net was \$(1,385) and \$5,665, respectively, representing a decrease of \$7,050 or 124%. The change for the period was mainly due to the updated valuation of the Company's Warrants. This change includes the non-cash financial expense related to the Biome Loan in the amount of \$1,803 as well as other financial instruments, affected by the Company's decreased share price, in the amount of \$5,697 and \$13,049, respectively.

NET INCOME/LOSS

Net loss for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 was \$29,719 and \$374, respectively, representing a net loss increase of \$29,345 or 7,846%. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, Net loss was \$18,978 and \$5,089 respectively, representing a net loss increase of \$13,889 or 273%. The net loss increase related to factors impacting net income from operations described above, and financing income driven by revaluation of warrants and other financial instruments in the amount of \$5,697, which were recorded against liability on the grant day and were re-evaluated at June 30, 2022 through profit or loss.

NET INCOME (LOSS) PER SHARE BASIC AND DILUTED

Basic loss per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to holders of Common Shares by the weighted average number of Common Shares outstanding during the period. Diluted profit per

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Common Share is calculated by adjusting the earnings and number of Common Shares for the effects of dilutive warrants and other potentially dilutive securities. The weighted average number of Common Shares used as the denominator in calculating diluted profit per Common Share excludes unissued Common Shares related to Options as they are antidilutive. Basic Income (Loss) per Common Share for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$(0.40) and \$nil per Common Share, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$(0.27) and \$(0.10) respectively.

Diluted Income (Loss) per Common Share for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$(0.47) and \$(0.28) per Common Share, respectively. Diluted Income (Loss) per Common Share for the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 were \$(0.30) and \$(0.23), respectively.

TOTAL ASSETS

Total assets as at June 30, 2022 were \$255,305, compared to \$287,388 as at December 31, 2021, representing a decrease of \$32,083 or 11%. This decrease was primarily due to restructuring of the facilities in Sde Avraham and the Sublime Transaction leading to a depreciation of right-of-use assets and property plant and equipment in the amount of approximately \$7,953. The additional decrease is attributed to the revaluation of other receivables in the amount of approximately of \$3,818 and also by the translation of items denominated in NIS in the Company's balance sheet.

INTANGIBLE ASSETS

On March 18, 2021, the Trichome Transaction was completed whereby the Company acquired all of the issued and outstanding securities of Trichome for a total Common Share consideration valued at approximately \$99,028. Upon completion of the Trichome Transaction, the businesses of IM Cannabis and Trichome have been combined.

- Through the Trichome Transaction, the Company recognized goodwill of approximately \$67,269 and intangible assets, primarily attributed to the cultivation license, worth approximately \$6,458 (based on a preliminary purchase price allocation). The goodwill arising on acquisition is attributed to the expected benefits from the synergies of the combination of the activities of the Company and Trichome, as well as value attributed to the assembled workforce, which is included in goodwill. The goodwill recognized is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes.
- The Company recognized the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the business combination according to a provisional measurement. The purchase consideration and the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities may be adjusted within 12 months from the acquisition date. At the date of final measurement, adjustments are generally made by restating comparative information previously determined provisionally. As of the date of the Interim Financial Statements, a final valuation for the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by an external valuation specialist had been obtained.

On July 9, 2021, the Company completed the MYM Transaction. As a result, the Company recognized goodwill of approximately \$39,932 and intangible assets consisting of brand name and customer relationships worth approximately \$17,200 (based on a preliminary purchase price allocation study). The goodwill arising on acquisition is attributed to the expected benefits from the synergies of the

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combination of the activities of the Company and MYM, as well as value attributed to the assembled workforce, which is included in goodwill. The goodwill recognized is not expected to be deductible for income tax purposes. As part of the closure of the Sublime Facility the Company recorded impairment of intangible assets in the amount of \$1,581.

- The Company recognized the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the business combination according to a provisional measurement. The purchase consideration and the fair value of the acquired assets and liabilities may be adjusted within 12 months from the acquisition date. At the date of final measurement, adjustments are generally made by restating comparative information previously determined provisionally. As of the date of the Interim Financial Statements, a final valuation for the fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed by an external valuation specialist had yet been obtained.

INVESTMENT IN XINTEZA

On December 26, 2019, IMC Holdings entered into a share purchase agreement with Xinteza API Ltd. ("**Xinteza**"), a company with a unique biosynthesis technology, whereby the Company acquired, on an as-converted and fully diluted basis, 25.37% of Xinteza's outstanding share capital, for consideration of US\$1,700 (approximately \$2,165 as of December 31, 2021) paid in several installments (the "**Xinteza SPA**"). As of June 30, 2022, the Company has paid all outstanding installments pertaining to the Xinteza SPA and currently holds 23.35% of the outstanding share capital of Xinteza on an as-converted and fully diluted basis. On February 24, 2022, IMC Holdings entered into a simple agreement for future equity with Xinteza, under which IMC Holdings paid US\$100 (approximately \$125), in exchange for right to certain shares of Xinteza.

TOTAL LIABILITIES

Total liabilities as of June 30, 2022 were \$75,764, compared to \$82,443 at December 31, 2021, representing a decrease of \$6,679 or 8%. The decrease was mainly due to a decrease of \$3,298 in purchase consideration payable, \$2,737 in accrued expenses and \$5,703 in Warrants, offset by an increase of \$8,500 in bank loans and financial facilities and \$1,211 in trade payables.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, the Company recorded revenues of \$47,390. In addition, Company collected \$335 in proceeds from the exercises of Options.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company had a working capital surplus of \$9,757 to further support its liquidity, compared to working capital surplus of \$29,955 as at December 31, 2021.

The Company can face liquidity fluctuations from time to time, resulting from delays in sales and slow inventory movements.

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On May 14, 2021, the Company's subsidiary, TJAC, entered into a revolving credit facility (the "**Revolver**") for \$5,000 with a private Canadian creditor. The Revolver has an initial term of 12 months that can be extended upon the mutual agreement of both parties. Per annum interest is equal to the greater of (i) 9.75% and, (ii) the Toronto Dominion Bank prime rate, plus 7.30%. The Revolver has a standby fee of 2.40% per annum, which is charged against the unused portion. Advanced amounts are secured against the assets of TJAC and Trichome, with Trichome providing a guarantee for the Revolver. To maintain the Revolver, TJAC must abide by certain financial covenants, such as the maintenance of a tangible net worth greater than \$5,000 and a debt service coverage ratio of 2:1. On September 23, 2021, TJAC increased the limit on the Revolver from \$5,000 to \$7,500 and added Highland's assets to the Revolver borrowing base. The increase will be used to finance TJAC and MYM's receivables in order to manage the timing of cash flows. On October 18, 2021, TJAC and MYM increased the limit on the Revolver to \$10,000. The increase will be used to finance TJAC and MYM's receivables in order to manage the timing of cash flows. On March 29, 2022, the limit on the Revolver increased from \$10,000 to \$15,000 and was renewed for an additional 12 months.

In January 2022, Focus entered into a revolving credit facility with Bank Mizrahi (the "**Mizrahi Facility**"), which is guaranteed by certain Focus assets. Advances from the Mizrahi Facility will be used for working capital needs. The Mizrahi Facility has a total commitment of up to NIS 15,000 (approximately \$6,000) and has a one-year term for on-going needs and 6-month term for imports and purchases needs. The Mizrahi Facility is renewable upon mutual agreement by the parties. The borrowing base available for draw at any time throughout the Mizrahi Facility and is subject to several covenants to be measured on a quarterly basis. The Mizrahi Facility bears interest of Israeli prime interest plus 1.5% (approximately 4.25% as of July 2022) per annum.

The Company believes that the generated cash flow from working capital in the different jurisdictions in which it operates, as well as future financing rounds and debt raises will meet all of its future capital requirements. In evaluating its capital requirements and the ability to fund the execution of its strategy, the Company believes it has adequate availability to meet its working capital and other operating requirements, fund growth initiatives and capital expenditures, settle its liabilities, and repay scheduled principal and interest payments on debt for at least the next twelve months.

The Company has ensured that it has access to public capital markets through its CSE and NASDAQ listings and continues to review and pursue selected external financing sources to ensure adequate financial resources. These potential sources include, but are not limited to, (i) obtaining financing from traditional or non-traditional investment capital organizations and (ii) obtaining funding from the sale of the Company's securities. There can be no assurance that we will gain adequate market acceptance for our products or be able to generate sufficient positive cash flow to achieve our business plans. We expect to continue funding these purchases with our available cash and cash equivalents. Therefore, we are subject to risks including, but not limited to, our inability to raise additional funds through financings to support our continued development, including capital expenditure requirements, operating requirements and to meet our liabilities and commitments as they come due.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company had a working capital surplus of \$9,757, compared to working capital surplus of \$29,955 as at December 31, 2021. The decrease in working capital of \$20,198 was primarily due to increase in inventory, trade and other receivables, offset by trade and other payables including purchase consideration payable. As of June 30, 2022, the Company had a cash balance of \$5,861.

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As at June 30, 2022, the Group's financial liabilities consisted of accounts payable and other accounts payable which have contractual maturity dates within one year. The Group manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. Based on the Group's working capital position at June 30, 2022, management considers liquidity risk to be low.

As at June 30, 2022, the Group has identified the following liquidity risks related to financial liabilities (undiscounted):

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	> 10 years
Contractual Obligations	\$ 33,550	\$ 11,638	\$ 14,042	-

The maturity profile of the Company's other financial liabilities (trade payables, other account payable and accrued expenses, and warrants) as of June 30, 2022 are less than one year.

Contractual Obligations	Payments Due by Period				
	Total	Less than one year	1 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	After 5 years
Debt	\$ 30,516	\$ 30,162	\$ 354	\$ -	\$ -
Finance Lease Obligations	\$ 28,519	\$ 3,193	\$ 5,943	\$ 5,341	\$ 14,042
Operating Leases	\$ 74	\$ 74	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Purchase Obligations ¹	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other Obligations ²	\$ 121	\$ 121	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Contractual Obligations	\$ 59,230	\$ 33,550	\$ 6,297	\$ 5,341	\$ 14,042

Notes:

1. "Purchase Obligation" means an agreement to purchase goods or services that is enforceable and legally binding on the Company that specifies all significant terms, including: fixed or minimum quantities to be purchased; fixed, minimum or variable price provisions; and the approximate timing of the transaction.
2. "Other Obligations" means other financial liabilities reflected on the Company's statement of financial position.

The Interim Financial Statements have been prepared on the basis of accounting principles applicable to a going concern, which assumes that the Company will continue in operation for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of operations. The Interim Financial Statements do not include any adjustments to the amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that would be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of Common Shares without par value, 69,695,325 of which were issued and outstanding as at the date hereof.

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The Common Shares confer upon their holders the right to participate in the general meeting with each Common Share carrying the right to one vote on all matters. The Common Shares also allow holders to receive dividends if and when declared and to participate in the distribution of surplus assets in the case of liquidation of the Company.

OTHER SECURITIES

As of June 30, 2022, the Company also has the following outstanding securities which are convertible into, or exercisable or exchangeable for, voting or equity securities of the Company: 4,574,828 Options, 550,000 restricted share units and 384,917 2019 Broker Compensation Options (as defined below), 3,043,478 2021 Offered Warrants (as defined below) and 33,731 unlisted warrants derived from the exercise of compensation options. For more information, see *"Financial Background"*.

FINANCIAL BACKGROUND

On October 11, 2019, the Company completed the Reverse Takeover Transaction, effected by way of a "triangular merger" between the Company, IMC Holdings and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company pursuant to Israeli statutory law.

In connection with the Reverse Takeover Transaction, the Company completed a private placement offering of 19,460,527 subscription receipts (each a "**Subscription Receipt**") (on a pre-Share Consolidation (as defined below) basis) of a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company at a price of \$1.05 per Subscription Receipt for aggregate gross proceeds of \$20,433. Upon completion of the Reverse Takeover Transaction, each Subscription Receipt was exchanged for one unit comprised of one (1) common share and one-half of one (1/2) warrant (each whole warrant, a "**2019 Listed Warrant**"). Each 2019 Listed Warrant was exercisable for one Common Share at an exercise price of \$1.30 until October 11, 2021. A total of 9,730,258 2019 Listed Warrants were issued and listed for trading on the CSE under the ticker "IMCC.WT". The 2019 Listed Warrants expired on October 11, 2021.

The Company also issued the agent who acted on its behalf in connection with the Reverse Takeover Transaction, a total of 1,199,326 2019 Broker Compensation Options (the "**2019 Broker Compensation Options**"). Following the Share Consolidation, the 2019 Broker Compensation Options were adjusted to require four 2019 Broker Compensation Options to be exercised for one underlying unit at an adjusted exercise price of \$4.20, with each unit exercisable into one Common Share and one-half of one Common Share purchase warrant (the "**2019 Unlisted Warrants**"). Following the Share Consolidation, the 2019 Unlisted Warrants were adjusted to require four 2019 Unlisted Warrants to be exercised for one Common Share at an adjusted exercise price of \$5.20. The 2019 Broker Compensation Options and the 2019 Unlisted Warrants will expire on August 30, 2022.

On May 7, 2021, the Company completed an offering (the "**2021 Offering**") for a total of 6,086,956 shares (the "**2021 Offered Shares**") and 3,043,478 Common Share purchase warrants (the "**2021 Offered Warrants**"). Each 2021 Offered Warrant is exercisable for one (1) Common Share at an exercise price of US\$7.20 for a term of 5 years from the date of closing of the 2021 Offering.

The Company also issued a total of 182,609 broker compensation options (the "**2021 Broker Compensation Options**") to the agents who acted on its behalf in connection with the 2021 Offering. Each 2021 Broker Compensation Option is exercisable for one (1) Common Share at an exercise price of

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US\$6.61, at any time following November 5, 2021 until November 5, 2024. There are 182,609 2021 Broker Compensation Options outstanding.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized a revaluation gain (loss) of \$nil and \$(16,540), respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized a revaluation gain (loss) of \$nil and \$(14,107) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, in which the unrealized gain is included in finance income (expense).

As of June 30, 2022, and 2021, there were 3,043,478 and 3,043,478 2021 Offered Warrants outstanding, respectively, re-measured by the Company, using the Black-Scholes pricing model, in the amount of \$3,347 and \$11,415, respectively. For the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, the Company recognized the revaluation gain (loss) in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, in which the unrealized gain is included in finance income (expense).

OPERATING, FINANCING AND INVESTING ACTIVITIES

The following table highlights the Company's cash flow activities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 and year ended December 31, 2021:

	For the Six Months Ended June 30,		For the three months ended June 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021
Net cash provided by (used in):					
Operating activities	\$ (10,930)	\$ (23,011)	\$ (1,487)	\$ (15,220)	\$ (34,372)
Investing activities	\$ (639)	\$ 4,071	\$ (307)	\$ 4,620	\$ (9,012)
Financing activities	\$ 7,121	\$ 43,521	\$ 1,758	\$ 43,051	\$ 48,731
Effect of foreign exchange	\$ (3,594)	\$ 584	\$ (4,418)	\$ 347	\$ (329)
Increase (Decrease) in cash	\$ (8,042)	\$ 25,165	\$ (4,454)	\$ 32,798	\$ 5,018

Operating activities used cash of \$10,930 and \$23,011 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, operating activities used cash of \$1,487 and \$15,220, respectively. This variance is primarily due to increase in the business activities of the Company including corporate expenses for salaries, professional fees and marketing expenses in Israel, Germany and Canada. In the six months ended June 30, 2022, cash was predominantly used to expand the Company's Canadian and Israeli operations.

Investing activities used cash of \$639 and \$(4,071) for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, investing activities used cash of \$307 and \$(4,620), respectively. Cash was used to enhance production through the purchase of equipment mainly for Highland and TJAC in the amount of \$1,076 and was offset by repayment of loan receivable in the amount of \$350.

Financing activities used cash of \$7,121 and \$43,521 for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively. For the three months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, financing activities used cash of \$1,758

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and \$43,051, respectively. Most of the cash was derived from receipt of loans during the six months ended June 30, 2022 in the amount of \$8,871 offset by payment of lease in the amount of \$1,581.

SELECTED ANNUAL INFORMATION

For the year ended	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Revenues	\$ 54,300	\$ 15,890
Net Loss	\$ (18,518)	\$ (28,734)
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	\$ (0.31)	\$ (0.74)
Diluted net income (Loss) per share:	\$ (0.66)	\$ (0.74)
Total assets	\$ 287,388	\$ 38,116
Total non-current liabilities	\$ 31,216	\$ 19,237

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

For the three months ended	June 30, 2022	March 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	September 30, 2021
Revenues	\$ 23,821	\$ 23,569	\$ 20,028	\$ 14,393
Net income (Loss)	\$ (18,978)	\$ (10,741)	\$ (12,488)	\$ (5,656)
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	\$ (0.27)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.06)
Diluted net loss per share:	\$ (0.30)	\$ (0.17)	\$ (0.19)	\$ (0.18)
For the three months ended	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2021	December 31, 2020	September 30, 2020
Revenues	\$ 11,112	\$ 8,767	\$ 4,900	\$ 5,893
Net income (Loss)	\$ (5,089)	\$ 4,715	\$ (19,976)	\$ 738
Basic net income (Loss) per share:	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.11	\$ (0.5)	\$ 0.004
Diluted net income (Loss) per share:	\$ (0.23)	\$ (0.06)	\$ (0.5)	\$ 0.004

The Company has consistently increased revenues on a quarterly basis as a result of the Group's acquisition strategy and its organic growth. While revenues increased, net income (loss) was effected by the Company's rapid growth which included acquisitions fees, integration costs, costs related to the Company's NASDAQ listing in Q1 2021 and fees related to the 2021 Offering.

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METRICS AND NON-IFRS FINANCIAL MEASURES

This MD&A makes reference to certain non-IFRS financial measures including "Gross Margin", "EBITDA", and "Adjusted EBITDA". These measures are not recognized measures under IFRS and do not have a standardized meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Rather, these measures are provided as additional information to complement those IFRS measures by providing further understanding of our results of operations from management's perspective. Accordingly, these measures should neither be considered in isolation nor as a substitute for analysis of our financial information reported under IFRS.

Management defines Gross Margin as the difference between revenue and cost of goods sold divided by revenue (expressed as a percentage), prior to the effect of a fair value adjustment for inventory and biological assets. Management defines EBITDA as income earned or lost from operations, as reported, before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization. Adjusted EBITDA is defined as EBITDA, adjusted by removing other non-recurring or non-cash items, including the unrealized change in fair value of biological assets, realized fair value adjustments on inventory sold in the period, share-based compensation expenses, and revaluation adjustments of financial assets and liabilities measured on a fair value basis. Management believes that Adjusted EBITDA is a useful financial metric to assess its operating performance on a cash adjusted basis before the impact of non-recurring or non-cash items.

The non-IFRS financial measures can provide investors with supplemental measures of our operating performance and thus highlight trends in our core business that may not otherwise be apparent when relying solely on IFRS measures. We also believe that securities analysts, investors and other interested parties frequently use non-IFRS financial measures in the evaluation of issuers. Our management also uses these non-IFRS financial measures in order to facilitate operating performance comparisons from period to period, to prepare annual operating budgets and forecasts and to determine components of management compensation. As required by Canadian securities laws, we reconcile these non-IFRS financial measures to the most comparable IFRS measures.

GROSS MARGIN

Six months ended	<u>June 30, 2022</u>	<u>June 30, 2021</u>
Net Revenue	\$ 47,390	\$ 19,879
Cost of sales	\$ 35,423	\$ 14,650
Gross profit before FV adjustments	\$ 11,967	\$ 5,229
Gross margin before FV adjustments	25%	26%

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EBITDA AND ADJUSTED EBITDA

	For the Six Months ended June 30,		For the Three Months ended June 30,		For the Year ended December 31,
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2021
Operating Loss	\$ (30,207)	\$ (12,422)	\$ (18,658)	\$ (10,717)	\$ (38,389)
Depreciation & Amortization	\$ 4,060	\$ 1,643	\$ 2,223	\$ 1,258	\$ 6,004
EBITDA	\$ (26,147)	\$ (10,779)	\$ (16,435)	\$ (9,459)	\$ (32,385)
IFRS Biological assets fair value adjustments, net	\$ 1,382	\$ 769	\$ 1,598	\$ 1,170	\$ 1,586
Share-based payments	\$ 2,658	\$ 2,003	\$ 1,048	\$ 1,373	\$ 7,471
Costs related to the NASDAQ listing	\$ -	\$ 1,261	\$ -	\$ 1,139	\$ 1,296
Restructuring cost	\$ 9,162	\$ -	\$ 5,415	\$ -	\$ -
Other non-recurring costs	\$ 3,817	\$ -	\$ 3,750	\$ -	\$ -
Adjusted EBITDA (Non-IFRS)¹	\$ (9,128)	\$ (6,746)	\$ (4,624)	\$ (5,777)	\$ (22,032)

The Company's Adjusted EBITDA for the six months ended June 30, 2022 decreased primarily due to the general and administrative costs mainly attributable to the growing corporate activities in Israel, Canada, and Germany, professional services derived from legal fees and other consulting services, salaries to employees and increased insurance costs upon listing on NASDAQ.

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

RENTAL LIABILITIES

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's lease liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments (including interest payments):

June 30, 2022:

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	>10 years
Lease liabilities	\$ 3,193	\$ 11,284	\$ 14,042	-

June 30, 2021:

	Less than one year	1 to 5 years	6 to 10 years	>10 years
Lease liabilities	\$ 198	\$ 298	\$ 574	-

The maturity profile of the Company's other financial liabilities with liquidity risk (trade payables, other account payable and accrued expenses) as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, are less than one year.

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LITIGATION AND REGULATORY PROCEEDINGS

CLASS ACTION T.Z. 35676-08-19 TEL AVIV - JAFFA DISTRICT COURT

On August 19, 2019, a cannabis consumer (the "**Applicant**") filed a motion for approval of a class action to Tel Aviv - Jaffa District Court (the "**Motion**") against 17 companies (the "**Parties**") operating in the field of medical cannabis in Israel, including Focus. The Applicant's argument is that the Parties did not accurately mark the concentration of active ingredients in their products. The personal suit sum for each class member stands at NIS 15,585 and the total amount of the class action suit is estimated at NIS 685,740,000. On June 2, 2020, the Parties submitted their response to the Motion. The Parties argue in their response that the threshold conditions for approval of a class action were not met, since there is no reasonable possibility that the causes of action in the Motion will be decided in favor of the class group. On July 3, 2020 the Applicant submitted his response to the Parties' response. On July 5, 2020 the Applicant was absent from the hearing. As a result, on July 23, 2020 the Parties filed an application for a ruling of expenses which received a response from the Applicant on August 12, 2020, asking to decline this request. On September 29, 2020 the court ruled that the Applicant would pay the Parties' expenses amount of NIS 750. On July 14, 2021 a prehearing was held. The court recommended the parties negotiate independently to avoid litigation, and if negotiations fail, then to begin mediation proceedings. The parties agreed to follow the court's recommendations. Negotiations between the parties have not yet commenced. On November 3, 2021 the court ruled the parties will file an update regarding the mediation procedure, in 30 days. The parties conducted unsuccessful negotiations and are now waiting for a court decision regarding the continuation of the proceedings. On March 14, 2022, the Applicant filed a request to amend the application for approval of a class action, and the judge disqualified herself from hearing the case. As a result, the case was redirected. The response to the amendment of the application for approval of a class action by the Parties was filed on June 21, 2022. A preliminary hearing is scheduled for October 6, 2022.

Due to the current preliminary state of the litigation process and based on the opinion of legal counsel to Focus, the Company's management believes that it is not reasonably possible to assess the outcome of the proceeding. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in respect thereof.

SUPREME COURT OF JUSTICE 2335/19 AND 8249/20 On March 2019 a petition was filed to the Supreme Court of Israel by the Medical Cannabis Association against the Israeli Ministry of Health ("**MOH**") regarding the new regulatory framework of the cannabis market (the "**Petition**"). Subsequently, additional 10 respondents joined the Petition.

On October 6, 2019, Focus received a decision regarding the Petition, concerning the new regulatory framework of the cannabis market and demanding that the court resolve as follows:

- that the MOH immediately suspend the implementation of the new regulation that harms, disproportionately, the medical cannabis patients;
- that the implementation of the new regulation, as is, would cause violation of constitutional rights of the medical cannabis patients; and

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- that the MOH amends the flaws of the new regulation, prior to becoming effective, and to establish new regulations regarding labeling and use of pesticides.

The decision provided for an interim injunction, extending the validity of patient licenses until the earlier of March 31, 2020 or 10 days after the date the MOH reaches a conclusion regarding the price control of medical cannabis products.

According to the decision, Focus was attached to the proceedings as a respondent. Accordingly, Focus filed its response to the petition on November 12, 2019. On March 8, 2020, the court decided to extend the validity of the interim injunction, so that the medical cannabis use licenses, which were extended under the decision, would continue to be valid until May 15, 2020, or 10 days after the price committee's decision on the matter before it, whichever comes first, subject to another court decision. The court also decided that if a further extension of the period of the interim injunction is granted beyond May 15, 2020, to the extent required, it would be subject to medical surveillance by the attending physician, the details of which were to be included in the patient's existing use license.

In light of several applications by the respondent represented by the state attorney's office, for extension to file updated notice to the court, the interim injunction was extended on July 30, 2020, until and subject to other decision of the court.

On October 29, 2020, the respondents represented by the state attorney's office filed an update notice stating that the appeals committee unanimously decided against imposing price controls on medical cannabis products and that the prices committee would hold a follow-up hearing in four months. The respondents also requested to update the court again in two months.

On November 25, 2020, the petitioner submitted their response to the respondents' update.

On March 25, 2021, the respondents represented by the State Attorney's Office filed an updating notice stating that the Prices Committee had come to a decision against imposing price controls on medical cannabis products. However, the Prices Committee announced that it will issue an RFI to the corporations engaged in the medical cannabis market and assess the market every six months. Following the aforementioned, the respondents represented by the State Attorney's Office believe that the appeal should be rejected and the interim injunction should be canceled. On April 13, 2021, three of the respondents filed a response to the court, requesting to reject the appeal and to cancel the interim injunction.

On April 25, 2021, the petitioner filed a response to the update notice from March 25, 2021, objecting to the position of the respondents represented by the State Attorney's Office, requesting the court to resolve as requested in the petition and grant the requested remedies to the petitioner. On July 6, 2021, the petitioner filed an urgent request to the court, to issue orders to the respondents represented by the State Attorney's Office, to request information from corporations engaged in the medical cannabis market in order to continue the examination of the market, according to the Prices Committee's announcement mentioned above, and requested the court reschedule the September 19, 2021 hearing date to an earlier date. The petitioner's request was rejected by the court on July 7, 2021, and on September 19, 2021, a hearing was held. On November 16, 2021 the court ruled the motion will delete, and the interim injunction will be cancelled in 10 days. Following a request submitted by the petitioner, on November 15, 2021 the court determined the interim injunction will extend until March 1, 2022. Additional requests submitted

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for an extension of the interim order were denied. Following the aforementioned, the petition was denied.

On December 1, 2021 the Medical Cannabis Association filed a motion to Supreme Court of Justice of Israel for further hearing regarding the court ruling on 2335/19 as detailed above. The petitioner also submitted a request for an exemption from the obligation to pay a fee or provide deposit a deposit. On February 9, 2022 the petitioner submitted an urgent request for a ruling by the court as well as a request to extend the validity of the interim injunction, for at least three additional months. On February 24, 2022 the court overruled both the request for a further hearing in the petition, as well as and the request to extend the validity of the interim injunction. The motion was denied.

PLANNING AND CONSTRUCTION 66813-06-21 BEER SHEVA MAGISTRATE COURT

On July 11, 2021 the Company was informed that on June 30, 2021, a claim was filed to Beer Sheva Magistrate Court (the "**Construction Proceedings**"), by the municipal committee presiding over planning and construction in southern Israel against Focus, Focus' directors and officers, including Oren Shuster and Rafael Gabay, and certain landowners, claiming for inadequate permitting for construction relating to the Focus Facility.

On December 6, 2021 the defendants filed a motion request for dismissal the indictment on the ground of defense of justice. The municipal committee filed its response and after that the defendants filed a response to the municipal committee's response. As of the date of this letter no decision has yet been made on the application.

A hearing was initially set to December 1, 2021 but postponed to June 13, 2022 and further postponed to September 29, 2022 in order to allow the parties to negotiate towards a resolution. At this preliminary stage, based on the opinion of Focus' legal counsel, Company management cannot assess the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of the Construction Proceedings. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in respect thereof.

COVID-19 TEST KITS CLAIM, DISTRICT COURT OF STUTTGART

On November 19, 2021, Adjupharm filed a statement of claim (the "**Claim**") to the District Court of Stuttgart (the "**Court**") against Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH ("**Stroakmont & Atton**"), its shareholders and managing directors regarding a debt owed by Stroakmont & Atton to Adjupharm in an amount of approximately EUR 947,563 for COVID-19 test kits purchased by Stroakmont & Atton from Adjupharm in May 2021. The Claim was accepted on December 2, 2021. In January 2022, Stroakmont & Atton filed its statement of defence to the Court in which they essentially stated two main arguments for their defense:

1. that the contractual partner of the Company is not the defendant, Stroakmont & Atton is not the real purchaser rather a company named Uniclaro GmbH.
2. that the Company allegedly placed an order with Uniclaro GmbH for a total of 4.3 million Clongene COVID-19 tests, of which Uniclaro GmbH claims to have a payment claim against the Company for a partial delivery of 380,400 Clongene COVID-19 tests in the total amount of EUR 941,897.20. Uniclaro GmbH has assigned this alleged claim against the Company to

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Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH, and Stroakmont & Atton Trading GmbH has precautionary declared a set-off against the Company’s claim.

On March 22, 2022 AdjuPharm filed a response to Stroakmont & Atton’s statement of defence and rejected both allegations with a variety of legal arguments and facts and also offered evidence to the contrary in the form of testimony from the witnesses in question.

The burden of proof for both allegations lies with the opponents and they offered evidences to the court in the form of testimony from certain witnesses. If the opponents succeed in proving both allegations to the court, the chances of winning the lawsuit will be considerably reduced. However, it will not be easy for the opponents to present evidence of these allegations.

On May 27, 2022, the conciliation hearing and main hearing were held. The Court ruled that the Company shall submit another writ by August 29, 2022. The Court also scheduled a pronouncement date for September 7, 2022, when the Court will enter a judgement or hold an evidentiary hearing with witnesses.

At this stage, the Company management cannot assess the chances of the claim advancing or the potential outcome of this these proceedings.

INITIATION OF PROCEEDINGS FOR LOAN REPAYMENT

On April 4, 2022, MYM issued a Notice of Default and on April 20, 2022, issued a Notice of Intent to Enforce Security pursuant to section 22 of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act (Canada)* for the outstanding Biome Loan in the amount of \$2.680, including accrued and unpaid interest, owing by the Obligors. MYM has applied to the Superior Court to appoint a receiver to take control of the Obligors’ assets, including MYM’s security that is held in escrow, to effect repayment of the Loan.

On May 12, 2022 the Company applied to and received from the Superior Court an interim order to, among other things, freeze the assets of the Obligors including the assets which comprise MYM’s Collateral for the Loan. MYM has applied to the Superior Court, which granted MYM’s request for the receivership of the assets of the Obligors and has scheduled an in-person hearing for the receivership application on September 12, 2022. For more information, see *“Corporate Highlights and Events - Subsequent Events”*.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

IM Cannabis had no off-balance sheet arrangements as at June 30, 2022.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Trichome, through a management service agreement, provided investment management services to the Trichome Financial Cannabis Private Credit LP (the **“Fund”**) during the year ended December 31, 2021. The Fund has not engaged in any activity in 2022.

Under the Focus Agreement, IMC Holdings retains an option with Messrs. Shuster and Gabay to re-acquire the sold interest in Focus at its sole discretion and in accordance with Israeli cannabis regulations. See *“Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring”* section of the MD&A.

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The Company is a party to Indemnification Agreement with certain directors and officers of the Company and Trichome to cover certain tax liabilities, interest and penalties arising from the Trichome Transaction. See “*Risk Factors - Tax Remittance*” section of the MD&A.

On August 5, 2022, the Company sold the wholly owned subsidiary of TJAC, Sublime, to a group of purchasers that included current and former members of the Sublime management team for aggregate proceeds of \$100 less working capital adjustments, for a final net purchase price of \$89. The transaction constituted a “related party transaction” within the meaning of MI 61-101, however pursuant to Sections 5.5(a) and 5.7(1)(a) of MI 61-101, the transaction is exempt from the formal valuation and minority shareholder approval requirements of such instrument. For more information, see “*Corporate Highlights and Events – Subsequent Events*”.

Other than the aforesaid transactions noted above, the Company had no other transactions with related parties outside of the Group except those pertaining to transactions with key management personnel and shareholders in the ordinary course of their employment or directorship. Transactions with related parties for the sale of Focus due to the restructuring process were adjusted in the Company’s consolidated financial statements following the application of IFRS 10. See the “*Legal and Regulatory – Restructuring*” section of the MD&A.

PROPOSED TRANSACTIONS

There are no proposed transactions as at the date of this MD&A that have not been disclosed.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

In the process of applying the significant accounting policies, the Group has made the following judgments which have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements:

JUDGMENTS

Determining the fair value of share-based payment transactions

The fair value of share-based payment transactions is determined upon initial recognition by an acceptable option pricing model. The inputs to the model include share price, exercise price and assumptions regarding expected volatility, expected life of the share options and expected dividend yield.

Discount rate for a lease liability

When the Company is unable to readily determine the discount rate implicit in a lease in order to measure the lease liability, the Company uses an incremental borrowing rate. That rate represents the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow over a similar term and with similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of similar value to the right-of-use asset in a similar economic environment. When there are no financing transactions that can serve as a basis, the Company determines the incremental borrowing rate based on its credit risk, the lease term and other economic variables deriving from the lease contract’s conditions and restrictions. The rates at which the Company can borrow will also vary based on the jurisdiction of the leased property, whether it be Israel, Germany, or Canada. In certain situations, the Company is assisted by an external valuation expert in determining the incremental borrowing rate.

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ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that have an effect on the application of the accounting policies and on the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. Changes in accounting estimates are reported in the period of the change in estimate.

The key assumptions made in the financial statements concerning uncertainties at the reporting date and the critical estimates computed by the Group that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

ASSESSMENT OF GOING CONCERN

The use of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. At each reporting period, management assesses the basis of preparation of the financial statements. These financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in accordance with IFRS. The going concern basis of presentation assumes that the Company will continue its operations for the foreseeable future and be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities and commitments in the normal course of business.

In arriving at this determination, the Company has undertaken a thorough review of the Group's cash flow forecast and potential liquidity risks. Cash flow projections have been prepared which show that the Group's operations will be cash generative during the period of at least 12 months from the date of approval of the consolidated financial statements.

BIOLOGICAL ASSETS AND INVENTORY

In calculating the value of the biological assets and inventory, management is required to make several estimates, including estimating the stage of growth of the cannabis up to the point of harvest, harvesting costs, selling costs, average or expected selling prices and list prices, expected yields for the cannabis plants, and oil conversion factors. The valuation of work-in-process and finished goods also requires the estimate of conversion costs incurred, which become part of the carrying amount for the inventory. The Company must also determine if the cost of any inventory exceeds its net realizable value, such as cases where prices have decreased, or inventory has spoiled or has otherwise been damaged. See Note 4 of the Interim Financial Statements for further information.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

In determining the fair value of all identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed, the most significant estimates generally relate to contingent consideration and intangible assets. Management exercises judgment in estimating the probability and timing of when earn-outs are expected to be achieved, which is used as the basis for estimating fair value. Identified intangible assets are fair valued using appropriate valuation techniques which are generally based on a forecast of the total expected future net cash flows of the acquiree. Valuations are highly dependent on the inputs used and assumptions made by management regarding the future performance of these assets and any changes in the discount rate applied.

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IMPAIRMENT OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT AND FINITE LIFE INTANGIBLE ASSETS

The Company assesses impairment of property, plant and equipment and finite life intangible assets when an impairment indicator arises (e.g., change in use or discontinued use, obsolescence or physical damage). When the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets, the asset is tested at the cash generating unit ("CGU") level. In assessing impairment, the Company compares the carrying amount of the asset or CGU to the recoverable amount, which is determined as the higher of the asset or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value-in-use. Value-in-use is assessed based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects applicable market and economic conditions, the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of the asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount and is recorded in the consolidated statements of comprehensive loss.

IMPAIRMENT OF INTANGIBLE ASSETS WITH INDEFINITE LIFE AND GOODWILL

Goodwill and intangible assets with an indefinite life or not yet available for use are tested for impairment annually, and whenever events or circumstances that make it more likely than not that an impairment may have occurred, such as a significant adverse change in the business climate or a decision to sell or dispose all or a portion of a reporting unit. Finite life intangible assets are tested whenever there is an indication of impairment. Goodwill and indefinite life intangible assets are tested for impairment by comparing the carrying value of each CGU containing the assets to its recoverable amount. Goodwill is allocated to CGUs or groups of CGU's for impairment testing based on the level at which it is monitored by management, and not at a level higher than an operating segment. Goodwill is allocated to those CGUs or groups of CGUs expected to benefit from the business combination from which the goodwill arose, which requires the use of judgment. An impairment loss is recognized for the amount by which the CGU's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amounts of the CGUs' assets have been determined based on either fair value less costs of disposal or value-in-use method. There is a material degree of uncertainty with respect to the estimates of the recoverable amounts of the CGU, given the necessity of making key economic assumptions about the future. Impairment losses recognized in respect of a CGU are first allocated to the carrying value of goodwill and any excess is allocated to the carrying value of assets in the CGU. Any impairment is recorded in profit and loss in the period in which the impairment is identified. A reversal of an asset impairment loss is allocated to the assets of the CGU on a pro rata basis. In allocating a reversal of an impairment loss, the carrying amount of an asset shall not be increased above the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior period. Impairment losses on goodwill are not subsequently reversed.

LEGAL CLAIMS

In estimating the likelihood of legal claims filed against certain entities of the Group, the Company's management rely on the opinions of the respective legal counsel of each relevant entity of the Group. These estimations are based on each legal counsel's best professional judgment, taking into account the stage of proceedings and legal precedents in respect of the different issues. Since the outcome of the claims may be determined in courts, the results could differ from these estimations.

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DEFERRED TAX ASSETS

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused carry-forward tax losses and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the timing and level of future taxable profits, its source and the tax planning strategy.

VALUATION OF LOANS RECEIVABLE

For loans receivable measured at amortized cost or at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss ("FVTPL") under IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* ("IFRS 9"), judgment is used by the Company in determining the fair value of the loan at inception of the lending arrangement and at each reporting period. The fair value of the loan at any given point in time is calculated based on the present value of estimated future loan payments, discounted using an interest rate that would be charged by another market participant for a financing arrangement with similar characteristics. Judgment is used by the Company in determining what the interest rate would be for sourcing a similar financing arrangement in the market. This can lead to material fair value gains or losses on loans held at FVTPL.

DERECOGNITION AND MODIFICATION OF LOANS RECEIVABLE

The Company uses its judgment in determining whether the change in the terms of the lending arrangement qualifies as a derecognition of the loan or a modification of the loan under IFRS 9. Depending on the Company's judgment, the manner in which the loan is treated, be it a modification or a settlement, can result in materially different results in interest revenue or other income. If there is a modification in a lending arrangement subsequent to initial recognition, the Company also reassesses the need to modify the expected credit loss associated with the loan.

SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Company uses the Black-Scholes option pricing model in determining the fair value of Options issued to employees. In estimating fair value, the Company is required to make certain assumptions and estimates such as the expected life of the options, volatility of the Company's future share price, the risk-free rate, future dividend yields and estimated forfeiture rates at the initial grant date.

ESTIMATED USEFUL LIVES AND DEPRECIATION/AMORTIZATION OF PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, AS WELL AS INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Depreciation and amortization of property and equipment, as well as intangible assets, are dependent upon estimated useful lives which are determined through the exercise of judgment. Estimated useful lives are assessed at the end of each reporting period for any changes in the expected life of the asset and consumption of economic benefits from the use of the asset. Amortization as well as depreciation commences when the asset is first put into use. The expected life of any intangible assets with a finite life are assessed at the end of each reporting period.

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LEASES

Judgment is used in determining the value of the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities. The value determined for the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities can be materially different based on the discount rate selected to present value the future lease payments as well as the likelihood of the Company exercising extensions, termination, and/or purchase options. The discount rate used to present value the future lease payments over the life of the lease is based on the Company's incremental borrowing rate at inception of the lease. This rate is determined by the Company using judgment.

In determining the value of the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, the Company assesses future business plans to determine whether to include certain extension options noted in the lease agreement.

If there is no interest rate implicit in the lease agreement, the Company uses a discount rate that would be charged to a similar borrower, with similar risk characteristics, in a mortgage loan to purchase the leased facility. This discount rate is used to present value the future lease payments in determining the right-of-use asset and lease liability values at inception of the leases.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

Under IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers, judgment is required in recognizing revenue when variable consideration is present in a contract. In certain supply agreements, the Company stands ready to accept returns on cannabis sales, indicating the possibility of variable consideration.

Judgment is used by the Company in determining which of the above two methods of revenue recognition should be used when recognizing revenue from cannabis sales. Moreover, estimates are used by the Company in determining the amount of revenue to recognize upon delivery and acceptance of cannabis inventory to a customer.

CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES INCLUDING INITIAL ADOPTION

The Company's significant accounting policies under IFRS are contained in the Interim Financial Statements (refer to Note 2 to the Interim Financial Statements). Certain of these policies involve critical accounting estimates as they require management to make particularly subjective or complex judgments, estimates and assumptions about matters that are inherently uncertain and because of the likelihood that materially different amounts could be reported under different conditions or using different assumptions.

The following new accounting standards applied or adopted during the twelve months ended December 31, 2021, had impact on the Annual Financial Statements:

IFRS 3, "BUSINESS COMBINATIONS":

In October 2018, the IASB issued an amendment to the definition of a "business" in IFRS 3, "Business Combinations" (the "**2018 Amendment**"). The 2018 Amendment is intended to assist entities in determining whether a transaction should be accounted for as a business combination or as an acquisition of an asset.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The 2018 Amendment consists of the following:

1. Clarification that to meet the definition of a business, an integrated set of activities and assets must include, as a minimum, an input and a substantive process that together significantly contribute to the ability to create output.
2. Removal of the reference to the assessment whether market participants are capable of acquiring the business and continuing to operate it and produce outputs by integrating the business with their own inputs and processes.
3. Introduction of additional guidance and examples to assist entities in assessing whether the acquired processes are substantive.
4. Narrowing the definitions of "outputs" and "business" by focusing on goods and services provided to customers.
5. Introducing an optional concentration test that permits a simplified assessment of whether an acquired set of activities and assets is not a business.

The 2018 Amendment is to be applied prospectively to all business combinations and asset acquisitions for which the acquisition date is on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2020, with earlier application permitted. The 2018 Amendment is not expected to have a material impact on the Company in the current or future reporting periods.

AMENDMENT TO IAS 1, "PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS":

In January 2020, the IASB issued an amendment to IAS 1, "Presentation of Financial Statements" (the "**2020 Amendment**") regarding the criteria for determining the classification of liabilities as current or non-current.

The 2020 Amendment includes the following clarifications:

- What is meant by a right to defer settlement;
- That a right to defer must exist at the end of the reporting period;
- That classification is unaffected by the likelihood that an entity will exercise its deferral right; and
- That only if an embedded derivative in a convertible liability is itself an equity instrument would the terms of a liability not impact its classification.

The 2020 Amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023 and must be applied retrospectively.

The Company is evaluating the possible impact of the 2020 Amendment on its current loan agreements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Financial instruments are measured either at fair value or at amortized cost. The table below lists the valuation methods used to determine fair value of each financial instrument.

Financial Instruments Measured at Fair Value	Fair Value Method
Derivative assets ¹	Black & Scholes model (Level 3 category)
Warrants liability ¹	Black & Scholes model (Level 3 category)
Investment in affiliates	Market comparable (Level 3 category)
Financial Instruments Measured at Amortized Cost	
Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables and other account receivables	Carrying amount (approximates fair value due to short-term nature)
Loans receivable	Amortized cost (effective interest method)
Trade payables, other accounts payable and accrued expenses	Carrying amount (approximates fair value due to short-term nature)

Notes:

1. Finance expense (income) include fair value adjustment of Warrants, investments, and derivative assets measured at fair value, for the six months ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$5,697 and \$13,049, respectively.

The Group's exposure to risk for its use of financial instruments are discussed in the Risk Factors.

PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

In accordance with National Instrument 52-109 – *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings* ("NI 52-109") and Rule 13a-15 under the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "**Exchange Act**"), the establishment and maintenance of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures ("**DC&P**") and internal control over financial reporting ("**ICFR**") is the responsibility of management.

Internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with applicable IFRS. Internal control over financial reporting should include those policies and procedures that establish the following:

- maintenance of records in reasonable detail, that accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of assets;

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable IFRS;
- receipts and expenditures are only being made in accordance with authorizations of management or the board of directors; and
- reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial instruments.

NI 52-109 requires the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”) to certify that they are responsible for establishing and maintaining DC&P and ICFR for the Company and have concluded that as at June 30, 2022, those internal controls have been designed and are effective in providing reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS.

The Company maintains a set of DC&P designed to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be publicly disclosed is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis. As required by NI 52-109 and Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(b), an evaluation of the design and operation of our DC&P was completed as of June 30, 2022 under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our CEO and CFO using the criteria set forth in the Internal Control - Integrated Framework (2013), issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. Based upon this evaluation, our CEO and CFO concluded that as at June 30, 2022, the Company's DC&P and ICFR were effective.

There have been no changes to the Company's ICFR during the six months ended June 30, 2022 that have materially affected, or are likely to materially affect, the Company's ICFR.

LIMITATIONS OF DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Company's management, including the CEO and CFO, believe that due to inherent limitations, any DC&P or ICFR, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance of achieving the desired control objectives. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that any design will not succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Accordingly, because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Additionally, management is required to use judgment in evaluating controls and procedures.

LIMITATION ON SCOPE OF DESIGN

In accordance with Section 3.3 of National Instrument 52-109 – Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings (“NI 52-109”), the Company has limited the design of its DC&P and ICFR to exclude the controls, policies and procedures of MYM, Pharm Yarok, Rosen High Way, Vironna and Oranim

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Plus (the “**Excluded Entities**”), all of which were acquired by the Company or by one of its subsidiaries within 365 days of the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2022.

The Excluded Entities are included in the Interim Financial Statements. On a combined basis, the Excluded Entities' contributions to the Interim Financial Statements was approximately 44% of total revenues. Additionally, as at June 30, 2022, the current assets and current liabilities of the Excluded Entities, on a combined basis, represented approximately 46% and 28% of the Company's consolidated current assets and current liabilities, respectively. Combined non-current assets, which includes intangible assets and goodwill from these acquisitions, represented approximately 10% of our consolidated non-current assets. Combined non-current liabilities represented approximately 14% of our consolidated non-current liabilities. Management of the Company is committed to removing this limitation and integrating the Excluded Entities into the Company's DC&P and ICFR within the timeframe permitted under NI 52-109.

LEGAL AND REGULATORY

RESTRUCTURING

Current Israeli law requires prior approval by the IMCA, a unit of the MOH, of the identity of any shareholder owning 5% or more of an Israeli company licensed by the IMCA to engage in cannabis-related activities in Israel. For a number of reasons, including the opportunity to leverage a network of multiple Israeli licensed producers cultivating under the IMC brand, and in contemplation of a “go-public transaction” to geographically diversify the Company's share ownership, IMC Holdings restructured its organization on April 2, 2019 (the “**IMC Restructuring**”) resulting in the divestiture to Oren Shuster and Rafael Gabay of its interest in Focus, which is licensed by the IMCA to engage in cannabis-related activity in Israel.

IMC Holdings retains an option with Messrs. Shuster and Gabay to re-acquire the sold interest in Focus at its sole discretion and in accordance with Israeli cannabis regulations, within 10 years of the date of the IMC Restructuring (the “**Focus Agreement**”). The Focus Agreement sets an aggregate exercise price equal to NIS 765.67 per share of Focus for a total consideration of NIS 2,756,500, that being equal to the price paid by Messrs. Shuster and Gabay for the acquired interests in Focus at the time of the IMC Restructuring.

As part of the IMC Restructuring, on April 2, 2019, IMC Holdings and Focus entered into an agreement, as amended on January 1, 2021 (the “**IP Agreement**”), which provides for Focus' obligation to use the IMC brand for the sale of any cannabis plant and/or cannabis product produced by Focus, either alone or together with other sub-contractors engaged by Focus through the IP Agreement.

Focus is also obligated through a services agreement, as amended on January 1, 2021, (the “**Services Agreement**”) to use IMC Holdings for certain management and consulting services including: (a) business development services; (b) marketing services; (c) strategic advisory services; (d) locating potential collaborations on a worldwide basis; and (e) financial analysis services through the Services Agreement.

Under the IP Agreement, the parties apply an arm's length royalty as a percentage of the licensees' net revenues, on a quarterly basis in accordance with a transfer pricing analysis to be updated from time to time, as consideration for Focus' use of IMC Holdings' intellectual property.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

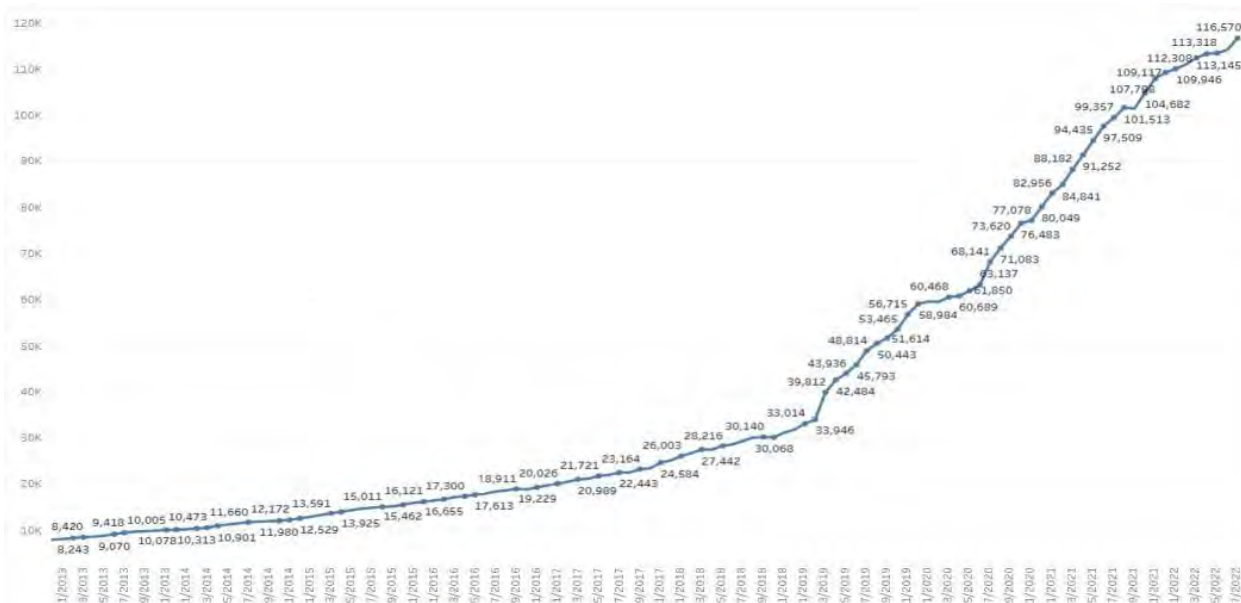
Under the Services Agreement, the Parties apply an arm’s length markup on total costs, on a quarterly basis, in accordance with a transfer pricing analysis to be updated from time to time, as consideration for the provision of such services.

Subsequent to the IMC Restructuring, according to accounting criteria in IFRS 10, the Company is viewed as effectively exercising control over Focus, and therefore, the financial statements of Focus continue to be consolidated with those of the Company, despite the fact that the Company does not own Focus.

ISRAELI MARKET DEVELOPMENT 2012-2022

According to Israeli Ministry of Health, as of June 2022, there are 114,076 medical cannabis licensed patients in Israel. A monthly prescription of 4,343,000 grams of cannabis were recorded in June 2022 an increase of 264,000 grams of cannabis from December 2021.¹⁰

The chart below reflects the growth in licensed medical cannabis patients in Israel between 2012 to June 2022.¹¹



¹⁰ Israel Ministry of Health – licensed patients’ data as of June 2022 - <https://www.gov.il/BlobFolder/reports/licenses-status-june-2022/he/licenses-status-june-2022.pdf>

¹¹ Ministry of Health – licensed patients’ data as of March 2022 - <https://www.gov.il/BlobFolder/reports/licenses-status-june-2022/he/licenses-status-june-2022.pdf>

Management's Discussion and Analysis

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN ISRAEL

In Israel, cannabis is currently defined as a “dangerous drug” according to the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance¹² (“**DDO**”) and the 1961 Single Convention on Narcotic Drugs (“**Narcotics Convention**”), to which Israel is a signatory. However, both the DDO and the Narcotics Convention allow for the use of cannabis for medical or research purposes under a supervised and controlled regime. The competent regulatory authority in Israel in all matters concerning the oversight, control and regulation of cannabis for medical production, consumption, and research in Israel is the IMCA, established by Government Res. No. 3069.¹³ The production, distribution and consumption of adult-use recreational cannabis products is currently illegal in Israel.

Patient Medical Consumption

The use of cannabis is allowed for patients and for medical purposes, in respect of certain medical conditions, under a special approval of the MOH. Procedure 106¹⁴ of the IMCA sets out a list of medical conditions that are allowed to be treated with medical cannabis products. Such authorized medical conditions are examined and updated from time to time, and include, among others, cancer, pain, nausea, seizures, muscle spasms, epilepsy, Tourette syndrome, multiple sclerosis, amyotrophic lateral sclerosis, and post-traumatic stress disorder.

Licensing and Authorization for Commercial Activities in the Medical Cannabis Field

In December 2017, the IMCA issued regulations that standardized the licensing process for any cannabis related activity (the “**Road Map**”).¹⁵ Pursuant to the Road Map, each operation in the medical cannabis field, including the propagation, cultivation, products manufacturing, storage and distribution to licensed pharmacies, and distribution from licensed pharmacies to licensed patients, requires compliance with the provisions of applicable laws, including the procurement of an appropriate license under the DDO from the IMCA and the maintenance of such license in good standing. Cannabis licenses may not be transferred, exchanged or assigned without the prior approval of the IMCA. The licenses are valid for a period of up to 3 years and can be renewed with the approval of the IMCA only.

The IMCA has issued a set of directives containing procedures and requirements for applicants for cannabis related activity licenses and has authorized certain entities to issue official certificates upon compliance with such directives. These directives include (i) Directive 150 (GSP Standard certification); (ii) Directive 151 (GAP Standard certification); (iii) Directive 152 (GMP Standard certification); and (iv) Directive 153 (GDP Standard certification). Regular and periodic examinations are conducted for licensed entities, in order to ensure compliance with the analytical standards and the level of quality required

¹² Cannabis is listed in schedule 1 of the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance [New Version], 1973 [in English] https://www.health.gov.il/LegislationLibrary/Samim_01_EN.pdf

¹³ Israeli Government Res. No. 3609 [in Hebrew], August 7th, 2011 https://www.gov.il/he/Departments/policies/2011_des3609.

¹⁴ Ministry of Health Pharmaceutical Division Policy Number 106 – Licenses for Use of Cannabis https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_106_2019.pdf (in Hebrew)

¹⁵ Directive 107 - Guidelines for the process of licensing the practice of cannabis for medical use, as amended on October 2020 [Hebrew] - https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_107_2019.pdf

Management's Discussion and Analysis

during each of the phases of production and distribution of medical cannabis.

Medical Cannabis Imports and Exports

The Narcotics Convention governs the import and export of cannabis between member countries. Since Israel is a member country, any export and import of cannabis is subject to the Narcotic Convention.

In October 2020, the IMCA issued an updated procedure, titled "Guidelines for Approval of Applications for Importation of Dangerous Drug of Cannabis Type for Medical Use and for Research" ("**Procedure 109**"), describing the application requirements for cannabis import licenses for medical and research purposes. Therefore, each import of medical cannabis is to be approved by the IMCA issuing a specific import permit for each imported shipment, rather than a general license for import. An application for import of medical cannabis can be submitted by an entity licensed by the IMCA for the conduct of medical cannabis related activity. The Israeli government approved the export of pharmaceutical-grade cannabis and cannabis-based products on January 27, 2019,¹⁶ and in December 2020, the IMCA published guidelines for the medical cannabis export permit application process.¹⁷

Legalization of Adult-Use Recreational Cannabis and CBD for Non-Medical Purposes in Israel

Currently, adult-use recreational cannabis use in Israel and CBD for non-medical use is illegal. In November 2020, an Israeli government committee responsible for advancing the cannabis market reform published a report supporting and recommending the legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel. The Israeli parliament dissolved since then without applying the committee's recommendations and all legislative initiatives were suspended. However, the new government, formed on June 13, 2021, declared, and settled in the coalition agreement, its commitment to legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis. Since the formation of the new government, several legislative initiatives were filed, including for the decriminalization of the possession of cannabis for individual recreational adult-use and the legalization of CBD for non-medical use. In February 2022, a Ministry of Health committee contemplated the legality of CBD and published its recommendation that CBD should be excluded from the Drugs Ordinance. The main recommendations of the committee were adopted by the Minister of Health, however, to date, the Minister has not enacted an order directing that CBD be removed from the Drug Ordinance. On April 1, 2022, new regulations came into force which deemed the previously criminal offences of cannabis possession and use for self-consumption into administrative offences, which do not impact a criminal record, and limited the penalty to a monetary fine only.

Previous Regime and Price Control

Until September 2019, under the previous regime, patients licensed for consumption of medical cannabis products by the IMCA received all of their medical cannabis products authorized under their respective licenses at a fixed monthly price of NIS 370, regardless of each patient's authorized amount. Since September 2019, under the new regime, licenses to patients were no longer entitling them for such fixed monthly price. However, some medical cannabis patient licenses granted under the previous regime

¹⁶ Directive 4490 [Hebrew] - https://www.gov.il/he/departments/policies/dec4490_2019

¹⁷ Directive 110, December 2020 [Hebrew] - https://www.health.gov.il/hozer/CN_110.pdf

Management's Discussion and Analysis

remain valid, entitling their holders to receive medical cannabis products pursuant to the price controls and supplier restrictions of the former regime. All licenses under the previous regime expired in Q1 2022.

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN CANADA

The *Cannabis Act* (Canada), as amended, (the “**Cannabis Act**”) and the Cannabis Regulations (Canada) made under the Cannabis Act (the “**Cannabis Regulations**”) came into force on October 17, 2018, legalizing the sale of adult-use recreational cannabis. The Cannabis Act and Cannabis Regulations establish a licensing and permitting framework for the production, importation, exportation, testing, packaging, labelling, sending, delivery, transportation, sale, possession and disposal of adult-use recreational cannabis.

On October 17, 2019, amending regulations titled the *Regulations Amending the Cannabis Regulations* came into force that, among other things, expanded the scope of the Cannabis Act and Cannabis Regulations to enable the sale of certain categories of cannabis, including cannabis extracts, topicals and edibles, and set THC content limits for certain categories of cannabis products.

Licensing

The Cannabis Regulations establish six classes of licenses under the Cannabis Act: (i) cultivation licenses, including standard cultivation, micro-cultivation and nursery sub-classes; (ii) processing licenses, including standard processing and micro-processing sub-classes; (iii) analytical testing licenses; (iv) sales for medical purposes licenses; (v) research licenses; and (vi) cannabis drug licenses. These licenses are valid for a period of up to five years. License requirements and rules differ depending on the class and/or sub-class of the license.

Security Clearances

Certain people associated with cannabis licensees must hold a valid security clearance issued by Canada's Minister of Health. For example, in the case of corporations that hold licenses for cultivation, processing or sale, directors, officers and other individuals who exercise, or are in positions to exercise, direct control over the corporation are required to hold such a security clearance. Under the Cannabis Regulations, the Minister may refuse to grant security clearances to individuals with organized crime associations or past convictions for, or in association with, drug trafficking, corruption or violent offences. Individuals who have a history of nonviolent, lower-risk criminal activity (for example, simple possession of cannabis or small-scale cultivation of cannabis plants) are not precluded by legislation from participating in the legal cannabis industry, and the granting of security clearance to such individuals is at the discretion of the Minister.

Cannabis Tracking System

Under the Cannabis Act, the Minister is authorized to establish and maintain a national cannabis tracking system. Accordingly, Health Canada introduced the Cannabis Tracking and Licensing System, whereby license holders are required to use this online system to submit monthly tracking reports, new license applications and license renewal requests, among other things. The purpose of this system is to track cannabis throughout the supply chain to help prevent diversion of cannabis into, and out of, the legal market. The Cannabis Act provides the Minister with the authority to make a ministerial order that would

Management's Discussion and Analysis

require licensees to report specific information about their authorized activities with cannabis, in the form and manner specified by the Minister.

Cannabis Products

The Cannabis Act and Cannabis Regulations, as amended, set out the requirements for the sale of dried cannabis, fresh cannabis, cannabis plants, cannabis seeds, cannabis edibles, cannabis extracts and cannabis topicals. Among other requirements, THC content limits are prescribed depending on the product category.

Packaging & Labelling

The Cannabis Regulations set out detailed requirements pertaining to the packaging and labelling of cannabis products that seek to promote informed consumer choice and allow for the safe handling and transportation of cannabis, while also reducing the appeal of cannabis to youth and promoting safe consumption. These requirements include plain packaging for cannabis products and packaging that is tamper-proof and child-resistant. The Cannabis Regulations further require package labels to include, among other information, the class of cannabis and the name, phone number and email of the licensed cultivator or processor, the standardized cannabis symbol and information pertaining to the THC and CBD content. Specific requirements vary depending on the product category of cannabis.

Promotion

The Cannabis Act prohibits the promotion of cannabis, cannabis accessories and cannabis-related services unless authorized by the Cannabis Act through certain exceptions prescribed in the Cannabis Act and the Cannabis Regulations.

Medical Cannabis

In addition to governance of adult-use recreational cannabis activities, the Cannabis Regulations also govern the regulatory framework associated with medical cannabis in Canada. Prior to the coming into force of the Cannabis Act and Cannabis Regulations, the sale of medical cannabis was permitted under the Access to Cannabis for Medical Purposes Regulations (Canada) ("**ACMPR**"). Although the ACMPR was replaced by the Cannabis Act and Cannabis Regulations, the new rules were not significantly different from the previous rules; changes were made to improve patient access, ensure consistency with adult-use recreational cannabis rules, and reduce the risk of abuse within the medical access system.

Provincial and Territorial Regulatory Framework

While the Cannabis Act provides for the regulation of adult-use cannabis production by the federal government, provincial and territorial governments maintain authority to regulate other aspects of adult-use recreational cannabis activities such as sale and distribution, minimum age requirements, and places where cannabis can be consumed. The following chart summarizes the basic adult-use recreational cannabis regimes in place as of the date of this MD&A:

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

Province or Territory	Minimum Age to Purchase Adult-Use Recreational Cannabis Products	Private and/or Public Operated Retailers	Online Sales
Alberta	18	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)
British Columbia	19	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)
Manitoba	19	Private	Yes
New Brunswick	19	Private and Public	Yes
Newfoundland and Labrador	19	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)
Nova Scotia	19	Public	Yes
Ontario	19	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)
Prince Edward Island	19	Public	Yes
Quebec	21	Public	Yes
Saskatchewan	19	Private	Yes
Northwest Territories	19	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)
Nunavut	19	Private and Public	Yes
Yukon	19	Private and Public	Yes (Public only)

REGULATORY FRAMEWORK IN GERMANY

On March 10, 2017, the German federal government enacted bill Bundestag-Drucksache 18/8965 – Law amending narcotics and other regulations that amended existing narcotics legislation to recognize cannabis as a form of medicine and allow for the importation and domestic cultivation of medical cannabis products. Under the updated legislation, cannabis is listed in Annex 3 to the Federal Narcotics Act (“**BtMG**”) as a “marketable narcotic suitable for prescription”. Legalization in Germany applies only to cannabis for medicinal purposes under state control in accordance with the Narcotic Convention. Currently, the production, distribution, exportation and importation of medical cannabis products in Germany is legal, subject to regulations and licensing requirements, while operations involving adult-use recreational cannabis products remain illegal. Nevertheless, current German government has declared in the coalition agreement its intention to open up the German market also in the adult-use recreational market. So far, however, there have been no visible further developments in this regard, apart from expert hearings. Medical cannabis in Germany must comply with the corresponding monographs of the German and European pharmacopoeia. All BtMG permit applications must specify the strains and estimated quantities of medical cannabis involved and any subsequent changes must be reported to the Federal Opium Agency of Germany.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Unlike cannabis, CBD is not subject to German narcotics laws, unless it is synthetic CBD that has been included as a substance that can be prescribed and marketed in Annex 3 of the BtMG, which may or may not be subject to German drug laws depending on its use and dosage. Annex 1 of the Ordinance on the Prescription of Medicinal Products stipulates that CBD is in principle subject to prescription but does not specify a minimum quantity or a specific dosage form. However, a distinction must be made between consumable products that naturally contain CBD and those that are infused with CBD extract; the European Commission considers the latter to be a type of "food" and has recently indicated that all current novel food applications have at least insufficient data on safety and therefore none of the applications can currently lead to approval. In light of the above, various products containing CBD can be found in the German market. There are currently various court decisions that problematize CBD in food (specifically food supplements) and in cosmetics (specifically: mouth oil). On the one hand, CBD is regarded as a medicinal substance and/or as a novel food subject to authorization and therefore unsuitable for use in a foodstuff, and on the other hand as unsuitable for cosmetic use in the mouth, as CBD would ultimately be consumed in this case (like a foodstuff).

Cultivation in Germany and Distribution of Medical Cannabis Cultivated in Germany

The Federal Opium Agency of Germany's Federal Institute for Drugs and Medical Devices ("**BfArM**") formed a cannabis division (the "**Cannabis Agency**") to oversee cultivation, harvesting, processing, quality control, storage, packaging and distribution to wholesalers, pharmacists and manufacturers. The Cannabis Agency also regulates pricing of German-produced medical cannabis products and serves as an intermediary of medical cannabis product sales between manufacturers, wholesalers and pharmacies on a non-profit basis. In late 2018, the Cannabis Agency issued a call for tenders to award licenses for local medical cannabis cultivation and distribution of German-cultivated medical cannabis products (the "**German Local Tender**"). The Cannabis Agency would serve as an intermediary in the supply chain between such cultivation and distribution. In April 2019, three licenses for local cultivation were granted. In consequence three companies in Germany cultivate on behalf of the Cannabis Agency of the BfArM. Each license permitted the holder to grow up to 200kg per year for total production of 2,600kg per year collectively from the 13 cultivation lots and 10,400kg over the four-year license period. In July 2021, the BfArM launched the state sale of cannabis grown in Germany. Since then, pharmacies have been able to purchase medical cannabis in pharmaceutical drug quality for the supply of patients from the BfArM via the portal www.cannabisagentur.de. The sale from the BfArM to pharmacies is at a price of 4.30 euros per gram.

The Cannabis Agency has no influence on the actual retail price of medical cannabis products and is not responsible for the import of medical cannabis products and will therefore neither purchase nor distribute imported medical cannabis products. As a wholesaler, the Cannabis Agency sells German-based medical cannabis products in its own name.

Import volumes and procedures

The current regime permits the importation of cannabis plants and plant parts for medicinal purposes under state control subject to the requirements under the Narcotic Convention, according to which, Germany must estimate the expected demand of medical cannabis products for medical and research purposes for the following year and report such estimates to the International Narcotics Control Board.

As a prerequisite to obtaining a German import license, the supplier must grow and harvest in compliance with EU-GACP-Guidelines and manufacture in compliance with EU-GMP-Guidelines and certifications, or alternatively, it is a pure EU-GACP product and the EU-GMP manufacturing steps then take place in

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Germany. All medical cannabis products imported to Germany must derive from plant material cultivated in a country whose regulations comply with the Narcotic Convention and must comply with the relevant monographs described in the German and European pharmacopeias. While these requirements also apply to the exportation of medical cannabis products, the current German regime does not allow domestically cultivated medical cannabis products to be directly sold to commercial entities other than the Cannabis Agency.

Dispensing Exclusively via Pharmacies

Medical cannabis products imported pursuant to an import license under the BtMG and AMG/BtMG permits are sold exclusively to pharmacies for final dispensing to patients on a prescription basis as 'magistral preparations', a term used in Europe to refer to medical products prepared in a pharmacy in accordance to a medical prescription for an individual patient. Magistral preparations require certain manufacturing steps in the pharmacy. Such manufacturing steps of the pharmacist typically include the testing and dosing of pre-packaged cannabis inflorescences (typically referred to as "floss"), medical cannabis products for oral administration (dronabinol), medical cannabis products for inhalation upon evaporation, and medical cannabis-infused teas. In addition to magistral preparations, medical cannabis products are also marketable as pre-packaged, licensed drugs (e.g. Sativex®).

NO U.S. CANNABIS-RELATED ACTIVITIES

The Group does not engage in any U.S. cannabis-related activities as defined in Canadian Securities Administrators Staff Notice 51-352 (Revised) – *Issuers with U.S. Marijuana-Related Activities*.

RISK FACTORS

The Company has implemented risk management governance processes that are led by the board of directors, with the active participation of management, and updates its assessment of its business risks on an annual basis. Notwithstanding, it is possible that the Company may not be able to foresee all the risks that it may have to face. The market in which IM Cannabis currently competes is complex, competitive and changing rapidly, and its business is subject to risks inherent in a high growth, heavily regulated enterprise, and the Company has identified certain risks pertinent to the Group's business that may have affected or may affect the Group's business, financial conditions, results of operations and cash flows, as further described throughout this MD&A and under "Risk Factors" in the Annual Information Form. For additional risk factors, readers are directed to the Company's most recent Annual Information Form, which is (a) available under the Company's issuer profile on SEDAR at www.sedar.com, and (b) incorporated into and forms part of the Company's annual report on Form-40F filed on EDGAR at www.sec.gov. Sometimes new risks emerge, and management may not be able to predict all of them or be able to predict how they may cause actual results to be different from those contained in forward looking statements. Readers of this MD&A should not rely upon forward looking statements as a prediction of future results.

CREDIT RISK

The maximum credit exposure as of June 30, 2022, is the carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and other current assets. The Group does not have significant credit risk with respect to customers. All cash and cash equivalents are placed with major Israeli financial institutions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Loan receivable credit risk is managed by each loan separately according to the Group's policy, procedures and control relating to the borrower's credit risk management. At the end of each period, the individual loan values are assessed based on a credit risk analysis. As of June 30, 2022, the Group had one loan outstanding with a total balance of approximately \$2,680. As security on the Loan, the Obligors hold approximately 745,000 Common Shares which cannot be sold without the proceeds from any sale of the security being provided to the Company as repayment for the Loan until the balance is fully discharged. For more information, see "*Corporate Highlights - Subsequent Events*" section of the MD&A.

The expected credit loss analysis is generally based on management's understanding of the borrower's experience/integrity, financial health, business plans, capacity, products, customers, contracts, competitive advantages/disadvantages, and other pertinent factors when assessing credit risk. This would also include the assessment of the borrower's forecasts as well as taking into consideration any security and/or collateral the Company has on the outstanding balance.

As security on the loan receivable to Biome Grow Inc., the borrower holds approximately 745,000 Common Shares which cannot be sold without the proceeds from any sale being provided to the Company as repayment for the loan until the balance is fully discharged.

As of June 30, 2022, the Company assessed the overall risk of the Loan receivable balance and concluded that no expected credit loss under IFRS 9 was required.

LIQUIDITY RISK

The Company's liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. As of June 30, 2022, the Group's financial liabilities with liquidity risk consist of trade payables and other accounts payable which have contractual maturity dates within one year, and lease liabilities. The Group manages its liquidity risk by reviewing its capital requirements on an ongoing basis. Based on the Group's working capital position as at June 30, 2022, management considers liquidity risk to be low.

CURRENCY RATE RISK

As at June 30, 2022, a portion of the Group's financial assets and liabilities held in NIS, Euros, Canadian and U.S. dollars consist of cash and cash equivalents. The Group's objective in managing its foreign currency risk is to minimize its net exposure to foreign currency cash flows by transacting, to the greatest extent possible, with third parties as applicable. The Group does not currently use foreign exchange contracts to hedge its exposure of its foreign currency cash flows, as management has determined that this risk is not significant at this point of time.

SHARE PRICE RISK

The Company's investments in unlisted shares are sensitive to the market price risk arising from uncertainties about the future value of these investments. The Company manages the price risk through diversification and tight management attention.

The Company's board of directors reviews and approves all decisions related to investments in shares.

At the reporting date, the Group's exposure to investments in unlisted shares measured at fair value was \$2,311

Management's Discussion and Analysis

INFLATION RISK

Global economies are currently experiencing elevated inflation which could curtail levels of economic activity, including in our primary production markets. This inflation is predominantly driven by costs of goods caused by global supply chain constrictions, rising energy prices and more. As such, it cannot be assured delivery, distribution, utility, and other necessary supplies costs at an economic cost. It is reasonable to expect that inflation could impact the Company's future economic performance.

TAX REMITTANCE

The Company is subject to the provisions of the ITA¹² and to review by CRA¹³. The Company files its annual tax compliance based on its interpretation of the ITA and CRA's guidance. There is no certainty that the returns and tax position of the Company will be accepted by CRA as filed. Any difference between the Company's tax filings and CRA's final assessment could impact the Company's results and financial position.

As at June 30, 2022, the Company's financial statements included a tax liability of \$6,280 and a tax indemnification asset of \$2,224. The indemnification asset, intended to cover certain statutory tax obligations arising from the Trichome Transaction to the CRA, consists of: (1) 695,954 Common Shares; (2) The Company is a party to an indemnification agreement (the "**Indemnification Agreement**") with certain directors and officers of the Company and Trichome to cover certain tax liabilities, interest and penalties arising from the Trichome Transaction; (3) the chairman of the Company's board of directors entered into a security pledge agreement with the Company to secure the obligations under the Indemnification Agreement, consisting of certain securities of the Company owned by him; (4) the Company's chairman of the board of directors transferred to the Company a cash amount of \$3,250 (the "**Indemnification Asset**").

As of the date hereof, the chairman of the Company's board of directors is in default of his obligations under the Indemnification Agreement. Accordingly, the Company enforced its security pursuant to the security pledge agreement to satisfy the tax liabilities, interest and penalties arising from the Trichome Transaction. On April 24, 2022, notices of exercise of its right of exclusive control over the accounts in which are held the financial assets securing the obligations under the Indemnification Agreement were issued.

There can be no assurance that the Indemnification Asset will be sufficient to satisfy the requisite payments to the CRA. Additionally, there can be no assurance that the directors and officers whom are party to the indemnification agreement will make sufficient payments to the Company and/or CRA or make the payments at all.

There can be no assurance that income tax laws or the interpretation thereof in any of the jurisdictions in which the Company operates will not be changed or interpreted or administered in a manner which adversely affects the Company and its shareholders. In addition, there is no assurance that CRA will agree with the manner in which the Company calculates taxes payable or that any of the other tax agencies will not change their administrative practices to the detriment of the Company or its shareholders.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

CAUTION CONCERNING FORWARD-LOOKING INFORMATION

Certain statements in this MD&A may contain “forward-looking statements” or “forward-looking information,” within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities legislation (collectively referred to herein as “forward-looking statements” or “forward-looking information”). All statements other than statements of fact may be deemed to be forward-looking statements, including statements with regard to expected financial performance, strategy and business conditions. The words “believe”, “plan”, “intend”, “estimate”, “expect”, “anticipate”, “continue”, or “potential”, and similar expressions, as well as future or conditional verbs such as “will”, “should”, “would”, and “could” often identify forward-looking statements. These statements reflect management’s current expectations and plans with respect to future events and are based on information currently available to management including based on reasonable assumptions, estimates, internal and external analysis and opinions of management considering its experience, perception of trends, current conditions and expected developments as well as other factors that management believes to be relevant as at the date such statements are made. No assurance can be given that the expectations in any forward-looking statement will prove to be correct and, as such, the forward-looking statements included in this MD&A should not be unduly relied upon. Forward-looking information is by its nature prospective and requires IM Cannabis to make certain assumptions and is subject to inherent risks and uncertainties. All forward-looking information is provided as of the date of this MD&A. The Company does not undertake to update any such forward-looking information whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by law.

FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A and the documents incorporated by reference herein contain certain statements which contain “forward-looking information” within the meaning of Canadian securities legislation (each a “forward-looking statement”). All statements, other than statements of historical fact included in this MD&A, including information that address activities, events or developments that the Company expects or anticipates will or may occur in the future, are forward-looking statements. The use of any of the words “anticipates”, “plans”, “contemplates”, “continues”, “estimates”, “expects”, “intends”, “proposes”, “might”, “may”, “will”, “shall”, “projects”, “should”, “could”, “would”, “believe”, “predict”, “forecast”, “pursue”, “potential”, “capable”, “budget” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A may include, without limitation, forward-looking statements pertaining to:

- the Company’s business objectives and milestones and the anticipated timing of execution;
- the performance of the Company’s business, strategies and operations;
- the intention to expand the business, operations and potential activities of the Company;
- geographic diversification and brand recognition;
- preparations to target, upon legalization, new cannabis markets;
- expectations relating to the number of patients in Israel licensed by the MOH to consume medical cannabis;
- expectations of TJAC and MYM on variations of net cost of sales based on the number of pre-harvest plants, after harvest plants, the strains being grown and technological progress in the trimming machines;

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- the future impact of the acquisitions of the Israeli Pharmacies and the Panaxia Transaction;
- the expansion of its Israeli sales channels, distribution, delivery and storage capacity, and reach to medical cannabis patients;
- The Company's proposed acquisition of the HW Shinua and the Panaxia Pharmacy Closing and the future impact thereof;
- the future product portfolios of the Group and the Company's ability to export its products, strains and genetics from Canada to Israel and Germany;
- the opportunity and ability to expand in Germany and export to new, legal adult-use recreational cannabis markets in Europe;
- the competitive conditions of the cannabis industry and the growth of medical or adult-use recreational cannabis markets in the jurisdictions in which the Company operates;
- the growth of the Company's brands in the respective jurisdictions;
- the Company's retail presence, distribution capabilities and data-driven insights;
- the competitive conditions of the industry, including the Company's ability to maintain or grow its market share;
- cannabis licensing in Israel, Germany and Canada;
- the anticipated decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel and Germany;
- expectations regarding the renewal and/or extension of the Group's licenses;
- the Group's anticipated operating cash requirements and future financing needs;
- the Group's expectations regarding its revenue, expenses, profit margins and operations;
- the anticipated Gross Margins, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA from the Company's operations;
- the expected increase in revenue and margins in its Israeli medical cannabis market activities arising from its acquisitions
- future opportunities for the Company in Canada, particularly in the premium and ultra-premium segments;
- future opportunities for the Company in Israel, particularly in the retail and distribution segments of the cannabis market; and
- contractual obligations and commitments.

With respect to the forward looking-statements contained in this MD&A, the Company has made assumptions regarding, among other things:

- the anticipated increase in demand for medical and adult-use recreational cannabis in the markets in which the Company operates;
- the Company's satisfaction of international demand for its products;
- the Company's ability to implement its growth strategies and leverage synergies of acquisitions;
- the Company's ability to reach patients through e-commerce and brick and mortar retail;
- the development and introduction of new products;
- the ability to import and the supply of premium and indoor grown cannabis products from third-party suppliers and partners;
- the changes and trends in the cannabis industry;
- the Company's ability to maintain and renew or obtain required licenses, permits or authorization related to its domestic and international operations;

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- the Company's ability to rely on the export of, creation and maintenance of and maintain a consistent supply of imported cannabis from the Canadian Facilities;
- the ability to maintain cost-efficiencies and network of suppliers to maintain purchasing capabilities;
- the effectiveness of its products for medical cannabis patients and adult-use recreational consumers;
- future cannabis pricing and input costs;
- cannabis production yields;
- the Company being able to continue to drive organic growth from Canadian operations; and
- the Company's ability to market its brands and services successfully to its anticipated customers.

Readers are cautioned that the above lists of forward-looking statements and assumptions are not exhaustive. Since forward-looking statements address future events and conditions, by their very nature they involve inherent risks and uncertainties. Actual results may differ materially from those currently anticipated or implied by such forward-looking statements due to a number of factors and risks. These include:

- general business risk and liability, including claims or complaints in the normal course of business;
- any failure of the Company to maintain "de facto" control over Focus and/or HW Shinua in accordance with IFRS 10;
- regulatory authorities in Israel viewing the Company as the deemed owner of more than 5% of Focus or licensed entities in contravention of Israeli regulations;
- limitations on stockholdings of the Company in connection with its potential direct engagement in the Israeli medical cannabis market;
- the ability and/or need to obtain additional financing for continued operations;
- the lack of control over the Company's investees;
- the failure of the Company to comply with applicable regulatory requirements in a highly regulated industry;
- unexpected changes in governmental policies and regulations affecting the production, distribution, manufacture or use of medical cannabis in Israel, Germany, Canada, or any jurisdictions in which the Company intends to operate;
- the Company's ability to continue to meet the listing requirements of the CSE and the NASDAQ;
- the Israeli government deciding to abandon the decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis;
- any change in the political environment which would negatively affect the prospect of decriminalization or legalization of adult-use recreational cannabis in Israel;
- any unexpected failure of Focus to maintain in good standing or renew its licenses;
- any adverse outcome of the Construction Proceedings;
- any unexpected failure of Adjupharm to maintain in good standing or renew any of its Adjupharm Licenses;
- any unexpected failure of TJAC to maintain in good standing or renew any of the TJAC Licenses or MYM License;
- the reliance on the Canadian Facilities to conduct medical cannabis activities;

Management's Discussion and Analysis

- any unexpected failure of TJAC and/or MYM to maintain their facilities in good standing with all applicable regulations, including all required licenses and permits and under the TJAC Leases and the Sublime Lease;
- the Group's ability to maintain ancillary business licenses, permits and approvals required to operate effectively;
- the ability of the Company, following the Trichome Transaction, the MYM Transaction, the Panaxia Transaction and the acquisition of the Israeli Pharmacies, to integrate each entity into the Company's operations and realize the anticipated benefits and synergies of each such acquisition and the timing thereof and the focus of management on such integration;
- any potential undisclosed liabilities of Trichome, MYM, Pharm Yarok, Rosen High Way, Oranim Pharm, and Vironna or other entities acquired by the Company that were unidentified during the due diligence process;
- the interpretation of Company's acquisitions of companies or assets by tax authorities or regulatory bodies, including but not limited to the change of control of licensed entities;
- the ability of the Group to deliver on their sales commitments or growth objectives;
- the Group's reliance on third-party supply agreements and its ability to enter into additional supply agreements to provide sufficient quantities of medical cannabis to fulfil the Group's obligations;
- the Group's possible exposure to liability, the perceived level of risk related thereto, and the anticipated results of any litigation or other similar disputes or legal proceedings involving the Group, including but not limited to the Construction Proceedings and the class action proceedings described herein;
- the impact of increasing competition;
- any lack of merger and acquisition opportunities;
- inconsistent public opinion and perception regarding the use of cannabis;
- engaging in activities considered illegal under US federal law related to cannabis;
- political instability and conflict in the Middle East, Eastern Europe and Ukraine;
- adverse market conditions;
- unexpected disruptions to the operations and businesses of the Group as a result of the COVID-19 global pandemic or other disease outbreaks including a resurgence in the cases of COVID-19;
- the inherent uncertainty of production quantities, qualities and cost estimates and the potential for unexpected costs and expenses;
- the Group's ability to sell its products;
- currency fluctuations;
- inflationary risks;
- any change in accounting practices or treatment affecting the consolidation of financial results;
- the costs of inputs;
- reliance on management; and
- the loss of key management and/or employees.

Readers are cautioned that the foregoing list of risk factors is not exhaustive. Additional information on these and other factors that could affect the business, operations or financial results of the Company are detailed under the headings "*Risk Factors*" and "*Contingent Liabilities and Commitments*" of this MD&A. The Company and management caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking

Management's Discussion and Analysis

statements, which speak only as of the date made. Although the Company believes that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, it can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to have been correct. The Company and management assume no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances except as required by applicable securities laws.

Additional information about the assumptions, risks and uncertainties of the Company's business and material factors or assumptions on which information contained in forward-looking information is based is provided in the Company's disclosure materials, including in this MD&A under "*Legal and Regulatory – Risk Factors*" and the Company's current annual information form under "*Risk Factors*", filed with the securities regulatory authorities in Canada and which can be viewed online under the Company's profile on the System for Electronic Document Analysis and Retrieval ("**SEDAR**") at www.sedar.com.

All forward-looking information in this MD&A is qualified by these cautionary statements.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK

The forward-looking information in this MD&A contain statements in respect of estimated revenues. The Company and its management believe that the estimated revenues are reasonable as of the date hereof and are based on management's current views, strategies, expectations, assumptions and forecasts, and have been calculated using accounting policies that are generally consistent with the Company's current accounting policies. These estimates are considered financial outlooks under applicable securities legislation. These estimates and any other financial outlooks or future-oriented financial information included herein have been approved by management of the Company as of the date hereof. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any future-oriented financial information, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as required by securities legislation. Readers are cautioned that actual results may vary materially as a result of a number of risks, uncertainties, and other factors, many of which are beyond the Group's control. See the risks and uncertainties discussed in the "*Risk Factors*" section and elsewhere in this MD&A and other risks detailed from time to time in the publicly filed disclosure documents of the Company.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

**IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS ARRANGEMENT ACT*, R.S.C.
1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED**

Court File No.: _____

**AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF
TRICHOME FINANCIAL CORP., TRICHOME JWC ACQUISITION CORP., MYM
NUTRACEUTICALS INC., TRICHOME RETAIL CORP., MYM INTERNATIONAL
BRANDS INC., AND HIGHLAND GROW INC.**

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

APPLICATION RECORD
(Returnable November 7, 2022)
Volume 1 of 2

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