

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

B E T W E E N:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 243 OF THE *BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVENCY ACT*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, AS AMENDED, AND SECTION 101 OF THE *COURTS OF JUSTICE ACT*, RSO 1990, c. C-43.

**MOTION RECORD
(Motion for Discharge Order Returnable May 30, 2024)**

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**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
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**NOTICE OF MOTION
(Motion for Discharge Order)**

KSV Restructuring Inc. (“**KSV**”), in its capacity as receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. (“**Tamerlane**”) and Pine Point Holding Corp. (“**PPHC**” and together with Tamerlane, the “**Debtors**”), appointed pursuant to an Order of this Court dated January 30, 2014 (the “**Receivership Order**”), will make a motion before a Judge of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) on May 30, 2024 at 12:00 p.m., or as soon after that time as the motion can be heard.

PROPOSED METHOD OF HEARING: The motion is to be heard:

- ☐ In writing under subrule 37.12.1 (1);
- ☐ In writing as an opposed motion under subrule 37.12.1(4);
- ☐ In person;
- ☐ By telephone conference;
- ☒ By video conference;

at a Zoom link to be provided on CaseLines in these proceedings.

THE MOTION IS FOR:

1. an Order (the “**Discharge Order**”) in the form attached to the Receiver’s Motion Record, *inter alia*:
 - (a) approving the Fifth Report of the Receiver dated September 21, 2021 and the Sixth Report of the Receiver dated May 24, 2024 (the “**Sixth Report**”) and the activities of the Receiver referred to therein;
 - (b) approving the Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements set forth in the Sixth Report;
 - (c) discharging the Receiver as receiver of the Debtors upon the issuance of a certificate by the Receiver confirming that all matters to be attended to in connection with the receivership of the Debtors have been completed to the satisfaction of the Receiver; and
 - (d) releasing the Receiver from any and all liability arising out of its acts or omissions while acting in its capacity as Receiver, except for any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on the Receiver’s part; and
2. Such further and other relief as this Court deems just.

THE GROUNDS FOR THE MOTION ARE:

1. The Debtors were granted protection under the *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act* (the “**CCAA**”) pursuant to an Initial Order of the Court granted August 23, 2013;

2. As result of the Debtors' inability to meet certain conditions and transaction milestones, the CCAA proceedings were terminated and the Receiver's predecessor firm was appointed as Receiver of the Debtors pursuant to the Receivership Order, which mandate was transferred to the Receiver by an Order of this Court dated July 10, 2015;
3. The principal purpose of the receivership proceedings was to enable the Receiver to market and sell the business and assets of the Debtors, including mining concessions in Peru denominated as El Pino, Los Pinos No. 1 and Los Pinos No. 6 (collectively, the "**Concessions**");
4. The Receiver has completed a number of Court-approved sale transactions during the proceedings, including a Court-approved sale of mining properties owned by PPHC that was completed in December 2016;
5. It has not been possible to complete a sale of the Concessions because of an ownership dispute between, *inter alia*, Tamerlane and Alexander Vidaurre ("**Vidaurre**"), a former employee of the Tamerlane group of companies. The ownership dispute is the subject of civil litigation commenced in various courts in Peru, including in causes of action in which Tamerlane alleges Vidaurre illegally transferred ownership of the Concessions to himself and his secretary through fraudulent shareholder registries and transfers;
6. In January 2019, the Receiver and Ingenieria, Minería Y Construcción, Contratistas Generales S.A.C. ("**IMICON**") reached agreement on the terms of a transaction under which IMICON would take an assignment of Tamerlane's rights in certain civil actions in Peru relating to the Concessions (the "**Proposed Transaction**"). Following completion of the Proposed Transaction, IMICON would be responsible to address the rights of Vidaurre (and others) in the civil actions and take any other steps required to obtain ownership of the Concessions;
7. On January 30, 2019, this Court granted an Approval and Authorization Order (the "**Transaction Approval Order**") which, among other things, (a) approved the Proposed Transaction; (b) authorized the Receiver to grant a power of attorney to David Lewis (the "**Lewis POA**"), the chief executive officer of Global Resources Fund ("**GRF**"),

Tamerlane's principal secured creditor; (c) authorized the Receiver to take such additional steps and to execute such additional documents as may be necessary or desirable for the completion of the Proposed Transaction; and (d) authorized the Receiver to distribute the proceeds of the Proposed Transaction to GRF;

8. The completion of the Proposed Transaction required a number of steps and actions to be completed in Peru, including the registration of Tamerlane's power of attorney with the Peruvian public registry, the execution of certain documents on behalf of Tamerlane in Peru, and the notarization of such documents by a Peruvian notary;
9. The Proposed Transaction could not be completed following the granting of the Transaction Approval Order due to a number of factors, including the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic and related travel restrictions, and significant delays and legal impediments in the registry of the Lewis POA with the Peruvian courts and the Peruvian public registry;
10. On September 22, 2021, this Court granted an Authorization Order to facilitate the completion of the Proposed Transaction, including authorizing the Receiver to grant a power of attorney, in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane, to Noah Goldstein, a Managing Director of KSV, to enable Mr. Goldstein to execute certain documents while physically present in Peru in accordance with Peruvian legal requirements;
11. The Receiver has been unable to complete the Proposed Transaction despite numerous attempts over many years. IMICON has failed to close for a variety of purported reasons, including political turmoil in Peru and alleged problems receiving funding due to international banking issues. It has also been challenging and costly for the Receiver to participate in the civil actions in Peru for a number of reasons, including communication barriers and complications and delays in the Peruvian legal process. The Receiver does not believe there is any reasonable prospect of completing the Proposed Transaction in the near term;
12. GRF is the only party with an economic interest in the proceeds of the Proposed Transaction. GRF will suffer a deficiency of approximately US\$530,000 on the amounts

that it advanced to fund the receivership proceedings, which are secured by the Receiver's Borrowing Charge granted pursuant to the Receivership Order. The Receiver has been advised by GRF that it is not prepared to fund any additional costs related to the Proposed Transaction or the Peruvian causes of action relating to the Concessions;

13. As the Receiver has monetized the other assets of the Debtors and exhausted its efforts to complete the Proposed Transaction, the Receiver seeks its discharge at this time;
14. As set out in the Final Statement of Receipts of Disbursements attached to the Sixth Report, there is currently a balance of approximately \$12,000 in the Receiver's trust account, which is expected to be used to satisfy the fees and expenses of the Receiver and its counsel;
15. During the receivership proceedings, the aggregate fees and disbursements of (a) the Receiver were approximately \$733,000; and (b) the Receiver's Canadian counsel were approximately \$389,000;
16. Paragraph 18 of the Receivership Order provides that Receiver and its legal counsel shall pass their accounts if requested by GRF, this Court or any other interested party. No party has requested that the Receiver or its legal counsel pass their accounts in these proceedings;
17. GRF is the only economic stakeholder in these proceedings. GRF has been provided with all of the invoices of the Receiver and its counsel throughout these proceedings and it has advanced the funding necessary to pay those invoices. There are no remaining funds in the estate and GRF is not prepared to advance additional funding for the preparation of fee affidavits;
18. Section 243 of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, including subsection 243(6); and
19. Such further and other grounds as counsel may advise and this Court may permit.

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTARY EVIDENCE will be used at the hearing of this Motion:

1. The Receiver's Sixth Report; and
2. Such further and other materials as counsel may advise and this Court may permit.

Date: May 24, 2024

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as Receiver.

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

and

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

Applicant

Respondents

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

**NOTICE OF MOTION
(Motion for Discharge Order
Returnable May 30, 2024)**

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capacity as Receiver.



**Sixth Report to Court of
KSV Restructuring Inc. as Receiver of
Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point
Holding Corp.**

May 24, 2024

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COURT FILE NO.: CV-14-10417-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

APPLICANT

-AND-

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

RESPONDENTS

**SIXTH REPORT OF KSV RESTRUCTURING INC.
AS RECEIVER OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.**

MAY 24, 2024

1.0 Introduction

1. Pursuant to an order (“Initial Order”) of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (the “Court”) made on August 23, 2013, Tamerlane Ventures Inc. (“Tamerlane”) and Pine Point Holding Corp. (“PPHC”) were granted protection under the *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act* (the “CCAA”) and Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc. (“D&P”) was appointed the monitor (the “Monitor”) in the CCAA proceedings (Tamerlane and PPHC are jointly referred to as the “Companies”).
2. The affidavit of Margaret M. Kent sworn August 22, 2013 (the “Kent Affidavit”) and filed in support of the Companies’ application for CCAA protection provides, *inter alia*, the Companies’ background, including the reasons the Companies filed for CCAA protection. At the time Ms. Kent swore her affidavit she was Tamerlane’s Executive Chair, Chief Financial Officer and a director of PPHC. A copy of the Kent Affidavit is attached as Appendix “A” (without Exhibits).
3. Pursuant to Court orders made in the CCAA proceedings, the Companies could not seek an extension of the CCAA stay of proceedings beyond January 31, 2014 unless by that date they had: (i) repaid in full their principal secured creditor, Global Resource Fund (“GRF”); or (ii) received written consent from GRF and the Monitor to seek an extension of the stay.

4. Prior to January 31, 2014, GRF advised the Companies and the Monitor that it was not prepared to consent to a further extension of the stay of proceedings in the CCAA and that it intended to seek an order (the “Receivership Order”) appointing D&P as receiver of all the Companies’ assets, property and undertaking.
5. Pursuant to Court orders made on January 30, 2014, the CCAA proceedings were terminated (the “Termination Order”) and D&P was appointed as receiver of the Companies (the “Receiver”). Copies of the Termination Order and the Receivership Order are attached as Appendices “B” and “C”, respectively.
6. On June 30, 2015, D&P was acquired by KSV Kofman Inc. (“KSV”).¹ Pursuant to an order of the Court made on July 10, 2015, D&P’s ongoing mandates were transferred to KSV, including acting as the Receiver in these proceedings. The professionals overseeing this mandate prior to this transition remain unchanged.
7. The principal purpose of these proceedings was to create a stabilized environment in which to carry out a sale and investment solicitation process for the Companies’ business and assets, including mining concessions located in Peru denominated as El Pino, Los Pinos No. 1 and Los Pinos No. 6 (the “Concessions”) owned by Minera Los Pinos de Cañete SAC (“MLPC”), a subsidiary of Tamerlane (and previously, a subsidiary of Tamerlane Ventures Peru S.A.C (“Tamerlane Peru”) and an indirect subsidiary of Tamerlane). A copy of the Companies’ corporate chart and a discussion of issues concerning the Concessions is provided below.

1.1 Concessions

1. A sale of the Concessions was complicated because of an ownership dispute between, *inter alia*, Tamerlane and Alexander Vidaurre (“Vidaurre”), a former employee of the Tamerlane Group (as defined below). The ownership dispute is the subject of civil litigation and criminal investigations commenced in various courts in Peru.
2. On January 30, 2019, the Court granted an Approval and Authorization Order (the “Transaction Approval Order”) approving a transaction to assign Tamerlane’s interest in the civil actions to Ingenieria, Minería Y Construcción, Contratistas Generales S.A.C. (“IMICON”) (the “Proposed Transaction”). A copy of the Approval and Authorization Order is attached as Appendix “D”. The Proposed Transaction is described in the Receiver’s Fourth Report to Court dated January 22, 2019 (the “Fourth Report”), a copy of which is attached as Appendix “E” (without Appendices) and summarized below.
3. Despite the Receiver making numerous attempts to close the Transaction over the course of many years, the Proposed Transaction has not closed due to, *inter alia*, certain orders made by the Peruvian Courts, the COVID-19 pandemic and the failure by IMICON to close, as more fully discussed below.

¹ Effective August 31, 2020, KSV Kofman Inc. changed its name to KSV Restructuring Inc.

4. Since the closing of the Pine Point Transaction (as defined below), the receivership proceedings have been financed through advances from GRF which are secured under the Receiver's Borrowings Charge. GRF is owed approximately US\$530,000, excluding interest in respect of these borrowings. Several months ago, GRF advised that it is no longer prepared to fund the receivership proceedings, including the Receiver's efforts to realize on the Concessions. GRF is the only party with an economic interest in the proceeds of the Proposed Transaction. Accordingly, the Receiver is now seeking an order, among other things, terminating these receivership proceedings and discharging the Receiver.

1.2 Purposes of this Report

1. The purposes of this report ("Report") are to:
 - a) provide an update on the status of the Proposed Transaction and the reasons it failed to close;
 - b) provide the rationale for the Receiver seeking its discharge upon filing a certificate with this Court (the "Discharge Certificate");
 - c) recommend that the Court issue an order (the "Discharge Order"), among other things:
 - i. approving this Report and the Fifth Report of the Receiver dated September 14, 2021 and the activities of the Receiver and its counsel described therein;
 - ii. approving the Statement of Receipts and Disbursements from the commencement of the receivership proceedings to May 16, 2024 (the "Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements");
 - iii. discharging the Receiver upon filing the Discharge Certificate; and
 - iv. releasing KSV, upon filing the Discharge Certificate, from any and all liability that KSV may now have or may hereafter have by reason of, or in any way arising out of, the acts or omissions of KSV while acting as Receiver, save and except for its gross negligence or wilful misconduct.

1.3 Currency

1. Unless otherwise noted, all currency references in this Report are to Canadian dollars.

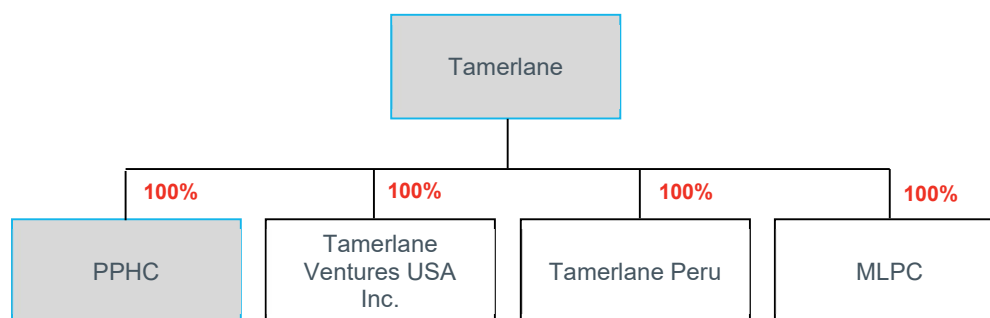
1.4 Restrictions

1. In preparing this Report, the Receiver has relied upon information sourced from the Companies' books and records and discussions with various parties, including the Receiver's former Peruvian legal counsel, being Estudio Manini & Asociados, GRF's Peruvian legal counsel, being Rodrigo Elias & Medrano, GRF's representatives and the Companies' representatives concerning all matters in these proceedings, including the ownership of the Concessions and all litigation related thereto. The Receiver expresses no opinion or other form of assurance with respect to any matter

concerning the Concessions, including the ownership thereof and the respective arguments underlying the Peruvian litigation. KSV accepts no responsibility to any party for its reliance on any information in this Report concerning the Concessions and all parties are required to perform their own diligence concerning same.

2.0 Background

1. The shares of Tamerlane were previously listed on Tier 2 of the TSX Venture Exchange. On January 30, 2014, trading in the shares was suspended indefinitely.
2. Tamerlane's corporate chart is provided below.² Tamerlane and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Tamerlane Group".



3. The Tamerlane Group engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of base metal projects in Canada and Peru. The Tamerlane Group's flagship property was Pine Point (the "Pine Point Property"), a project located near Hay River in the South Slave Lake area of the Northwest Territories of Canada. The Pine Point Property was owned by PPHC. On December 16, 2016, the Court approved a sale by the Receiver of its and PPHC's right, title and interest in the Pine Point Property to Darnley Bay Resources Ltd. (the "Pine Point Transaction"). The Pine Point Transaction was completed on December 20, 2016.
4. Additional information concerning the Companies and these proceedings can be found in the court materials on the Receiver's website at: <https://www.ksvadvisory.com/insolvency-cases/case/tamerlane-ventures-inc>.

3.0 Concessions

1. The Concessions consist of a copper deposit located in Peru. The Concessions are an exploration property with no active mining operations.
2. The Receiver understands that in 2007, Tamerlane advanced a loan of \$1 million to Tamerlane Peru so that Tamerlane Peru could purchase the shares of MLPC, which entity held the Concessions.³

² The shaded entities are subject to the receivership proceedings. The chart reflects Tamerlane's position on the corporate structure.

³ Tamerlane takes the position that it foreclosed on the shares of MLPC when Tamerlane Peru could not repay the \$1 million loan.

3. Since 2008, the Concessions have been the subject of an ownership dispute between, *inter alia*, Tamerlane and Vidaurre, as summarized below. The Receiver understands that these civil actions may still be ongoing.
4. The two principal actions are summarized as follows:⁴

Plaintiff	Court	Purpose
Tamerlane	7 th Commercial Civil Court of Lima (the “Lima Case”)	To declare Tamerlane Ventures as the owner of Tamerlane Peru
Tamerlane	1 st Commercial Civil Court of Cañete (the “Cañete Case”)	To nullify certain actions taken by Vidaurre to transfer the MLPC shares and the Concessions such that the Concessions are owned by Tamerlane

5. The Receiver understands that there is an injunction in Peru preventing the sale of the Concessions until the civil actions are resolved.
6. In addition to the civil actions, Vidaurre has been criminally convicted in Peru of altering the minute books of MLPC to reflect that he and his lawyer, Mr. Sztrancman, own the shares of MLPC.
7. It has been extremely challenging for the Receiver to participate in the civil actions for several reasons, including communication barriers with certain Peruvian legal advisors in these proceedings and complications and delays in the Peruvian legal process.
8. For several years, the Receiver worked to complete a transaction that would result in the conveyance of the Concessions to IMICON, a mining company based in Peru. In 2019, it was determined that the only mechanism available to complete a transaction for the Concessions is for IMICON to take an assignment of Tamerlane’s rights in the civil actions, after which IMICON would be responsible to address Vidaurre’s rights in the causes of action and any other steps required to obtain ownership of the Concessions.

4.0 Transaction

1. The total consideration payable to the Receiver as part of the Proposed Transaction was US\$1.5 million, including a non-refundable US\$100,000 deposit. The deposit was spent with the consent of IMICON on diligence costs in order to attempt to advance the Proposed Transaction.

⁴ In addition to the principal actions, there is one other proceeding in Peru in which Tamerlane Peru, through Vidaurre and his purported ownership of Tamerlane Peru, is the plaintiff and Tamerlane is the defendant.

2. As part of the Transaction, certain transaction documents were required to be executed in Peru and notarized by a Peruvian notary. In accordance with the Transaction Approval Order, the Receiver granted a Power of Attorney to David Lewis (the "Lewis POA"), the Chief Executive Officer of GRF, to authorize him to execute the transaction documents and to perform any other acts necessary to complete the Transaction.
3. IMICON requested that the Lewis POA be registered with the Peruvian Courts and the Peruvian public registry. After the granting of the Transaction Approval Order, the Receiver commenced the process to have its Peruvian legal counsel register the Lewis POA with the Peruvian Courts and the Peruvian public registry. For reasons unclear to the Receiver, in November 2019, the Canete Court rejected the Lewis POA. The Receiver appealed the decision and, in November 2020, the Canete Court reversed its prior decision and the Peruvian Appeals Court accepted the Lewis POA.
4. Following the decision of the appeal court in November 2020, Mr. Lewis advised the Receiver that he was not prepared to travel to Peru due to the COVID-19 pandemic. In an effort to close the Transaction, Mr. Goldstein, a representative of the Receiver, was prepared to travel to Peru to sign the necessary documents.
5. The Receiver was advised by GRF's Peruvian counsel that the Goldstein POA must be registered with the Peruvian public registry. GRF's Peruvian counsel had advised the Receiver that, in order to register the Goldstein POA, the Peruvian public registry required evidence of the Receiver's authority to grant the Goldstein POA on behalf of Tamerlane and evidence that the Receiver remains the receiver of Tamerlane. Accordingly, on September 22, 2021, the Court issued an Authorization Order, among other things, confirming the foregoing in order to facilitate the closing of the Proposed Transaction. A copy of the Authorization Order is attached as Appendix "F".
6. Since that time, the Receiver has made numerous attempts to close the Proposed Transaction, but IMICON has failed to close for a variety of purported reasons, including political turmoil in Peru and alleged problems receiving funds from affiliates required to close the Proposed Transaction due to international banking issues. In several cases, IMICON advised the Receiver that a closing wire would be forthcoming but no funds were ever received by the Receiver, except US\$2,940 on or around April 8, 2022, which was paid as part of a penalty for not closing the Proposed Transaction.
7. The cost of pursuing the litigation, paying the administrative costs and closing the Proposed Transaction have been significant. In that respect, over US\$500,000 has been paid to the Receiver's Peruvian legal counsel since the commencement of the receivership proceedings in respect of legal fees and annual fees to retain the rights for the mining concessions. The Receiver does not believe that there is any reasonable prospect of completing the Proposed Transaction in the near term.
8. GRF is the only party with an economic interest in the proceeds of the Proposed Transaction. The Receiver has been advised by GRF that it is not prepared to fund any additional costs related to the Proposed Transaction or the litigation. Accordingly, the Receiver is seeking its discharge.

5.0 Receipts and Disbursements

1. Attached as Appendix “G” is the Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements. There is currently a balance of approximately \$12,000 in the Receiver’s trust account, which is expected to be used to satisfy the fees and expenses of the Receiver and its counsel.
2. As set out in the Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements, during the receivership proceedings, the aggregate fees and disbursements of (a) the Receiver were approximately \$733,000, and (b) the Receiver’s Canadian counsel were approximately \$389,000.
3. The Receiver borrowed US\$530,000 from GRF under the Receiver’s Borrowings Charge granted under the Receivership Order, which secures amounts advanced by GRF to the Receiver to fund these proceedings. There will not be any additional amounts distributed to GRF in these proceedings.

6.0 Receiver’s Discharge

1. Prior to completing its administration, the Receiver intends to prepare and file the Receiver’s final report required under Section 246 of the BIA. Once the Receiver has completed this report, it intends to file the Discharge Certificate as its duties and responsibilities under the Receivership Order and other orders made in these proceedings will have been completed.

7.0 Fees

1. Paragraph 18 of the Receivership Order granted by Justice Morawetz (as he then was) on January 30, 2014 states that “THIS COURT ORDERS that, if requested by [GRF], this Court, or any other interested party, the Receiver and its legal counsel shall pass their accounts from time to time, and for this purpose the accounts of the Receiver and its legal counsel are hereby referred to a judge of the Commercial List of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice.”
2. No party has requested that the Receiver or its legal counsel pass their accounts in these proceedings. GRF is the only economic stakeholder in these proceedings. GRF has been provided with all of the invoices of the Receiver and its counsel throughout these proceedings and it has advanced the funding necessary to pay those invoices. GRF’s representatives have been served with these motion materials and have been advised of this motion. There are no remaining funds in the estate and GRF is not prepared to advance additional funding for the preparation of fee affidavits. The aggregate fees and disbursements of the Receiver and its counsel are disclosed in the Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements.
3. Accordingly and subject to any alternative direction from the Court, the Receiver does not intend to pass its accounts in connection with its motion for the Discharge Order.

8.0 Conclusion and Recommendation

1. Based on the foregoing, the Receiver respectfully recommends that this Honourable Court grant the Discharge Order in the form sought by the Receiver.

* * *

All of which is respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "KSV Restructuring Inc.".

**KSV RESTRUCTURING INC.
IN ITS CAPACITY AS COURT-APPOINTED RECEIVER OF
TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.
AND NOT IN ITS PERSONAL CAPACITY**

Appendix “A”

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST

IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES' CREDITORS*
ARRANGEMENT ACT, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED

AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR
ARRANGEMENT OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

AFFIDAVIT OF MARGARET M. KENT
(Sworn August 22, 2013)

I, Margaret M. Kent, of the City of Kailua-Kona, in the State of Hawaii, United States of America, **MAKE OATH AND SAY:**

1. I am (i) the Executive Chair and Chief Financial Officer of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. ("**Tamerlane**"), (ii) a Director of Pine Point Holding Corp. ("**Tamerlane Pine Point**", and together with Tamerlane, the "**Applicants**"), and (iii) the Chair and Treasurer of Tamerlane Ventures USA, Inc. ("**Tamerlane USA**", and together with the Applicants, the "**Company**"). As such, I have personal knowledge of the matters set out below, except where otherwise stated. Where I do not possess personal knowledge, I have stated the source of my information and I believe such information to be true.

2. All references to dollar amounts contained in this affidavit are to United States Dollars unless otherwise stated.

I. RELIEF SOUGHT

3. This affidavit is sworn in support of an application for an initial order (the "**Initial Order**") pursuant to the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, as amended (the "**CCAA**") in respect of the Applicants, among other things:

- a) abridging and validating the time for service of the Notice of Application and the Application Record, and dispensing with further service thereof;
- b) declaring that the Applicants are companies to which the CCAA applies;
- c) appointing Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc. ("**Duff & Phelps**") as Monitor of the Applicants;
- d) staying all proceedings and remedies taken or that might be taken in respect of the Applicants or any of their property, except as otherwise set forth in the Initial Order;
- e) staying all proceedings and remedies taken or that might be taken in respect of Tamerlane USA or Tamerlane Ventures Peru SAC ("**Tamerlane Peru**"), or any of their property with respect to any claim involving the Applicants, except as otherwise set forth in the Initial Order;
- f) authorizing the Applicants to carry on business in a manner consistent with the preservation of their property and to make certain payments in connection with their business and the proceedings;
- g) authorizing the Applicants to borrow funds under a credit facility (the "**DIP Financing**"), with such DIP Financing to be on the terms set out in

the term sheet dated August 22, 2013 (the "**Term Sheet**") between the Applicants and Global Resource Fund (in such capacity, the "**DIP Lender**");

- h) granting the Administration Charge (defined below), the Financial Advisor Charge (as defined below), the Directors' Charge (as defined below), the DIP Lender's Charge (defined below), and the Subordinated Administration Charge (defined below);
- i) approving the SISP (defined below), and authorizing PricewaterhouseCoopers Corporate Finance Inc. (the "**Financial Advisor**"), the Monitor and the Applicants to perform their obligations thereunder;
- j) providing that the Applicants may not seek or obtain any extension of the stay of proceedings beyond 11:59 p.m. (Toronto time) on January 7, 2014 unless certain conditions (such as the prior written consent of the Applicants' secured lender) are met (such date beyond which the Applicants may not seek or obtain any extension of the stay period, if any, being the "**Outside Date**"), and that if those conditions are not met by the Outside Date, this proceeding will automatically terminate and a receiver will be appointed in respect of the Applicants; and
- k) permitting the Applicants to file with this Honourable Court a plan of compromise or arrangement.

4. The Secured Lender consents to the relief sought in this proceeding.

II. CORPORATE STRUCTURE

Tamerlane

5. Tamerlane is a publicly held company whose shares are listed on Tier 2 of the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol "TAM". It was incorporated in the Province of British Columbia on May 16, 2000, and was continued as a federal corporation under the *Canada Business Corporations Act*, R.S.C., 1985, c. C-44 (the "**CBCA**") on July 26, 2010. A copy of Tamerlane's articles of continuance is attached as Exhibit "**A**".

6. Tamerlane's registered office is located at 181 Bay Street, Suite 4400, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2T3 and its executive office is located at 441 Peace Portal Drive, Blaine, Washington State, USA, 98230.

7. Tamerlane's share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares without par value. As of August 20, 2013, Tamerlane had 137,828,529 common shares issued and outstanding as well as 5,630,000 stock options and 13,750,000 warrants outstanding. Additionally, a convertible debenture issued to Global Resource Fund, a fund managed by Renvest Mercantile Bancorp Inc. (the "**Secured Lender**"), would result in another 6,250,000 shares being issued and outstanding if converted.

8. To the best of my knowledge, no person beneficially owns, or exercises control or direction over, directly or indirectly, shares carrying more than 10% of the voting rights attached to all shares of Tamerlane except for (i) R. Christopher Charlwood, who beneficially owns 27,500,000 shares (19.95% of voting rights), and (ii) the Secured Lender, which beneficially owns 21,268,827 shares (15.4% of voting rights). Mr. Charlwood, who I believe to be a

sophisticated investor, purchased his shares in January 2013 for CAD \$1,698,842 (or CAD \$0.0618 per share). I understand that he continues to believe in the long-term value of the Company and its assets.

9. Mr. Charlwood, Tamerlane's largest shareholder, has been kept up-to-date by the Applicants with respect to this proposed CCAA proceeding, and does not object to any of the relief being sought.

The Tamerlane Group

10. Tamerlane Pine Point and Tamerlane USA are both direct subsidiaries of Tamerlane. An organization chart of the Company and other related subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Tamerlane Group**") is attached as Exhibit "B".

11. Tamerlane owns 100% of the shares of Tamerlane Pine Point, which is incorporated under the CBCA. The articles of incorporation of Tamerlane Pine Point are attached as Exhibit "C".

12. Tamerlane Pine Point's registered office is located at 181 Bay Street, Suite 4400, Toronto, Ontario, M5J 2T3.

13. Tamerlane also owns 100% of the shares of (i) Tamerlane USA, a company incorporated under the laws of the State of Washington, USA, (ii) Tamerlane Peru, a company incorporated under the laws of Peru, and (iii) Minera Los Pinos de Cañete SAC ("**Tamerlane Minera**"), a company incorporated under the laws of Peru.

14. None of Tamerlane USA, Tamerlane Peru or Tamerlane Minera is an applicant in these proceedings.

15. The Tamerlane Group's business is fully integrated among the Canadian, United States and Peruvian companies.

Management of the Applicants

16. As set out above, I am a director of each of the Applicants. In addition to me, the directors of each of the Applicants are as follows:

- a) Tamerlane: William J.V. Sheridan, J. Cowan McKinney, Timothy J. Chapman, and Ross F. Burns; and
- b) Tamerlane Pine Point: William J.V. Sheridan and Ross F. Burns.

17. The Tamerlane management team consists of the following individuals, all of which are employed by Tamerlane USA, which provides management services to the Applicants:

- a) Margaret Kent, Executive Chair and Chief Financial Officer of Tamerlane;
- b) John L. Key, Chief Executive Officer of Tamerlane;
- c) Judy Dudley, Vice President of Tamerlane; and
- d) Richard Meschke, Director, Corporate Development and Legal of Tamerlane.

18. The Applicants do not have any employees of their own.

III. THE BUSINESS

19. The Tamerlane Group is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of base metal projects in Canada and Peru. The Applicants' flagship property is the Pine Point Property,

a project located near Hay River in the South Slave Lake area of the Northwest Territories, Canada. The Tamerlane Group's other significant asset is the Los Pinos mining concessions in the Lima Department, Peru, that hosts a historic copper resource.

Pine Point

20. The Pine Point Property is owned by Tamerlane Pine Point. The mine at Pine Point was the largest and most profitable zinc-lead mine in Canadian history. From 1964 to 1987 more than 64 million tonnes of ore were extracted.

21. The Pine Point Property was ultimately shut down in 1987 due to high costs of maintaining a townsite, and exhaustion of near-plant resources. However, Tamerlane has learned from the problems encountered by previous operators, and is now proposing to mine the Pine Point Properties' ore bodies using a variety of open cut and underground mining methods. No townsite will be needed, and the mill site will be centrally located to all current and future ore deposits at the Pine Point Property.

22. In 2004, the Applicants acquired an option and exclusive right to earn an undivided 60% interest in the Pine Point Property. The Applicants commenced exploration in the fourth quarter of 2004 and in 2006 fulfilled all exploration requirements to earn the 60% interest in the property. In the second quarter of 2006, the Applicants increased their interest in the Pine Point Property to 100% in exchange for \$1,000,000 and the granting of a 3% net smelter return royalty to an entity controlled by the family trusts of two insiders of Tamerlane.

23. In 2007, the Applicants completed an NI 43-101 Technical Report on the Pine Point Property. The report defined 10.9 million tonnes of measured and indicated resources in

conjunction with a positive feasibility study of 1.0 million tonnes of proven and probable reserves for the R-190 zinc-lead deposit at the Pine Point Property, one of the major deposits at the Pine Point Property.

24. Between 2005 and 2008, the Applicants completed a full environmental assessment and received all necessary land and water permits to commence construction of the mill and mine infrastructure and operate the R-190 deposit. The 5-year permits were issued in 2008, but in late 2008 the Pine Point project was put on hold because of low metal prices.

25. On March 16, 2012, the Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board approved a Type "A" Land Use Permit for the completion and construction of the main mine site at the R-190 deposit location. In addition to obtaining the Land Use Permit, the Applicants also obtained approval for an amended Water License for the R-190 deposit location. The Minister of Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada signed the Water License in April 2012. Both the Water License and the Land Use Permit are available for the full maximum term of 5 years. The Applicants have begun work on the necessary management plans associated with the Water License and Land Use Permit to allow for commencement of construction, which can begin once financing is obtained. All permits remain in good standing.

26. On April 2, 2012, an updated NI 43-101 Technical Report (the "**2012 R-190 Report**") of the six initial underground deposits at Pine Point comprising the R-190 project was completed. The 2012 R-190 Report reflects new cost assumptions based on updated quoted prices in late 2011 as well as the effect of changing the mine access from a shaft to a decline. No update was completed for the estimates of reserves and resources. The 2012 R-190 Report confirms that the R-190 project is feasible based on the assumptions used.

27. In addition, on March 23, 2012, a NI 43-101 Technical Report was published in respect of another type of deposit - the N-204 surface deposit at Pine Point (the "**2012 N-204 Report**"). The 2012 N-204 Report confirms that the N-204 project is feasible based on the assumptions used.

28. Beginning in early 2013, the Applicants commenced work on the preparation of an additional NI 43-101 Technical Report for several other deposits at the Pine Point property, all of which are expected to be mineable by open pit methods. The Applicants are now expecting to mine a substantial amount of ore at Pine Point by open pit methods as a result of input received from potential partners and investors that were considering the Pine Point project in 2012. This report is expected to be completed by the end of August, 2013.

29. The Applicants believe based on, among other things, the foregoing, that there is very substantial value in the Pine Point Property. The project has been determined to be feasible and environmental permits and licenses have already been obtained to put the first deposit into production. All of the expensive infrastructure, such as roads, powerlines and railheads, are already in place, minimizing the capital cost necessary to commence operations. The Applicants simply need to raise the financing necessary to be able to exploit the value of the project, a task made more difficult by, among other things, the problems experienced generally in the mining sector thus far during 2013.

Los Pinos

30. In 2007, Tamerlane acquired the Los Pinos assets through one of its subsidiaries, Tamerlane Peru, and it currently holds the mining concessions through another of its subsidiaries, Tamerlane Minera.

31. The Los Pinos porphyry copper deposit is located at an elevation of 700 meters, 100 km south of Lima, Peru. The deposit is contained within the Los Pinos No. 1 & 6 and the El Pino concessions, which total 790 hectares.

32. The deposit is contained in a deeply weathered granodiorite, which is part of the coastal batholithic complex, and occurs in a northwest trending zone that parallels the northern portion of the Rio de Canete. Los Pinos has several sister deposits, such as the Lucuma deposit on the opposite side of the Rio de Canete. The deposit was shown to have an extensive cap of oxide copper, changing to mixed oxides and sulfides, and eventually by sulfides to depth. The Los Pinos deposit was investigated in the early 1990s assuming a copper price of \$.90 per pound, less than 30% of the current price of approximately \$3.30 per pound.

33. The Los Pinos property became significantly more valuable in 2011 as a result of rising copper prices.

34. However, the Los Pinos assets have been the subject of an ownership dispute since 2008 when Alexander Vidaurre Otayza, who was the General Manager of Tamerlane Peru and Century Mining Peru SAC ("**Century Peru**"), a company that managed the affairs of Tamerlane Peru and shared offices with it, became disgruntled and, prior to resigning, directed Century Peru's in-house lawyer and an outside law firm, both of which were holding Tamerlane Peru's

shares in trust for Tamerlane, to transfer the shares to Mr. Vidaurre and his secretary. Once the share transfer was completed, Mr. Vidaurre and his secretary both resigned from Tamerlane Peru and Century Peru and took Tamerlane Peru's share registries, corporate records and minute books with them.

35. Mr. Vidaurre then attempted to blackmail Tamerlane, demanding cash for the return of the Tamerlane Peru shares. Tamerlane, however, refused to be extorted and was successful in obtaining an injunction that froze the title to the property so that Mr. Vidaurre could not sell or otherwise dispose of the concessions. Tamerlane has also been successful in regaining administrative control of Tamerlane Minera. With administrative control, Tamerlane can now move the Los Pinos project forward and apply for the permits necessary to commence work on the project. To date Tamerlane has been successful in all of its legal proceedings in respect of this ownership dispute.

36. Mr. Vidaurre has also been charged criminally with respect to these actions and the prosecutor has filed an official report charging Mr. Vidaurre and his accomplice/co-conspirator Jaime León Gerardo Sztrancman Waisblack with crimes of forgery and giving a false statement. The prosecutor has requested five-year prison sentences for each of Mr. Vidaurre and Mr. Sztrancman.

37. In addition, the Company has been actively engaged in discussions with Mr. Vidaurre and Mr. Sztrancman regarding a possible resolution to the title dispute in the interest of increasing the marketability of the Los Pinos property. Some progress has been made in that regard to date.

38. The Applicants believe that, especially in light of current copper prices and the current status of the proceedings against Mr. Vidaurre and Mr. Sztrancman, material value can be realized from the Los Pinos property.

Employees

39. As discussed above, the Applicants do not have any employees. The four individuals (including me) who constitute the Applicants' management team are employed by Tamerlane USA, which provides management services to the Applicants.

40. The Company formerly employed additional individuals, but has proactively reduced its workforce to the greatest extent possible in order to minimize expenses. The Applicants engage advisors, agents and consultants in respect of additional work that cannot be done by management.

Bank Accounts and Cash Management

41. Tamerlane's main bank is National Bank of Canada, at which it maintains Canadian dollar and US dollar accounts.

42. The Tamerlane Group manages a centralized cash management system. Tamerlane lends cash on an inter-company basis to other entities as needed. It is anticipated that the Tamerlane Group will continue to use the existing cash management system and will continue to maintain the bank accounts and arrangements already in place during the CCAA proceedings. This approach will minimize any disruption to business operations as the Applicants seek to restructure. The cash management system includes the necessary accounting controls to enable

the Applicants, as well as their creditors and this Honourable Court, to trace funds through the system and ensure that all transactions are adequately documented and readily ascertainable.

IV. CURRENT STATUS OF THE COMPANY

43. The Company's financial reporting is done on a consolidated basis in accordance with Canadian securities laws and includes all of the entities that comprise the Tamerlane Group. The Tamerlane Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2012 are attached as Exhibit "**D**", and the Tamerlane Group's interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2013 are attached as Exhibit "**E**".

Assets

44. As at March 31, 2013 the Tamerlane Group had total consolidated assets with a net book value of \$24,814,433. The assets included consolidated current assets of \$2,007,406, and consolidated non-current assets with a net book value of \$22,807,027. Non-current assets included primarily the investment in the Pine Point property of \$20,729,551 and the Los Pinos property of \$1,314,936. As discussed above, the Applicants believe that the Los Pinos property is worth more than its net book value as a result of, among other things, recent increases in copper prices.

Secured Debt

45. Pursuant to a Credit Agreement between Tamerlane and the Secured Lender made as of December 16, 2010, as amended by a First Amending Agreement dated June 30, 2011 and a Second Amending Agreement dated July 29, 2011 (the "**Credit Agreement**"), Tamerlane

became indebted to the Secured Lender for \$10,000,000. A copy of the Credit Agreement (including the two Amending Agreements) is attached as Exhibit "F".

46. The secured indebtedness under the Credit Agreement (the "**Secured Debt**") is guaranteed by both Tamerlane Pine Point and Tamerlane USA, and each of Tamerlane, Tamerlane Pine Point and Tamerlane USA has executed a general security agreement in favour of the Secured Lender in respect of the Secured Debt. Copies of the relevant guarantees and security agreements are attached as Exhibit "G".

47. I believe that the Secured Lender is, and has always been, fully secured by the Company's Pine Point assets, and all valuations received to date, as discussed below, fully support that belief. If anything, its security cushion has increased due to the increase of value at Los Pinos.

48. As a result of liquidity constraints facing Tamerlane (and many other junior mining companies) in the fall of 2012, it failed to make four regularly scheduled monthly interest payments in respect of the Secured Debt beginning on September 25, 2012 and failed to repay the principal balance of the Secured Debt on the maturity date of October 16, 2012, each of which was an "Event of Default" under the Credit Agreement.

49. The Company and the Secured Lender then negotiated and entered into a Forbearance Agreement made as of December 31, 2012 (the "**Forbearance Agreement**") wherein, among other things, Tamerlane agreed to make certain payments to the Secured Lender, including a \$1,500,000 principal repayment on March 31, 2013 (the "**March 31 Payment**"). A copy of the Forbearance Agreement is attached as Exhibit "H".

50. Once again, as a result of liquidity constraints, Tamerlane was unable to, and did not, make the March 31 Payment, which failure resulted in an "Event of Default" under the Credit Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement.

51. Shortly after Tamerlane failed to make the March 31 Payment, Tamerlane and the Secured Lender entered into negotiations with respect to a further forbearance arrangement.

52. On May 24, 2013, Tamerlane also failed to make the May interest payment, and on May 29, 2013, I received by email a letter from the Secured Lender's counsel (the "**May 29 Letter**") enclosing: (i) a Notice of Intention to Enforce Security pursuant to section 244 of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act* ("**BIA**"); and (ii) a Notice of Intention to Dispose of Collateral pursuant to section 63 of the *Personal Property Security Act* (Ontario) (the "**PPSA**"). The May 29 Letter (including enclosures) is attached as Exhibit "**I**".

53. According to the May 29 Letter, the total amount of the Secured Debt as at May 29, 2013 was \$11,631,948.90.

54. Negotiations continued between Tamerlane and the Secured Lender in respect of a further forbearance, and on June 10, 2013, the Secured Lender and Tamerlane entered into an amendment to the Forbearance Agreement (the "**Forbearance Agreement Amendment**"). Pursuant to the Forbearance Agreement Amendment, among other things, the Secured Lender withdrew the May 29 Letter (including the statutory notices) and agreed to capitalize the May interest payment in exchange for Tamerlane agreeing to pay certain fees to the Secured Lender (which fees were capitalized) and resuming making cash interest payments to the Secured Lender with the June 25, 2013 interest payment. A copy of the Forbearance Agreement Amendment is attached as Exhibit "**J**".

55. Tamerlane was then unable to, and therefore did not, make the July 25 payment, which failure resulted in an "Event of Default" under the Credit Agreement and the Forbearance Agreement Amendment.

56. On July 26, 2013, the Applicants' counsel received by email a letter from the Secured Lender's counsel (the "**July 26 Letter**") enclosing (i) a Notice of Intention to Enforce Security pursuant to section 244 of the BIA and (ii) a Notice of Intention to Dispose of Collateral pursuant to section 63 of the PPSA. The July 26 Letter (including enclosures) is attached as Exhibit "**K**".

57. According to the July 26 Letter, the total amount of the Secured Debt as at July 26, 2013 was \$12,100,254.26.

58. Both before and after the delivery of the July 26 Letter, the Secured Lender (through its counsel) advised the Applicants (through their counsel) that, immediately after the expiry of the prescribed ten day period under section 244(2) of the BIA (the "**NITES Period**"), it intended to bring an application to seek the appointment of a receiver in respect of the Applicants.

59. At that time, the Applicants informed the Secured Lender that they were considering commencing a CCAA proceeding prior to the expiry of the NITES Period, and proposed that the Applicants and Secured Lender agree to a consensual CCAA proceeding, which the Applicants believed (and continue to believe) to be in the best interests of all stakeholders, including the Secured Lender.

60. The Secured Lender expressed a willingness to negotiate with the Applicants with a view to determining whether a CCAA proceeding could proceed on consent based upon consensual

terms that protect the interests of the Secured Lender. The Secured Lender firmly stated, however, that as a key term of consenting to any CCAA initial order, it required a fixed “sunset date” for the CCAA proceeding beyond which stay extensions could not be sought without the Secured Lender's consent unless the Secured Lender had been repaid in full by that date, as well as a provision in the initial order directing that a receivership order would issue after that date in the event that the Secured Debt was not paid in full by that date, unless the Secured Lender consented otherwise. The Secured Lender also required the Company to undertake a thorough marketing process run by a qualified financial advisor to sell assets or obtain financing so that, among other things, the Secured Debt could be repaid in full.

61. The NITES Period was set to expire at 11:59 p.m. EDT on August 6, 2013. However, leading up to August 6, 2013, the Company and the Secured Lender were in discussions regarding this consensual proceeding. Accordingly, the Company and the Secured Lender agreed to extend the expiry of the Notice of Intention to Enforce Security on multiple occasions. The current Notice of Intention to Enforce Security is set to expire at 11:59 p.m. EDT on August 23, 2013.

62. On August 22, 2013, the Secured Lender and Tamerlane entered into a second amendment to the Forbearance Agreement (the "**Second Forbearance Agreement Amendment**"). Pursuant to the Second Forbearance Agreement Amendment, among other things, (i) the Secured Lender agreed, subject to certain conditions, to forbear from exercising its rights against the Applicants until January 7, 2014, and to consent to the relief sought in this proceeding, and (ii) Tamerlane agreed to pay an additional fee to the Secured Lender. A copy of the Second Forbearance Agreement Amendment is attached as Exhibit "L".

63. As at August 20, 2013, the only parties that have registrations against the Applicants pursuant to the PPSA are: (i) the Secured Lender and (ii) the Applicants' counsel, the Monitor and the Monitor's counsel in respect of the fees and disbursements owing to each. The search results as at August 20, 2013 are attached as Exhibit "M".

64. The Applicants are not aware of any other party claiming to be a secured creditor of one or both of the Applicants.

Unsecured Creditors

65. The Applicants' unsecured creditors are principally trade creditors. Collectively, the Applicants' accounts payable were approximately CAD \$875,000 as at August 13, 2013, in addition to accrued professional fees in connection with issues related to the Secured Debt and this proceeding. The CAD \$875,000 includes loans owing to me and Ross Burns for \$25,000 each, as well as approximately \$110,000 that has been owing since 2008 to a company that was formerly related to Tamerlane.

V. REFINANCING EFFORTS TO DATE

66. Given that the Company is in the exploration stage with its assets, it does not yet generate cash flow from operations. Accordingly, its only potential source of cash is from financing activities, which have been problematic in light of the current market for "junior" mining companies.

67. It was always contemplated by the Company when the Credit Agreement was entered into that the take-out financing would be in the form of construction financing for Pine Point.

The Company's primary focus until the early part of the summer of 2012 was on obtaining that construction financing.

68. In that regard, in or about January, 2011, advisors retained by the Company to assist in sourcing a debt deal for the financing of the Pine Point Project were successful in obtaining a term sheet for a \$60 million debt financing, and the Company also received a term sheet from an offtaker for \$40 million of offtake. However, the Company still needed to raise approximately \$30-40 million of equity, and was ultimately unsuccessful in doing so. Therefore, that deal could not proceed.

69. There was also a negotiation with an interested strategic purchaser in mid-2012 that ultimately did not proceed because of an unrelated financial setback suffered by the purchaser.

70. Following that, in or about September 2012, the Company's focus shifted from finding project financing to finding financing to simply repay the Secured Lender. There was interest from at least one Toronto-based mezzanine fund, but no deal was ultimately reached.

71. Throughout the latter half of 2012, Tamerlane tried to raise equity through private placements, and/or to sell an interest in the Pine Point project to a partner that would be able to arrange financing for mine development. During December 2012, Tamerlane completed a CAD \$160,000 equity private placement on a "flow-through" basis, meaning that the funds were required to be used for qualified Canadian exploration expenditures. This investment came from a Tamerlane director and his family.

72. Also in December, 2012, as discussed above, Tamerlane agreed to a share issuance to Mr. Charlwood, which was completed in January, 2013. The share issuance was originally going to

be in exchange for a CAD \$2,000,000 equity investment, but only approximately CAD \$1,700,000 could be subscribed for in January 2013 because of certain agreed ownership limitations.

73. In or about December, 2012, Tamerlane was negotiating with an arm's length potential purchaser which was interested in the Los Pinos property. The negotiations were at a relatively advanced stage, and the gross purchase price being discussed was approximately \$13 million to \$15 million. However, no agreement was entered into.

74. The Company has continued to search for financing for the construction of the Pine Point Property, a purchase for Los Pinos, and/or to repay the Secured Lender, but has been unsuccessful to date. There continues to be significant interest from potential purchasers/investors in respect of the Applicants and their assets.

75. For instance, the Applicants have been in discussions with a foreign state-owned entity that has a successful track record of executing M&A, strategic investments and offtake agreements in multiple countries, to produce a transaction that raises the funds needed to repay the Secured Lender in full.

76. In addition, a number of other interested parties have come forward very recently and are each in early stage discussions with the Applicants and the Secured Lender with respect to transactions involving Pine Point.

VI. THE FINANCIAL ADVISOR AND THE SISP

77. In order to consummate a transaction to, among other things, repay the Secured Debt in full as soon as possible, the Applicants, in consultation with the Secured Lender, have engaged the

Financial Advisor. The role of the Financial Advisor will be to, under the oversight of the Monitor, implement the sale investment solicitation process (the "**SISP**") attached as Exhibit "N".

78. The SISP has been agreed among the Financial Advisor, the Monitor, the Applicants and the Secured Lender.

79. Pursuant to the SISP, the Financial Advisor will seek to identify one or more financiers or purchasers of, and/or investors in, the key assets / entities that comprise the Tamerlane Group. The SISP will include broad marketing to all potential financiers, purchasers and investors, and will consider offers for proposed financing (that will, among other things, repay the Secured Debt), an investment in the Applicants' business and/or a purchase of some or all of the Applicants' assets.

80. I believe it is critically important that the SISP be approved at this time for a variety of reasons. First and most importantly, the negotiated deal between the Applicants and the Secured Lender only provides the Applicants until January 7, 2014 to close one or more transactions to pay out the Second Lender in full. Accordingly, time is of the essence, and the process must begin immediately.

81. In addition, the Applicants' business and assets are complex, and I expect that interested parties will want to undertake substantial due diligence. Lastly, the Applicants' financing under the Term Sheet is conditional on the SISP being approved at this time.

82. Accordingly, given that one or more transactions must be completed by January 7, 2014, the complexity of the assets, and the fact that the Applicants' financing is conditional on the SISP

being approved, I believe it is necessary that the SISP be granted at this time, and that the SISP provides the best potential for recovery for the Applicants' stakeholders in the circumstances.

83. The SISP will be a fair and transparent process run by the Financial Advisor, under the oversight of the Monitor. It is intended to maximize value for the Applicants and all of their stakeholders, including the Secured Lender.

84. Tamerlane previously requested that a reputable institution with significant mining experience perform valuations of both Los Pinos and the Pine Point Property. The Los Pinos valuation was completed in May 2013 and indicates a preliminary valuation of \$12 to \$15 million using a 0.3% copper cut-off grade, or \$17 to \$21 million using a 0.2% copper cut-off grade. The Pine Point valuation was completed in July 2013 and indicates a valuation of \$30 to \$56 million based on market comparables, with a value as high as \$229 million considering precedent transactions. The preliminary valuations of Los Pinos and Pine Point contain sensitive and competitive information, and, accordingly, have not been attached to my affidavit. However, counsel to the Applicants have copies of both valuations and will make them available to the Court if requested.

VII. THE APPLICANTS MEET THE CCAA STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS

85. I am advised by Sean Zweig of Bennett Jones LLP, counsel to the Applicants, that the CCAA applies in respect of a "debtor company" if the claims against the debtor company or affiliated debtor companies total more than CAD \$5 million. I am further advised by Sean Zweig that a "debtor company" is a company incorporated under an Act of Parliament or the legislature of a Province which has, among other things, become bankrupt or insolvent.

A. The Applicants are "Companies" Under the CCAA

86. Tamerlane is a company continued under the CBCA, and Tamerlane Pine Point is a company incorporated under the CBCA. Accordingly, both are "companies" to which the CCAA applies. Copies of Tamerlane's articles of continuance and Tamerlane Pine Point's articles of incorporation were previously attached.

B. The Applicants have Claims Against them in Excess of \$5 Million

87. As discussed above, each of the Applicants has debts against it in excess of the CAD \$5 million statutory requirement as a result of the Secured Debt alone, which is now due and owing, and is in excess of CAD \$5 million.

C. The Applicants are Insolvent

88. I am advised by Sean Zweig that under section 2 of the BIA (and a similar definition exists under sections 192(2) and 208 of the CBCA), an insolvent person is one whose liabilities to creditors exceeds CAD \$1,000 and (i) is for any reason unable to meet his obligations as they generally become due, (ii) has ceased paying his current obligations in the ordinary course of business as they generally become due, or (iii) the aggregate of whose property is not, at a fair valuation, sufficient, or, if disposed of at a fairly conducted sale under legal process, would not be sufficient to enable payment of all his obligations, due and accruing due.

89. As a result of the Secured Debt becoming due and owing, the Applicants are unable to meet their obligation as they come due.

VIII. RELIEF SOUGHT

90. As discussed above, the Applicants cannot currently repay the amount owing to the Secured Lender, which is now due and payable. Accordingly, a stay of proceedings is essential

to avoid a distressed liquidation of the Applicants' assets at fire-sale prices. Such a stay would provide the Financial Advisor with the necessary time to implement the SISP with the oversight of the proposed Monitor, and the Applicants with the opportunity to engage in discussions with its stakeholders with respect to a potential plan of compromise or arrangement. The Applicants believe it is necessary to file for CCAA protection and that the Initial Order is appropriate in the circumstances.

91. On or about August 21, 2013, the Board of Directors of each of the Applicants passed a resolution approving the commencement of proceedings under the CCAA.

A. Overview of Proposed CCAA Proceedings

92. The paramount goal of the Applicants is to preserve, maximize and realize upon value for the benefit of all of their stakeholders, including the Secured Lender. I believe that there is considerable value for stakeholders ranking subordinate to the Secured Lender. The immediate objective of the proceeding is to secure sufficient funds to repay the Secured Lender in full.

B. Stay of Proceedings

93. The Applicants need a stay of proceedings to allow the Financial Advisor (with the oversight of the Monitor) to pursue and implement the SISP in an attempt to avoid a distressed liquidation of their assets.

94. Because of the integration of the Company, it would be detrimental to the Applicants' ability to successfully restructure if any person were to commence proceedings, or rights and remedies were exercised against, Tamerlane USA or Tamerlane Peru. Accordingly, the Initial Order contains provisions enjoining the exercise of rights and remedies against Tamerlane USA

or Tamerlane Peru in order to preserve the value of the Applicants while they undertake to restructure under the CCAA.

C. Appointment of Monitor

95. Duff & Phelps has consented to act as the Monitor of the Applicants in the CCAA proceedings, and I believe that Duff & Phelps is qualified and competent to so act.

96. I understand that Duff & Phelps will be filing its Pre-Filing Report with this Honourable Court as proposed Monitor in conjunction with the Applicants' request for relief under the CCAA.

D. Payments During CCAA Proceeding

97. During the course of this CCAA proceeding, the Applicants intend to make payments for goods and services supplied post-filing as set out in the cash flow projections referred to below and as permitted by the Initial Order.

E. Charges for Professionals

98. It is contemplated that the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor, and counsel to the Applicants would be granted a first priority Court-ordered charge on the assets, property and undertakings of the Applicants in priority to all other charges (the "**Administration Charge**") up to the maximum amount of CAD \$300,000 in respect of their respective fees and disbursements in connection with these proceedings. The Applicants believe the Administration Charge is fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

99. It is also contemplated that the Financial Advisor would be granted a second priority Court-ordered charge on the assets, property and undertakings of the Applicants in priority to all other charges other than the Administration Charge (the "**Financial Advisor Charge**") up to a

maximum amount of CAD \$300,000 in respect of the Financial Advisor's fees and disbursements in connection with these proceedings. The Applicants believe the Financial Advisor Charge is fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

100. It is further contemplated that the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor, counsel to the Applicants and the Financial Advisor would be granted an additional Court-ordered charge on the assets, property and undertakings of the Applicants in priority to all other charges other than the Administration Charge, the Financial Advisor Charge, the DIP Lender's Charge, the Directors' Charge and the security interest of the Secured Lender (the "**Subordinated Administration Charge**", and together with the Administration Charge and the Financial Advisor Charge, the "**Professional Charges**") in respect of their respective additional fees and disbursements in connection with these proceedings not covered by the Administration Charge or the Financial Advisor Charge.

101. As is customary, a significant component of the Financial Advisor's fee is a success fee which is only payable in certain circumstances. Similarly, in order to assist the Applicants with their liquidity constraints, counsel to the Applicants has agreed to discount its billing rates provided that it too be provided with a success fee to compensate it for the risk taken. Those success fees, as well as any additional ordinary fees and disbursements of the Monitor, its counsel, and the Applicants' counsel, are the subject of the Subordinated Administration Charge. The Applicants believe the Subordinated Administration Charge is fair and reasonable in the circumstances and is further evidence that there is value beyond the Secured Debt.

102. The Applicants require the expertise, knowledge and continuing participation of the proposed beneficiaries of the Professional Charges in order to complete a successful

restructuring. I believe the Professional Charges are necessary to ensure their continued participation, particularly in light of the Applicant's current liquidity position.

103. The Applicants have sought to ensure that there is no unwarranted duplication of roles so as to minimize the professional fees associated with these proceedings.

104. The Secured Lender consents to the quantum and ranking of the Professional Charges.

F. DIP Financing & DIP Lender's Charge

105. As set out in the cash flow forecast attached as Exhibit "O", the Applicants' principal use of cash during these proceedings will consist of the payment of ongoing day-to-day operational expenses, such as management fees for those individuals providing services to the Applicants, office related expenses, and a portion of the professional fees and disbursements in connection with these CCAA proceedings. As indicated in the cash flow forecast, it is projected that the Applicants will require additional borrowings during these proceedings, notwithstanding that the Applicants are seeking to complete these proceedings as quickly as reasonably possible in order to minimize professional costs and the impact on Tamerlane's business.

106. The DIP Loan is to be governed by a debtors-in-possession term sheet substantially in the form attached as Exhibit "P", the material terms of which include, among other things:

- i. The DIP Lender will lend an aggregate principal amount of USD \$978,571 to the Applicant.
- ii. The DIP Lender will receive a setup fee of USD \$30,000, resulting in net proceeds of USD \$948,571 to the Applicants.

- iii. The Applicants will use the proceeds for general working capital purposes and to pay fees and expenses relating to the CCAA proceeding.
- iv. Advances will be made once every two weeks based on the cash needs of the Applicants.
- v. Interest will accrue on the principal outstanding amount of the DIP Loan outstanding at the rate of 12% per annum calculated monthly and payable on the maturity date. Interest will not compound.
- vi. The Applicants may prepay the advances under the DIP Loan, in full or in part, at any time and from time to time without bonus or penalty.
- vii. The DIP Loan will mature on January 7, 2014.

107. It is contemplated that the DIP Lender would be granted a third priority Court-ordered charge on the assets, property and undertakings of the Applicants in priority to all other charges other than the Administration Charge and the Financial Advisor Charge (the "**DIP Lender's Charge**"). I have been advised by the DIP Lender that it will not provide the DIP Loan if the DIP Lender's Charge is not granted.

108. The financing provided by the DIP Lender is essential to a successful restructuring of the Applicants. Given the current financial situation of the Applicants (including its dire cash situation and the lack of availability of alternate financing), the Applicants believe the DIP Loan is the best alternative for the Applicants and its stakeholders in the circumstances. Accordingly, the directors of the Applicants exercised their business judgment to enter into the Term Sheet.

The Applicants believe the Term Sheet and the DIP Lender's Charge is fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

G. Directors' Charge

109. It is contemplated that the Applicants' directors and officers would be granted a fourth priority Court-ordered charge on the assets, property and undertakings of the Applicants in priority to all other charges other than the Administration Charge, the Financial Advisor Charge and the DIP Lender's Charge (the "**Directors' Charge**") up to the maximum amount of CAD \$45,000. The amount of the Directors' Charge has been calculated based on the estimated exposure of the directors and officers of the Applicants in the event of a sudden shut-down of the Tamerlane Group. The Applicants believe the Directors' Charge is fair and reasonable in the circumstances.

110. A successful restructuring of the Applicants will only be possible with the continued participation of the Applicants' directors and officers. The individuals have specialized expertise and relationships with the Company's stakeholders and potential third party financiers, investors and purchasers. In addition, the directors and officers have gained significant knowledge that cannot be easily replicated or replaced.

111. It is my understanding that in certain circumstances, directors and officers can be held personally liable for certain of a company's obligations

112. Tamerlane maintains an insurance policy in respect of the potential liability of its directors and officers (the "**D&O Insurance Policy**"). The D&O Insurance Policy insures the directors and officers of Tamerlane for certain claims that may arise against them in their capacity as

directors and/or officers of Tamerlane. But the D&O Insurance Policy contains several exclusions and limitations to the coverage provided, and there is a potential for there to be insufficient coverage in respect of the potential director and officer liabilities. The directors and officers of Tamerlane have expressed their desire for certainty with respect to potential personal liability if they continue in their current capacities in the context of a CCAA proceeding. In addition, I am advised by Tamerlane's insurers that if Tamerlane was to file for CCAA protection, and if the insurers agreed to renew the D&O Insurance Policy, there would be a significant increase in the premium for that insurance.

113. Based on the books and records of the Applicants and the PPSA searches conducted by counsel to the Applicants, the only secured creditors which are likely to be affected by the Administration Charge, the Financial Advisor Charge, the Directors' Charge and the DIP Lender's Charge are the Secured Lender and certain professionals retained in respect of this proceeding, who all consent to the charges being sought.

H. SISP

114. As discussed above, the Secured Lender has insisted that the Company undertake a thorough marketing process run by a qualified financial advisor to sell assets or obtain financing so that, among other things, the Secured Debt could be repaid in full.

115. Accordingly, Tamerlane, in consultation with the Secured Lender and the Monitor, solicited interest from qualified financial advisors, and ultimately selected the Financial Advisor as a result of, among other things, its significant experience in restructurings, its strong presence and reputation in the global markets, and its experience in the mining sector.

116. A brief summary of the SISP, as well as the reasons I believe the SISP should be granted at this time, are detailed above.

I. Restrictions on Extensions of CCAA Proceedings

117. As a condition to the Secured Lender's consent to the relief sought herein, the Applicants have agreed that the Applicants may not seek or obtain any extension of the stay of proceedings beyond the Outside Date unless they have repaid the Secured Lender in full or received the prior written consent of the Secured Lender and the Monitor prior to such date. Immediately following the Outside Date: (i) these proceedings will terminate, (ii) the Monitor will be released and discharged, and (iii) the Initial Order (except for certain paragraphs thereof) will be of no further force or effect.

118. The Applicants have further agreed that pursuant to the Initial Order, immediately following the Outside Date, a receiver will be appointed, without security, over all assets and undertakings of the Applicants pursuant to section 243 of the BIA and section 101 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, and a receivership order will issue immediately upon the Secured Lender filing with the Court a written consent of a licensed bankruptcy trustee to act as receiver.

119. As discussed above, the Secured Lender has advised the Applicants that it insists on these terms relating to the termination of the CCAA proceedings and the appointment of a receiver immediately after the Outside Date being included in the Initial Order.

120. Given the financial circumstances of the Applicants, there were significant cost-savings and other benefits to the Applicants and all of the stakeholders for this proceeding to be

consensual rather than contentious. Accordingly, the directors of the Applicants exercised their business judgment to agree to the provisions in the Initial Order in respect of the Outside Date.

IX. 13 WEEK CASH FLOW FORECAST

121. As set out in the cash flow forecast previously attached, the Applicants' principal uses of cash during the next 13 weeks will consist of the payment of ongoing day-to-day operational expenses, such as payroll and office related expenses, and a portion of the professional fees and disbursements in connection with these CCAA proceedings.

122. As at August 19, 2013, the Applicants' had approximately \$3,500 available cash on hand. The Applicants' cash flow forecast projects that, subject to obtaining the relief outlined herein, it will have sufficient cash to fund its projected operating costs until the end of the stay period.

X. CONCLUSION

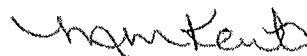
123. The Company is currently in a very challenged financial position. The Applicants believe that an orderly and expedited CCAA process that gives effect to the SISP is in the best interests of all of its stakeholders.

124. It is important to understand that the Company has no ability to generate revenue at this point in time, until it can develop its properties. It can only repay the Secured Lender by raising new financing or selling off part of its assets. The Applicants do not envisage that a complete sale of all of their assets will be necessary in this process. Rather, they expect to be able to satisfy the Secured Debt through some combination of sale and refinancing and then to complete their restructuring for the benefit of the other remaining stakeholders through this process.

125. These CCAA proceedings are necessary to preserve the value of the Applicants. The valuations discussed above indicate that the value of the Company's business is greater than the amount owed to the Secured Lender.

126. The SISP will result in the Financial Advisor exploring all options available. I am confident that the granting of the Initial Order is in the best interests of the Applicants and its stakeholders as it provides the stability the Applicants require to see the SISP through to completion.

SWORN BEFORE ME at the City of)
Kailua-Kona, in the State of Hawaii, United)
States of America, this 22nd day of August,)
2013)
_____)



Margaret M. Kent

Appendix “B”

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

THE HONOURABLE REGIONAL SENIOR)
JUSTICE MORAWETZ)

THURSDAY, THE 30th
DAY OF JANUARY, 2014



IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES CREDITORS'*
ARRANGEMENT ACT, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED
AND IN THE MATTER OF A PLAN OF COMPROMISE OR
ARRANGEMENT OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

CCAA TERMINATION ORDER

THIS MOTION, made by Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (collectively, the "**Applicants**") for an order (the "**CCAA Termination Order**"), among other things: (a) terminating the proceedings (the "**CCAA Proceedings**") of the Applicants under the *Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act* (the "**CCAA**"); (b) discharging Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc. ("**Duff & Phelps**") as the Court-appointed monitor of the Applicants (in such capacity, the "**Monitor**"); and (c) providing for the transition of the CCAA Proceedings to a receivership of the Applicants by further order of this Court (the "**Receivership Order**") made in Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) File No. CV-14-10417-00CL (the "**Receivership**"), was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the Notice of Motion, filed, the Affidavit of John L. Key sworn January 27, 2014 and the Exhibits thereto, filed, and the Third Report of the Monitor, Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc., dated January 27, 2014 (the "**Third Report**"), filed, and on hearing the submissions of counsel for each of the Applicants, the Monitor, and Global Resource Fund, no one appearing for any other person on the service list, although properly served as appears from the affidavit of service of Annie Kwok sworn January 28, 2014, filed:

SERVICE

1. THIS COURT ORDERS that the time for service of the Notice of Motion, the Third Report and the Motion Record in respect of this Motion be and are hereby abridged and validated so that this Motion is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

APPROVAL OF MONITOR'S REPORT AND ACTIVITIES

2. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Third Report, and the activities and conduct of the Monitor described in the Third Report, are hereby approved.

DISCHARGE OF THE MONITOR

3. THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES that the Monitor has satisfied all of its duties and obligations pursuant to the CCAA and the Orders of the Court in respect of the CCAA Proceedings.

4. THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES that Duff & Phelps is hereby discharged as Monitor effective immediately and shall have no further duties, obligations, or responsibilities as Monitor, save and except as set out in paragraphs 10 and 12 hereof.

5. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding any provision of this Order and the termination of the CCAA Proceedings, nothing herein shall affect, vary, derogate from, limit or amend any of the protections in favour of the Monitor at law or pursuant to the CCAA, the Initial Order dated August 23, 2013 (the "**Initial Order**") or any other Order of this Court in the CCAA Proceedings, all of which are expressly continued and confirmed.

RELEASES

6. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Monitor, counsel to the Monitor, and each of their respective affiliates and officers, directors, partners, employees and agents (collectively, the "**Released Parties**") are hereby released and discharged from any and all claims that any person may have or be entitled to assert against the Released Parties, whether known or unknown, matured or unmatured, foreseen or unforeseen, existing or hereafter arising, based in whole or in part on any act or omission, transaction, dealing or other occurrence existing or taking place on

or prior to the date of this Order in any way relating to, arising out of, or in respect of, the CCAA Proceedings or with respect to their respective conduct in the CCAA Proceedings (collectively, the "**Released Claims**"), and any such Released Claims are hereby released, stayed, extinguished and forever barred, and the Released Parties shall have no liability in respect thereof, provided that the Released Claims shall not include any claim or liability arising out of any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on the part of the applicable Released Party.

7. THIS COURT ORDERS that no action or other proceeding shall be commenced against any of the Released Parties in any way arising from or related to the CCAA Proceedings, except with prior leave of this Court on at least seven days' prior written notice to the applicable Released Parties.

TERMINATION OF CCAA PROCEEDINGS

8. THIS COURT ORDERS that the CCAA Proceedings and the Stay Period (as defined in the Initial Order and as amended from time to time) are hereby terminated.

9. THIS COURT ORDERS that:

- (a) notwithstanding the termination of the CCAA Proceedings, except as expressly provided in this CCAA Termination Order, all Orders issued in the CCAA Proceedings shall continue to be in full force and effect;
- (b) nothing in this CCAA Termination Order shall diminish or alter the rights or obligations of any person arising under the Initial Order which had vested or accrued prior to the granting of this CCAA Termination Order; and
- (c) any pleadings, motions, evidence and reports filed in the CCAA Proceedings (and which were not sealed) shall be available for use in the Receivership as though the same were filed in the Receivership, without the necessity of having such documents filed again in the Receivership.

10. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding the discharge of Duff & Phelps as Monitor and the termination of the CCAA Proceedings, Duff & Phelps shall have the authority from and after the date of this CCAA Termination Order to complete any matters that may be

incidental to the termination of the CCAA Proceedings (including, without limitation, the filing of Monitor's Certificates in accordance with paragraph 12 below) and the transition to the Receivership pursuant to the Receivership Order. In completing any incidental matters, the Monitor shall continue to have the benefit of the provisions of all Orders made in the CCAA Proceedings, including all approvals, protections and stays of proceedings in favour of Duff & Phelps in its capacity as the Monitor, and nothing in this Order shall affect, vary, derogate from or amend any of the protections in favour of the Monitor pursuant to paragraphs 27, 28, 29, and 30 of the Initial Order, which paragraphs shall continue to apply in the receivership, *mutatis mutandis*.

COURT-ORDERED CHARGES

11. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding any provisions of this CCAA Termination Order or the termination of the CCAA Proceedings, each of the Charges (as defined in the Initial Order) shall continue to constitute a charge on the Property (as defined in the Initial Order), in accordance with the terms, limitations, and priority set out in the Initial Order, and, as among them and the charges (and the priority thereof) created by the Receivership Order, the priority set out in the Receivership Order, until such time as the Monitor files a Monitor's Certificate (defined below) with this Court in respect of such Charge; provided, however, that no further amounts shall accrue under the Charges following the granting of this CCAA Termination Order, except those fees and expenses of the Monitor and its counsel which relate to

- (a) obtaining the approval(s) or other relief from this Court as set out in paragraph 52 of the Initial Order; or
- (b) the transition from the CCAA Proceedings to the Receivership.

12. THIS COURT ORDERS that once all outstanding obligations covered by a Charge have been paid in full, the Monitor shall file a Monitor's certificate with this Court certifying that there are no outstanding obligations under such Charge (each a "**Monitor's Certificate**"). Upon the filing of a Monitor's Certificate with this Court, the Charge to which the Monitor's Certificate relates shall be discharged and shall no longer constitute a charge on the Property.

COMPLETION OF EXISTING TRANSACTIONS AND PAYMENTS

13. THIS COURT ORDERS that, notwithstanding any provision of this CCAA Termination Order or the issuance of the Receivership Order, the Applicants, the Monitor and/or the receiver are authorized and directed to pay the following on behalf of, or in the name of, the Applicants:

- (a) amounts that may be payable as post-filing obligations, including payroll obligations, in the CCAA Proceedings which have accrued up to the time that this CCAA Termination Order becomes effective; and
- (b) cheques that have been issued by the Applicants in respect of valid post-filing obligations which have accrued up to the time that this CCAA Termination Order becomes effective, but which are outstanding and have not cleared the Applicants' bank accounts as of the date of this CCAA Termination Order.

EFFECTIVENESS OF THIS CCAA TERMINATION ORDER

14. THIS COURT ORDERS that this CCAA Termination Order shall become effective at the date and time the Receivership Order is granted.

EFFECT RECOGNITION AND ASSISTANCE

15. THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, the United States, Peru, or in any other foreign jurisdiction, to give effect to this Order and to assist the Applicants, the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Applicants and to the Monitor, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order, to grant representative status to the Monitor in any foreign proceeding, or to assist the Applicants and the Monitor and their respective agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.


16. THIS COURT ORDERS that each of the Applicants and the Monitor be at liberty and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative

body, wherever located, for the recognition of this Order and for assistance in carrying out the terms of this Order.



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ENTERED AT / INSCRIT A TORONTO
ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO.:



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JAN 3 1 2014

**IN THE MATTER OF THE *COMPANIES CREDITORS' ARRANGEMENT ACT*, R.S.C. 1985, c. C-36, AS AMENDED AND IN
THE MATTER OF A PLAN OR COMPROMISE OR ARRANGEMENT OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and PINE
POINT HOLDING CORP.**

Court File No. CV-13-10228-00CL

***ONTARIO*
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

Proceedings commenced in Toronto

CCAA TERMINATION ORDER

BENNETT JONES LLP

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S. Richard Orzy (LSUC #23181I)

Sean H. Zweig (LSUC #57307I)

Tel: 416-863-1200

Fax: 416-863-1716

Lawyers for the Applicants

Appendix “C”

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST

IN THE MATTER OF SECTION 243 OF THE *BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVENCY ACT*
AND SECTION 101 OF THE *COURTS OF JUSTICE ACT*

AND IN THE MATTER OF THE RECEIVERSHIP OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC.
AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

THE HONOURABLE MR.) THURSDAY, THE 30th
JUSTICE MORAWETZ) DAY OF JANUARY, 2014

BETWEEN:

(Court Seal)



GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

APPLICATION UNDER section 243 of *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, RSC 1985, c B-3, as amended and section 101 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, RSO 1990, c C.43

ORDER

THIS APPLICATION made by Global Resource Fund ("**Global**") for an Order pursuant to section 243(1) of the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, as amended (the "**BIA**") and section 101 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.43, as amended (the "**CJA**") appointing Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc. ("**Duff & Phelps**") as receiver (in such capacities, the "**Receiver**") without security, of all of the assets, undertakings and properties of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point

Holding Corp. (collectively, the "**Debtor**") acquired for, or used in relation to a business carried on by the Debtor, was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the Notice of Application, the Affidavit of David Lewis sworn January 24, 2014 and the provisions of the Initial Order of Mr. Justice Newbould dated August 23, 2013 made in Commercial List File No. CV-13-10228-00CL (the "**Initial Order**") which provide that a Receiver be appointed over the Debtor immediately after the Outside Date (as defined in the Initial Order), upon hearing the submissions of counsel for Global Resource Fund, and upon the Debtor consenting to this order, no one else appearing although duly served as appears from the affidavit of service of John Birch sworn January 27, 2014 and the affidavit of service of Patricia Hoogenband sworn January 28, 2014 and on reading the consent of Duff & Phelps to act as the Receiver,

SERVICE

1. THIS COURT ORDERS that the time for service of the Notice of Motion and the Motion is hereby abridged and validated so that this motion is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.

APPOINTMENT

2. THIS COURT ORDERS that pursuant to section 243(1) of the BIA and section 101 of the CJA, Duff & Phelps is hereby appointed Receiver, without security, of all of the assets, undertakings and properties of the Debtor acquired for, or used in relation to a business carried on by the Debtor, including all proceeds thereof (the "**Property**").

RECEIVER'S POWERS

3. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver is hereby empowered and authorized, but not obligated, to act at once in respect of the Property and, without in any way limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Receiver is hereby expressly empowered and authorized to do any of the following where the Receiver considers it necessary or desirable:

- (a) to take possession of and exercise control over the Property and any and all proceeds, receipts and disbursements arising out of or from the Property;
- (b) to receive, preserve, and protect the Property, or any part or parts thereof, including, but not limited to, the changing of locks and security codes, the relocating of Property to safeguard it, the engaging of independent security personnel, the taking of physical inventories and the placement of such insurance coverage as may be necessary or desirable;
- (c) to manage, operate, and carry on the business of the Debtor, including the powers to enter into any agreements, incur any obligations in the ordinary course of business, cease to carry on all or any part of the business, or cease to perform any contracts of the Debtor;
- (d) to engage consultants, appraisers, agents, experts, auditors, accountants, managers, counsel and such other persons from time to time and on whatever basis, including on a temporary basis, to assist with the exercise of the Receiver's powers and duties, including without limitation those conferred by this Order;
- (e) to purchase or lease such machinery, equipment, inventories, supplies, premises or other assets to continue the business of the Debtor or any part or parts thereof;
- (f) to receive and collect all monies and accounts now owed or hereafter owing to the Debtor and to exercise all remedies of the Debtor in collecting such monies, including, without limitation, to enforce any security held by the Debtor;
- (g) to settle, extend or compromise any indebtedness owing to the Debtor;

- (h) to execute, assign, issue and endorse documents of whatever nature in respect of any of the Property, whether in the Receiver's name or in the name and on behalf of the Debtor, for any purpose pursuant to this Order;
- (i) to undertake environmental or workers' health and safety assessments of the Property and operations of the Debtor;
- (j) to initiate, prosecute and continue the prosecution of any and all proceedings and to defend all proceedings now pending or hereafter instituted with respect to the Debtor, the Property or the Receiver, and to settle or compromise any such proceedings. The authority hereby conveyed shall extend to such appeals or applications for judicial review in respect of any order or judgment pronounced in any such proceeding;
- (k) to market any or all of the Property, including advertising and soliciting offers in respect of the Property or any part or parts thereof and negotiating such terms and conditions of sale as the Receiver in its discretion may deem appropriate;
- (l) with the consent of Global Resource Fund, to continue the retention of PricewaterhouseCoopers Corporate Finance Inc. ("PwCCFI") as financial advisor on the terms contained in an agreement between PwCCFI and Tamerlane Ventures Inc. dated August 22, 2013 (the "**Retention Agreement**"), in which case PwCCFI shall be deemed to be the financial advisor to the Receiver and the Retention Agreement shall be deemed amended *mutatis mutandis*;
- (m) to sell, convey, transfer, lease or assign the Property or any part or parts thereof out of the ordinary course of business,
 - (i) without the approval of this Court in respect of any transaction not exceeding \$100,000, provided that the

aggregate consideration for all such transactions does not exceed \$500,000; and

- (ii) with the approval of this Court in respect of any transaction in which the purchase price or the aggregate purchase price exceeds the applicable amount set out in the preceding clause;

and in each such case notice under subsection 63(4) of the Ontario *Personal Property Security Act*, section 31 of the Ontario *Mortgages Act*, or equivalent statutory provisions of other provinces or territories, as the case may be, shall not be required, and in each case the Ontario *Bulk Sales Act* shall not apply.

- (n) to apply for any vesting order or other orders necessary to convey the Property or any part or parts thereof to a purchaser or purchasers thereof, free and clear of any liens or encumbrances affecting such Property;
- (o) to report to, meet with and discuss with such affected Persons (as defined below) as the Receiver deems appropriate on all matters relating to the Property and the receivership, and to share information, subject to such terms as to confidentiality as the Receiver deems advisable;
- (p) to register a copy of this Order and any other Orders in respect of the Property against title to any of the Property;
- (q) to apply for any permits, licences, approvals or permissions as may be required by any governmental authority and any renewals thereof for and on behalf of and, if thought desirable by the Receiver, in the name of the Debtor;

- (r) to enter into agreements with any trustee in bankruptcy appointed in respect of the Debtor, including, without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the ability to enter into occupation agreements for any property owned or leased by the Debtor;
- (s) to exercise any shareholder, partnership, joint venture or other rights which the Debtor may have; and
- (t) to take any steps reasonably incidental to the exercise of these powers or the performance of any statutory obligations.

and in each case where the Receiver takes any such actions or steps, it shall be exclusively authorized and empowered to do so, to the exclusion of all other Persons (as defined below), including the Debtor, and without interference from any other Person.

DUTY TO PROVIDE ACCESS AND CO-OPERATION TO THE RECEIVER

4. THIS COURT ORDERS that (i) the Debtor, (ii) all of its current and former directors, officers, employees, agents, accountants, legal counsel and shareholders, and all other persons acting on its instructions or behalf, and (iii) all other individuals, firms, corporations, governmental bodies or agencies, or other entities having notice of this Order (all of the foregoing, collectively, being "**Persons**" and each being a "**Person**") shall forthwith advise the Receiver of the existence of any Property in such Person's possession or control, shall grant immediate and continued access to the Property to the Receiver, and shall deliver all such Property to the Receiver upon the Receiver's request.

5. THIS COURT ORDERS that all Persons shall forthwith advise the Receiver of the existence of any books, documents, securities, contracts, orders, corporate and accounting records, and any other papers, records and information of any kind related to the business or affairs of the Debtor, and any computer programs, computer tapes, computer disks, or other data storage media containing any such information (the foregoing, collectively, the "**Records**") in that Person's possession or control, and shall

provide to the Receiver or permit the Receiver to make, retain and take away copies thereof and grant to the Receiver unfettered access to and use of accounting, computer, software and physical facilities relating thereto, provided however that nothing in this paragraph 5 or in paragraph 6 of this Order shall require the delivery of Records, or the granting of access to Records, which may not be disclosed or provided to the Receiver due to the privilege attaching to solicitor-client communication or due to statutory provisions prohibiting such disclosure.

6. THIS COURT ORDERS that if any Records are stored or otherwise contained on a computer or other electronic system of information storage, whether by independent service provider or otherwise, all Persons in possession or control of such Records shall forthwith give unfettered access to the Receiver for the purpose of allowing the Receiver to recover and fully copy all of the information contained therein whether by way of printing the information onto paper or making copies of computer disks or such other manner of retrieving and copying the information as the Receiver in its discretion deems expedient, and shall not alter, erase or destroy any Records without the prior written consent of the Receiver. Further, for the purposes of this paragraph, all Persons shall provide the Receiver with all such assistance in gaining immediate access to the information in the Records as the Receiver may in its discretion require including providing the Receiver with instructions on the use of any computer or other system and providing the Receiver with any and all access codes, account names and account numbers that may be required to gain access to the information.

NO PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE RECEIVER

7. THIS COURT ORDERS that no proceeding or enforcement process in any court or tribunal (each, a "**Proceeding**"), shall be commenced or continued against the Receiver except with the written consent of the Receiver or with leave of this Court.

NO PROCEEDINGS AGAINST THE DEBTOR OR THE PROPERTY

8. THIS COURT ORDERS that no Proceeding against or in respect of the Debtor or the Property shall be commenced or continued except with the written consent of the Receiver or with leave of this Court and any and all Proceedings currently under way

against or in respect of the Debtor or the Property are hereby stayed and suspended pending further Order of this Court.

NO EXERCISE OF RIGHTS OR REMEDIES

9. THIS COURT ORDERS that all rights and remedies against the Debtor, the Receiver, or affecting the Property, are hereby stayed and suspended except with the written consent of the Receiver or leave of this Court, provided however that this stay and suspension does not apply in respect of any "eligible financial contract" as defined in the BIA, and further provided that nothing in this paragraph shall (i) empower the Receiver or the Debtor to carry on any business which the Debtor is not lawfully entitled to carry on, (ii) exempt the Receiver or the Debtor from compliance with statutory or regulatory provisions relating to health, safety or the environment, (iii) prevent the filing of any registration to preserve or perfect a security interest, or (iv) prevent the registration of a claim for lien.

NO INTERFERENCE WITH THE RECEIVER

10. THIS COURT ORDERS that no Person shall discontinue, fail to honour, alter, interfere with, repudiate, terminate or cease to perform any right, renewal right, contract, agreement, licence or permit in favour of or held by the Debtor, without written consent of the Receiver or leave of this Court.

CONTINUATION OF SERVICES

11. THIS COURT ORDERS that all Persons having oral or written agreements with the Debtor or statutory or regulatory mandates for the supply of goods and/or services, including without limitation, all computer software, communication and other data services, centralized banking services, payroll services, insurance, transportation services, utility or other services to the Debtor are hereby restrained until further Order of this Court from discontinuing, altering, interfering with or terminating the supply of such goods or services as may be required by the Receiver, and that the Receiver shall be entitled to the continued use of the Debtor's current telephone numbers, facsimile numbers, internet addresses and domain names, provided in each case that the normal prices or charges for all such goods or services received after the date of this Order are

paid by the Receiver in accordance with normal payment practices of the Debtor or such other practices as may be agreed upon by the supplier or service provider and the Receiver, or as may be ordered by this Court.

RECEIVER TO HOLD FUNDS

12. THIS COURT ORDERS that all funds, monies, cheques, instruments, and other forms of payments received or collected by the Receiver from and after the making of this Order from any source whatsoever, including without limitation the sale of all or any of the Property and the collection of any accounts receivable in whole or in part, whether in existence on the date of this Order or hereafter coming into existence, shall be deposited into one or more new accounts to be opened by the Receiver (the "**Post Receivership Accounts**") and the monies standing to the credit of such Post Receivership Accounts from time to time, net of any disbursements provided for herein, shall be held by the Receiver to be paid in accordance with the terms of this Order or any further Order of this Court.

EMPLOYEES

13. THIS COURT ORDERS that all employees of the Debtor shall remain the employees of the Debtor until such time as the Receiver, on the Debtor's behalf, may terminate the employment of such employees. The Receiver shall not be liable for any employee-related liabilities, including any successor employer liabilities as provided for in section 14.06(1.2) of the BIA, other than such amounts as the Receiver may specifically agree in writing to pay, or in respect of its obligations under sections 81.4(5) or 81.6(3) of the BIA or under the *Wage Earner Protection Program Act*.

PIPEDA

14. THIS COURT ORDERS that, pursuant to clause 7(3)(c) of the Canada *Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act*, the Receiver shall disclose personal information of identifiable individuals to prospective purchasers or bidders for the Property and to their advisors, but only to the extent desirable or required to negotiate and attempt to complete one or more sales of the Property (each, a "**Sale**"). Each prospective purchaser or bidder to whom such personal information is disclosed

shall maintain and protect the privacy of such information and limit the use of such information to its evaluation of the Sale, and if it does not complete a Sale, shall return all such information to the Receiver, or in the alternative destroy all such information. The purchaser of any Property shall be entitled to continue to use the personal information provided to it, and related to the Property purchased, in a manner which is in all material respects identical to the prior use of such information by the Debtor, and shall return all other personal information to the Receiver, or ensure that all other personal information is destroyed.

LIMITATION ON ENVIRONMENTAL LIABILITIES

15. THIS COURT ORDERS that nothing herein contained shall require the Receiver to occupy or to take control, care, charge, possession or management (separately and/or collectively, "**Possession**") of any of the Property that might be environmentally contaminated, might be a pollutant or a contaminant, or might cause or contribute to a spill, discharge, release or deposit of a substance contrary to any federal, provincial or other law respecting the protection, conservation, enhancement, remediation or rehabilitation of the environment or relating to the disposal of waste or other contamination including, without limitation, the *Canadian Environmental Protection Act*, the *Ontario Environmental Protection Act*, the *Ontario Water Resources Act*, or the *Ontario Occupational Health and Safety Act* and regulations thereunder (the "**Environmental Legislation**"), provided however that nothing herein shall exempt the Receiver from any duty to report or make disclosure imposed by applicable Environmental Legislation. The Receiver shall not, as a result of this Order or anything done in pursuance of the Receiver's duties and powers under this Order, be deemed to be in Possession of any of the Property within the meaning of any Environmental Legislation, unless it is actually in possession.

LIMITATION ON THE RECEIVER'S LIABILITY

16. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver shall incur no liability or obligation as a result of its appointment or the carrying out the provisions of this Order, save and except for any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on its part, or in respect of its

obligations under sections 81.4(5) or 81.6(3) of the BIA or under the *Wage Earner Protection Program Act*. Nothing in this Order shall derogate from the protections afforded the Receiver by section 14.06 of the BIA or by any other applicable legislation.

RECEIVER'S ACCOUNTS

17. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver and counsel to the Receiver shall be paid their reasonable fees and disbursements, in each case at their standard rates and charges, and that the Receiver and counsel to the Receiver shall be entitled to and are hereby granted a charge (the "**Receiver's Charge**") on the Property, as security for such fees and disbursements, both before and after the making of this Order in respect of these proceedings, and that the Receiver's Charge shall form a first charge on the Property in priority to all security interests, trusts, liens, charges and encumbrances, statutory or otherwise, in favour of any Person, but subject to sections 14.06(7), 81.4(4), and 81.6(2) of the BIA but provided, however, that the Receiver's Charge shall rank *pari passu* with the Administration Charge granted pursuant to the Initial Order.

18. THIS COURT ORDERS that, if requested by Global, this Court, or any other interested party, the Receiver and its legal counsel shall pass their accounts from time to time, and for this purpose the accounts of the Receiver and its legal counsel are hereby referred to a judge of the Commercial List of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice.

19. THIS COURT ORDERS that prior to the passing of its accounts, the Receiver shall be at liberty from time to time to apply reasonable amounts, out of the monies in its hands, against its fees and disbursements, including legal fees and disbursements, incurred at the normal rates and charges of the Receiver or its counsel, and such amounts shall constitute advances against its remuneration and disbursements when and as approved by this Court.

FUNDING OF THE RECEIVERSHIP

20. THIS COURT ORDERS that, with the prior written consent of Global, the Receiver be at liberty and it is hereby empowered to borrow by way of a revolving credit

or otherwise, such monies from time to time as it may consider necessary or desirable, provided that the outstanding principal amount does not exceed \$500,000 (or such greater amount as this Court may by further Order authorize) at any time, at such rate or rates of interest as it deems advisable for such period or periods of time as it may arrange, for the purpose of funding the exercise of the powers and duties conferred upon the Receiver by this Order, including interim expenditures. The whole of the Property shall be and is hereby charged by way of a fixed and specific charge (the "**Receiver's Borrowings Charge**") as security for the payment of the monies borrowed, together with interest and charges thereon, in priority to all security interests, trusts, liens, charges and encumbrances, statutory or otherwise, in favour of any Person, but subordinate in priority to the Receiver's Charge and the Administration Charge and the charges as set out in sections 14.06(7), 81.4(4), and 81.6(2) of the BIA.

21. THIS COURT ORDERS that neither the Receiver's Borrowings Charge nor any other security granted by the Receiver in connection with its borrowings under this Order shall be enforced without leave of this Court.

22. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver is at liberty and authorized to issue certificates substantially in the form annexed as Schedule "A" hereto (the "**Receiver's Certificates**") for any amount borrowed by it pursuant to this Order.

23. THIS COURT ORDERS that the monies from time to time borrowed by the Receiver pursuant to this Order or any further order of this Court and any and all Receiver's Certificates evidencing the same or any part thereof shall rank on a *pari passu* basis, unless otherwise agreed to by the holders of any prior issued Receiver's Certificates.

PRIORITY OF CCAA AND RECEIVERSHIP CHARGES

24. THIS COURT ORDERS that the priorities among (i) the Charges (as defined in the Initial Order) created by the Initial Order, to the extent that any of the Charges remain in effect and (ii) the Receiver's Charge and the Receiver's Borrowing Charge

(collectively, the “**Receivership Order Charges**”) as created by this Receivership Order shall be as follows:

- (a) First, the Administration Charge (as defined in the Initial Order) to the maximum amount of \$300,000 and the Receiver’s Charge, on a *pari passu* basis;
- (b) Second, the Financial Advisor Charge (as defined in the Initial Order), to the maximum amount of \$300,000;
- (c) Third, the DIP Lender’s Charge (as defined in the Initial Order);
- (d) Fourth, the Receiver’s Borrowing Charge;
- (e) Fifth, the Directors’ Charge (as defined in the Initial Order);
- (f) Sixth, the Secured Lender Security (as defined in the Initial Order);
and
- (g) Seventh, the Subordinated Administration Charge.

GENERAL

25. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver may from time to time apply to this Court for advice and directions in the discharge of its powers and duties hereunder.

26. THIS COURT ORDERS that nothing in this Order shall prevent the Receiver from acting as a trustee in bankruptcy of the Debtor.

27. THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, the United States, and Peru to give effect to this Order and to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Receiver, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable

to give effect to this Order or to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.

28. THIS COURT ORDERS that the Receiver be at liberty and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body, wherever located, for the recognition of this Order and for assistance in carrying out the terms of this Order, and that the Receiver is authorized and empowered to act as a representative in respect of the within proceedings for the purpose of having these proceedings recognized in a jurisdiction outside Canada.

29. THIS COURT ORDERS that Global shall have its costs of this motion, up to and including entry and service of this Order, provided for by the terms of Global's security or, if not so provided by Global's security, then on a substantial indemnity basis to be paid by the Receiver from the Debtor's estate with such priority and at such time as this Court may determine.

30. THIS COURT ORDERS that any interested party may apply to this Court to vary or amend this Order on not less than seven days' notice to the Receiver and to any other party likely to be affected by the order sought or upon such other notice, if any, as this Court may order.



ENTERED AT / INSCRIT A TORONTO
ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO.:



JAN 3 1 2014

SCHEDULE "A"
RECEIVER CERTIFICATE

CERTIFICATE NO. _____

AMOUNT \$ _____

1. THIS IS TO CERTIFY that Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc., the receiver (the "Receiver") of the assets, undertakings and properties of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (the "Debtor") (acquired for, or used in relation to a business carried on by the Debtor, including all proceeds thereof (collectively, the "Property") appointed by Order of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) (the "Court") dated the 30th of January, 2014 (the "Order") made in an action having Court file number CV-14-_____-00CL, has received as such Receiver from the holder of this certificate (the "Lender") the principal sum of \$_____, being part of the total principal sum of \$_____ which the Receiver is authorized to borrow under and pursuant to the Order.

2. The principal sum evidenced by this certificate is payable on demand by the Lender with interest thereon calculated and compounded [daily][monthly not in advance on the _____ day of each month] after the date hereof at a notional rate per annum equal to the rate of _____ per cent above the prime commercial lending rate of Bank of _____ from time to time.

3. Such principal sum with interest thereon is, by the terms of the Order, together with the principal sums and interest thereon of all other certificates issued by the Receiver pursuant to the Order or to any further order of the Court, a charge upon the whole of the Property, in priority to the security interests of any other person, but subject to the priority of the charges set out in the Order and in the *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, and the right of the Receiver to indemnify itself out of such Property in respect of its remuneration and expenses.

4. All sums payable in respect of principal and interest under this certificate are payable at the main office of the Lender at Toronto, Ontario.

5. Until all liability in respect of this certificate has been terminated, no certificates creating charges ranking or purporting to rank in priority to this certificate shall be issued by the Receiver to any person other than the holder of this certificate without the prior written consent of the holder of this certificate.

6. The charge securing this certificate shall operate so as to permit the Receiver to deal with the Property as authorized by the Order and as authorized by any further or other order of the Court.

7. The Receiver does not undertake, and it is not under any personal liability, to pay any sum in respect of which it may issue certificates under the terms of the Order.

DATED the _____ day of MONTH, 20YR.

DUFF & PHELPS CANADA
RESTRUCTURING INC., solely in its
capacity as Receiver of the Property, and
not in its personal capacity

Per: _____

Name:

Title:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND
Applicant

and
TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. et al.
Respondents

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST
PROCEEDING COMMENCED AT
TORONTO

ORDER

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Lawyers for the applicant

Appendix “D”

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST

THE HONOURABLE MR.

JUSTICE HAYNEY

)
)
)

WEDNESDAY, THE 30TH

DAY OF JANUARY, 2019

BETWEEN:



GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

APPLICATION UNDER section 243 of *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, as amended, and section 101 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, RSO 1990, c. C-43.

APPROVAL AND AUTHORIZATION ORDER

THIS MOTION, made by KSV Kofman Inc., in its capacity as receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (collectively, the “**Company**”) appointed pursuant to an Order of this Court dated January 30, 2014 (the “**Receivership Order**”), for an order (i) approving a transaction relating to an assignment of Tamerlane Ventures Inc.’s rights in certain causes of action commenced in Peru (the “**Assignment Transaction**”), and (ii) authorizing the Receiver to grant a Power of Attorney and the entering into of an Assignment Agreement and an Escrow Agreement, all in

order to complete the Assignment Transaction, was heard this day at 330 University Avenue, Toronto, Ontario.

ON READING the Notice of Motion, filed, the Fourth Report, filed, and on hearing the submissions of counsel for the Receiver and such other counsel as were present and wished to be heard, and on reading the affidavit of service filed:

1. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the time for service of the Notice of Motion, the Fourth Report and the Motion Record is hereby abridged and validated so that this Motion is properly returnable today and hereby dispenses with further service thereof.
2. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that, unless otherwise indicated or defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Order shall have the meanings given to them in the Fourth Report.
3. **THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES** that the Assignment Transaction is hereby approved and the granting of the Power of Attorney by the Receiver, and the execution and delivery of the Assignment Agreement and the Escrow Agreement by Tamerlane or the Receiver or the Power of Attorney on Tamerlane's behalf, are hereby authorized and approved, with such minor amendments to such documents as the Receiver and the counterparties, as applicable, may agree. The Receiver is hereby authorized and directed to take such additional steps and to execute such additional documents as may be necessary or desirable for the completion of the Assignment Transaction.
4. **THIS COURT ORDERS AND DIRECTS** the Receiver to file with the Court a copy of a receiver's certificate, in substantially the form attached as Schedule "A" hereto (the "**Receiver's Certificate**"), indicating that the Escrow Amount (as defined in the Escrow Agreement) has been released from escrow in accordance with the Escrow Agreement, forthwith following the release of same.

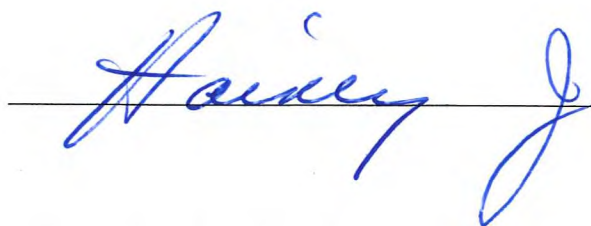
THIS COURT ORDERS that, if the Escrow Amount is released to the Receiver pursuant to the Escrow Agreement, the Receiver is hereby authorized and directed to distribute the net Escrow Amount and the First Payment (as defined in the Escrow Agreement) to Global Resource Fund ("**GRF**") as soon as possible after the filing of the Receiver's Certificate with the Court, which distribution to GRF shall be applied to reduce secured amounts owing to GRF under Receiver's

Certificates and the Credit Agreement dated as of December 16, 2010, as amended, in accordance with their respective priorities.

5. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Fourth Report and the actions, conduct and activities of the Receiver as reported therein are hereby approved; provided however, that only the Receiver, in its personal capacity and only with respect to its own personal liability, shall be entitled to rely upon or utilize such approvals.

6. **THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS** the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, the United States, Peru, or in any other foreign jurisdiction, to give effect to this Order and to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Receiver, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order, to grant representative status to the Receiver in any foreign proceeding, or to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.

7. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Receiver be at liberty and is hereby authorized and empowered to apply to any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body, wherever located, for the recognition of this Order and for assistance in carrying out the terms of this Order.



ENTERED AT / INSCRIT À TORONTO
ON / BOOK NO:
LE / DANS LE REGISTRE NO:

JAN 30 2019

PER / PAR: *RW*

Schedule A – Form of Receiver’s Certificate

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

B E T W E E N:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

APPLICATION UNDER section 243 of *Bankruptcy and Insolvency Act*, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, as amended, and section 101 of the *Courts of Justice Act*, RSO 1990, c. C-43.

RECEIVER’S CERTIFICATE

RECITALS

A. Pursuant to an Order of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) (the “**Court**”) dated January 30, 2014, KSV Kofman Inc. was appointed as the receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (collectively, the “**Company**”).

B. Pursuant to an Order of the Court dated January 30, 2019 (the “**Authorization Order**”), the Court approved the Assignment Transaction and authorized the Receiver to grant the Power of Attorney and enter into and deliver the Assignment Agreement and the Escrow Agreement, all in order to complete the Assignment Transaction.

C. Unless otherwise indicated or defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Receiver's Certificate shall have the meanings given to them in the Authorization Order.

THE RECEIVER HEREBY CERTIFIES the following:

1. The Escrow Amount **[(and the First Payment)]** has been irrevocably released to **[the Receiver]** in accordance with the Escrow Agreement.

This Certificate was delivered by the Receiver at **[time]** on **[date]**.

**KSV KOFMAN INC., solely in its capacity as
Receiver of the assets, properties and
undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and
Pine Point Holding Corp., and not in its
personal or corporate capacity**

Per: _____

Name:

Title:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

and

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

Applicant

Respondents

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

**APPROVAL AND AUTHORIZATION
ORDER**

GOODMANS LLP

Barristers & Solicitors
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Toronto, Canada M5H 2S7

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mwagner@goodmans.ca

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Tel: (416) 979-4258
Fax: (416) 979-1234

Lawyers for KSV Kofman Inc., in its
capacity as Receiver.

Appendix “E”



**Fourth Report to Court of
KSV Kofman Inc. as Receiver of
Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point
Holding Corp.**

January 22, 2019

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COURT FILE NO.: CV-14-10417-00CL

ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

APPLICANT

-AND-

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

RESPONDENTS

FOURTH REPORT OF KSV KOFMAN INC.
AS RECEIVER OF TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

JANUARY 22, 2019

1.0 Introduction

1. Pursuant to an order (“Initial Order”) of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (“Court”) made on August 23, 2013, Tamerlane Ventures Inc. (“Tamerlane”) and Pine Point Holding Corp. (“PPHC”) were granted protection under the *Companies’ Creditors Arrangement Act* (the “CCAA”) and Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc. (“D&P”) was appointed the monitor (the “Monitor”) in the CCAA proceedings (Tamerlane and PPHC are jointly referred to as the “Companies”).
2. The affidavit of Margaret M. Kent sworn August 22, 2013 (the “Kent Affidavit”) and filed in support of the Companies’ application for CCAA protection provides, *inter alia*, the Companies’ background, including the reasons the Companies filed for CCAA protection. At the time Ms. Kent swore her affidavit she was Tamerlane’s Executive Chair, Chief Financial Officer and a director of PPHC. A copy of the Kent Affidavit is attached as Appendix “A” (without Exhibits).

3. Pursuant to Court orders made in the CCAA proceedings, the Companies could not seek an extension of the CCAA stay of proceedings beyond January 31, 2014, unless by that date it had: (i) repaid in full its principal secured creditor, Global Resource Fund ("GRF"); or (ii) received written consent from GRF and the Monitor to seek an extension of the stay.
4. Prior to January 31, 2014, GRF advised the Companies and the Monitor that it was not prepared to consent to a further extension of the stay of proceedings in the CCAA and that it intended to seek an order (the "Receivership Order") appointing D&P as receiver of all the Companies' assets, property and undertaking.
5. Pursuant to Court orders made on January 30, 2014, the CCAA proceedings were terminated (the "Termination Order") and D&P was appointed as receiver (the "Receiver"). Copies of the Termination Order and the Receivership Order are attached as Appendices "B" and "C", respectively.
6. On June 30, 2015 (the "Effective Date"), D&P was acquired by KSV. Pursuant to an order of the Court made on July 10, 2015, D&P's ongoing mandates were transferred to KSV, including acting as the Receiver in these proceedings. The professionals overseeing this mandate prior to the Effective Date remain unchanged.
7. The principal purpose of these restructuring proceedings was to create a stabilized environment in which to carry out a sale and investment solicitation process ("SISP") for the Companies' business and assets, including mining concessions located in Peru denominated as El Pino, Los Pinos No. 1 and Los Pinos No. 6 (the "Concessions") owned by Minera Los Pinos de Cañete SAC ("MLPC"), a subsidiary of Tamerlane, previously, a subsidiary of Tamerlane Ventures Peru S.A.C ("Tamerlane Peru") and an indirect subsidiary of Tamerlane.
8. It has not been possible to complete a sale of the Concessions because of an ownership dispute between, *inter alia*, Tamerlane and Alexander Vidaurre ("Vidaurre"), a former employee of the Tamerlane Group (as defined below).
9. The ownership dispute is the subject of civil litigation commenced in various courts in Peru. The two principal actions, discussed in more detail in Section 3 (3) below, are summarized as follows:¹

Plaintiff	Court	Purpose
Tamerlane	7 th Commercial Civil Court of Lima (the "Lima Case")	To declare Tamerlane Ventures as the true owner of Tamerlane Peru
Tamerlane	1 st Commercial Civil Court of Cañete (the "Cañete Case")	To nullify the actions taken by Vidaurre to transfer the MLPC shares and the Concessions such that the Concessions are owned by Tamerlane

¹ In addition to the principal actions, there is one other proceeding in Peru in which Tamerlane Peru, through Vidaurre and his purported ownership of Tamerlane Peru, is the plaintiff and Tamerlane is the defendant.

10. In addition to the civil actions, Vidaurre has been criminally convicted in Peru of altering the minute books of MLPC to reflect that he and his lawyer, Mr. Sztrancman (“Sztrancman”), own the shares of MLPC.
11. Ingenieria, Minería Y Construcción, Contratistas Generales S.A.C. (“IMICON”) is interested in owning the Concessions. As a result of negotiations over a number of years between the Receiver and IMICON, it was determined that the only mechanism available to complete a transaction for the Concessions is for IMICON to take an assignment of Tamerlane’s rights in the civil actions, after which IMICON would be responsible to address Vidaurre’s (among others) rights in the causes of action and any other steps required to obtain ownership of the Concessions.

1.1 Purposes of this Report

1. The purposes of this report (“Report”) are to:
 - a) provide background information about the Companies;
 - b) discuss the SISP that was carried out in the CCAA proceedings and in the receivership proceedings;
 - c) summarize the terms of a transaction for the assignment to IMICON of Tamerlane’s interest in the civil actions (the “Transaction”);
 - d) summarize the terms of the following documents (collectively, the “Transaction Documents”):
 - i. an agreement assigning the rights of Tamerlane in the civil actions to IMICON (the “Assignment Agreement”);
 - ii. a Power of Attorney to be provided by the Receiver to David Lewis, Chief Executive Officer of GRF (the “Power of Attorney”);
 - iii. an Escrow Agreement (the “Escrow Agreement”) among IMICON, the Receiver and Goodmans LLP as escrow agent (in such capacity, the “Escrow Agent”)²;
 - e) set out the Receiver’s recommendations to distribute the proceeds of the Transaction to GRF (the “Distribution”);
 - f) recommend that the Court issue an order, among other things:
 - i. approving the Transaction;
 - ii. authorizing the Receiver to grant the Power of Attorney to Mr. Lewis and the entering into of the Assignment Agreement and Escrow Agreement, with such minor amendments to such documents as the Receiver and the counterparties may agree in order to complete the Transaction;

² Goodmans is also the Receiver’s legal counsel.

- iii. authorizing and directing the Receiver to make the Distribution; and
- iv. approving this Report and the activities of the Receiver described herein.

1.2 Currency

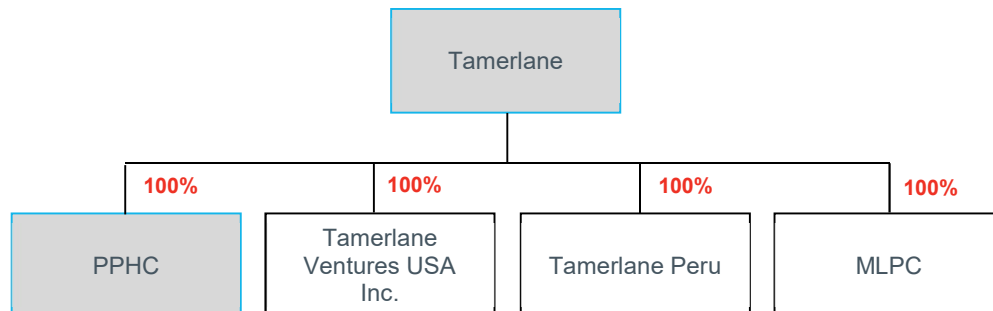
1. Unless otherwise noted, all currency references in this Report are to Canadian dollars.

1.3 Restrictions

1. In preparing this Report, the Receiver has relied upon financial and other information sourced from the Companies' books and records and discussions with various parties, including the Receiver's Peruvian legal counsel, GRF's Peruvian legal counsel, GRF's representatives and the Companies' representatives concerning all matters in these proceedings, including the ownership of the Concessions and all litigation related thereto. The Receiver expresses no opinion or other form of assurance with respect to any matter concerning the Concessions, including the ownership thereof and the respective arguments underlying the Peruvian litigation (discussed herein). Any party placing reliance on the information in this Report concerning the Concessions and its related litigation should perform its own diligence.

2.0 Background

1. The shares of Tamerlane were previously listed on Tier 2 of the TSX Venture Exchange. On January 30, 2014, trading in the shares was suspended indefinitely as a result of the receivership.
2. Tamerlane's corporate chart is provided below.³ Tamerlane and its subsidiaries are collectively referred to as the "Tamerlane Group".



³ The shaded entities are subject to the receivership proceedings. The chart reflects Tamerlane's position on the corporate structure.

3. The Tamerlane Group engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of base metal projects in Canada and Peru. The Tamerlane Group's flagship property was Pine Point (the "Pine Point Property"), a project located near Hay River in the South Slave Lake area of the Northwest Territories of Canada. The Pine Point Property was owned by PPHC. On December 16, 2016, the Court approved a sale by the Receiver of its and PPHC's right, title and interest in the Pine Point Property to Darnley Bay Resources Ltd., which transaction was completed on December 20, 2016.
4. Additional information concerning the Companies and these proceedings can be found in the court materials on the Receiver's website at: <https://www.ksvadvisory.com/insolvency-cases/case/tamerlane-ventures-inc>.

3.0 Concessions

1. The Concessions consist of a copper deposit located in Peru. The Concessions are an exploration property with no active mining operations.
2. The Receiver understands that in 2007, Tamerlane advanced \$1 million to Tamerlane Peru so that Tamerlane Peru could purchase the shares of MLPC, which entity held the Concessions (the "Loan").
3. Since 2008, the Concessions have been the subject of the ownership dispute between, *inter alia*, Tamerlane and Vidaurre, as summarized below. The civil actions are ongoing in Peru and may take several years to resolve. A summary of the civil actions is provided below.

a) Lima Case

- Background: The share certificates in Tamerlane Peru's minute books reflect Vidaurre and his secretary as the owners of Tamerlane Peru.
- Plaintiff: Tamerlane seeks a determination that it owns the shares of Tamerlane Peru.
- Tamerlane's position: Vidaurre and his secretary were only agents of Tamerlane Ventures. The share certificates they issued in the name of Vidaurre and his secretary should be voided and Tamerlane declared the true owner.
- Status: the Lima court has determined that Vidaurre and his secretary own the shares of Tamerlane Peru.
- Importance: this case may be of no consequence as Tamerlane takes the position that it foreclosed on the shares of MLPC when Tamerlane Peru could not repay the Loan.

b) Cañete Case

- Background: There are several share registries for MLPC. The most recent registry reflects that Tamerlane Peru has a 50% interest in MLPC and that Sztrancman owns the other 50%.
 - Plaintiff: Tamerlane seeks a determination that it owns the shares of MLPC, which owns the Concessions.
 - Tamerlane's position: Tamerlane claims that: (i) it is the sole owner of MLPC as it foreclosed on the shares of MLPC owned by Tamerlane Peru when Tamerlane Peru was unable to pay the Loan; and (ii) Vidaurre illegally created a third set of minute books reflecting that Tamerlane Peru and Sztrancman own MLPC. Vidaurre has been criminally convicted in Peru of falsifying records in connection with MLPC's share certificates.
 - Status: This matter is ongoing.
 - Importance: This is the critical case to determine the ownership of the Concessions. If Tamerlane is successful, it would own 100% of MLPC, which, in turn, owns the Concessions, whereas if Vidaurre is successful, Mr. Vidaurre and his group would own the Concessions through his interest in Tamerlane Peru, with Sztrancman having the other 50% interest. A decision in this case is not expected in the near term. Any decision is subject to appeal.
4. There is an injunction in Peru preventing the sale of the Concessions until the civil actions are resolved.
 5. It has been challenging for the Receiver to participate in the civil actions for several reasons, including communication barriers with certain Peruvian legal advisors in these proceedings, as well as challenges understanding the Peruvian legal process. Peruvian legal counsel has advised the Receiver that the Peruvian proceedings are expected to continue for many years.
 6. The cost of pursuing the litigation and paying administrative costs to maintain the Concessions has been significant. Over US\$350,000 has been paid to the Receiver's Peruvian legal counsel since the commencement of the receivership proceedings. Completion of the Transaction will eliminate the need to continue to fund the litigation costs and the maintenance costs related to the Concessions.

4.0 SISP

4.1 CCAA Proceedings

1. Pursuant to the terms of the Initial Order, the Companies engaged PricewaterhouseCoopers Corporate Finance Inc. ("PwC") as financial advisor to lead the SISP, under the supervision of the Monitor.
2. The purpose of the SISP was to sell the Pine Point Property and the Concessions.

3. A summary of PwC's activities is as follows:

- PwC contacted over 300 strategic and financial parties, including interested and potentially interested parties previously identified and approached by Tamerlane;
- PwC distributed an interest solicitation letter, together with a non-disclosure agreement ("NDA") to all parties contacted. The interest solicitation letter included information on the Concessions, the Pine Point Property, the Tamerlane Group's management and the SISP timelines;
- Eight parties signed the NDA. These parties were provided access to a data room, which included information regarding the Concessions and the Pine Point Property, such as geological reports and mining feasibility analyses;
- Six expressions of interest were received, including four for the Concessions; and
- The Pine Point property was sold in December 2016; however, no transaction could be completed for the Concessions.

4.2 Receivership Proceedings

1. Pursuant to the terms of the Receivership Order, the Receiver continued to retain PwC as financial advisor on the terms set out in an agreement between PwC and Tamerlane. PwC's involvement in the process decreased substantially in 2014. Thereafter, the sale process was conducted by the Receiver. PwC's mandate was formally terminated by the Receiver in August 2016.
2. Negotiations between the Receiver and IMICON commenced in October 2014. In May 2015, IMICON and the Receiver executed a Letter of Intent (the "LOI") for the purchase of the Concessions by IMICON and IMICON paid a US\$100,000 deposit to the Receiver (the "Deposit" or "First Payment"). IMICON was granted exclusivity to perform diligence until September 2015, at which time the LOI expired. Notwithstanding the expiry of the LOI, the parties have continued to negotiate a transaction since that time. Through many discussions and the involvement of Peruvian legal counsel, it became apparent that a purchase of the Concessions was not feasible given, among other things, the ownership dispute and tax considerations.
3. During 2016, the construct of the transaction changed from a purchase of the Concessions to an assignment transaction whereby Tamerlane would assign all of its rights in the civil actions to IMICON as the complete transaction among IMICON and the Receiver on behalf of Tamerlane. IMICON would enter into separate transactions with Vidaurre, among others, to ultimately have the Concessions transferred to IMICON; however, the Receiver is not involved in those transactions and the assignment transaction is not conditional on them.

4. Because of the history between Tamerlane's former management and Vidaurre, completion of the Transaction has been hindered by a lack of trust, including a perception by certain parties involved in these proceedings of a relationship between IMICON and Vidaurre. Significant efforts have been undertaken by the Receiver and IMICON to reduce closing risk, namely:
 - i. for the Receiver, that the contemplated consideration is paid to it in virtually all circumstances and it is not conditional on any transaction with Vidaurre; and
 - ii. for IMICON, that it obtains Tamerlane's rights in the civil actions in accordance with the terms of the Transaction to allow it to proceed with its separate transactions with Vidaurre.
5. The Transaction has also been delayed due to IMICON's diligence, including familiarizing itself with the civil actions and the criminal proceedings. The Receiver understands that contemporaneous with its negotiations with the Receiver, IMICON has also been in negotiations with Vidaurre and others to acquire their rights in the civil actions and to transfer the Concessions, although, as noted, the Transaction with Tamerlane (including payment of the consideration) is not conditional on the completion of those transactions nor on the transfer of the Concessions.
6. The Transaction was also delayed in mid-2018 due to an archaeological issue raised by the Peruvian government that IMICON had to diligence so that it could confirm that the issue would not affect its ability to mine the Concessions.
7. In January 2019, the Receiver and IMICON finalized the Transaction Documents, which are subject to Court approval. Court approval is the first in a series of steps necessary to complete the Transaction, the majority of which are to be carried out in Peru.

5.0 Transaction

1. The transaction documents, except for the Escrow Agreement, have been drafted in Spanish. English translations of the Power of Attorney, the Assignment Agreement⁴ and the Escrow Agreement, which are in substantially final form, are attached as Appendix "D", "E" and "F", respectively.

⁴ A copy of the Spanish version of the Assignment Agreement is also included in Appendix "E".

2. The Transaction is summarized below:

a) **Power of Attorney:** the Assignment Agreement must be executed in Peru and notarized by a Peruvian notary. The Receiver is seeking Court approval to grant a Power of Attorney to Mr. Lewis of GRF to authorize him to execute the Assignment Agreement and to perform any other acts necessary to complete the Transaction. The Secured Lender's Peruvian legal counsel has advised that it may take months to register the Power of Attorney. The Power of Attorney must be registered before the balance of the Transaction steps can be completed.

b) **Assignment Agreement:**

- Tamerlane, through its Power of Attorney, will assign all its rights in the civil actions to IMICON;
- The consideration for the assignment is US\$1.5 million, comprised of the First Payment and a second payment of US\$1.4 million (the "Second Payment") to be paid into an escrow account with the Escrow Agent (Goodmans), all to be irrevocably released in accordance with the terms of the Escrow Agreement.
- The Receiver understands that the Assignment Agreement must be signed as a "public deed" by a Peruvian notary to assist the various courts in Peru and for IMICON to subsequently register it in connection with its separate Concession transaction. Once the Assignment Agreement is signed as a public deed, it cannot be rescinded by the Receiver or any other party. Due to the litigation surrounding the Concessions, the Receiver is unwilling to have the Assignment Agreement executed as a public deed until the Escrow Agent receives the Second Payment. To address this, the Receiver and IMICON have agreed that:
 - i. Mr. Lewis and IMICON will attend at a closing in Peru to first sign the Assignment Agreement as a private contract⁵;
 - ii. IMICON will then immediately wire the Second Payment to the Escrow Agent; and
 - iii. within three business days of the Escrow Agent's confirmation of receipt of the Second Payment, Mr. Lewis and IMICON must return to the closing before the Peruvian Notary to sign the Assignment Agreement as a public deed.

In this way, the execution of the Assignment Agreement as a public deed will only happen after the Escrow Agent acknowledges receipt of the Second Payment.

⁵ So that there is a binding contract in place between Tamerlane and IMICON.

- The private contract will remain with the Peruvian Notary until Mr. Lewis and IMICON sign the Assignment Agreement as a public deed. If Mr. Lewis does not sign the Assignment Agreement as a public deed, the private contract will be destroyed and the Second Payment will be returned to IMICON.

c) **Escrow Agreement:**

- The Escrow Agent will release the Second Payment to the Receiver on the earlier of:
 - i. notice from IMICON's counsel that each of the Peruvian Courts has approved the procedural succession set out in the Assignment Agreement and each approval has become a final order (the "Peruvian Court Approval"); and
 - ii. 185 days following the date that the Escrow Agent confirms receipt of the Second Payment (the "Expiry Release Date"). The Expiry Release Date can be extended by IMICON for a period of thirty days to provide it with additional time to obtain Peruvian Court Approval.
- Accordingly, the only circumstance in which the Second Payment would not be released to the Receiver is if Mr. Lewis, the principal of GRF, who is the Power of Attorney and who represents the only party (GRF) with an economic interest in these proceedings, does not return before the Peruvian Notary to sign the Assignment Agreement as a public deed. Otherwise, the First Payment and the Second Payment will be irrevocably released to the Receiver in all circumstances and at the very latest, within approximately seven months of the Escrow Agent's receipt of the Second Payment.

5.1 LC Gold

1. During negotiations with IMICON, IMICON advised the Receiver of a pre-receivership option agreement to transfer the Concessions from MLPC to LC Gold Peru SAC ("LC Gold") (the "Option Agreement"). The Option Agreement was never exercised and IMICON requires it to be terminated as a condition of the Transaction. The principal of LC Gold is a representative of Estudio Manini ("Manini"), the Receiver's Peruvian legal counsel. Manini has agreed to take the steps necessary to terminate the Option Agreement, which will be done concurrently with execution of the Assignment Agreement (both as a private contract and a public deed).

5.2 Recommendation

1. For the following reasons, the Receiver recommends that the Court issue an order approving the Transaction:
 - a) the SISP was conducted on a basis consistent with the Initial Order and the Receivership Order;

- b) the Companies, with the assistance of PWC, and the Receiver made extensive efforts to sell the Concessions and have conducted a wide canvassing of the market;
- c) the Transaction represents the only definitive opportunity to effect a realization in respect of the Concessions;
- d) the consideration under the Transaction is fair and reasonable in the circumstances;
- e) GRF, the only stakeholder with an interest in the Concessions⁶, supports the Transaction; and
- f) completion of the Transaction will discontinue the need for GRF to continue to fund these proceedings, including costs of the Receiver and its Peruvian and Canadian legal counsel.

6.0 Distributions to GRF

1. GRF is the Companies' principal secured creditor. As of January 2019, GRF was owed approximately US\$10 million, plus interest and costs, which continue to accrue.
2. Goodmans, the Receiver's counsel, reviewed the security of GRF at the commencement of the receivership proceedings. Goodmans provided an opinion under the laws of the Province of Ontario and engaged agents to provide an opinion under the laws of the Northwest Territories and Washington State and Washington D.C., respectively. Read together, the opinions provide that, subject to the assumptions and qualifications contained therein, the personal property security granted in favour of GRF is valid and enforceable and creates valid security interests in the personal property of the Companies to which the *Personal Property Security Act (Ontario)*, the *Personal Property Security Act (Northwest Territories)*, the *Uniform Commercial Code* of the State of Washington and the *Uniform Commercial Code* of the District of Columbia applies.
3. The Receiver has previously completed several distributions to GRF, including the proceeds from the sale of the Pine Point Property.
4. The Receiver is seeking the Court's authority to distribute the proceeds from the Transaction to GRF, upon the Receiver filing a certificate with the Court indicating that the Second Payment has been released from escrow in accordance with the terms of the Escrow Agreement.
5. The Receiver is not aware of any other claims that rank in priority to the secured claims of GRF.

⁶ Other than Vidaurre and Sztrancman, which is the subject of the dispute and the civil actions. As noted, the Receiver understands that IMICON is entering into a separate agreement for their interests in the civil actions and the Concessions in parallel with the Transaction.

7.0 Conclusion and Recommendation

1. Based on the foregoing, the Receiver respectfully recommends that this Honourable Court make an Order granting the relief detailed in Section 1.1(f) of this Report.

* * *

All of which is respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "KSV Kofman Inc". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

**KSV KOFMAN INC.
IN ITS CAPACITY AS COURT-APPOINTED RECEIVER OF
TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.
AND NOT IN ITS PERSONAL CAPACITY**

Appendix “F”

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

**THE HONOURABLE
JUSTICE CAVANAGH**

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**WEDNESDAY, THE 22ND
DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 2021**

B E T W E E N:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

**IN THE MATTER OF AN APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 243 OF THE
BANKRUPTCY AND INSOLVENCY ACT, R.S.C. 1985, c. B-3, AS AMENDED, AND
SECTION 101 OF THE COURTS OF JUSTICE ACT, RSO 1990, C. C-43.**

AUTHORIZATION ORDER

THIS MOTION, made by KSV Restructuring Inc. (formerly KSV Kofman Inc.), in its capacity as receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. (“**Tamerlane**”) and Pine Point Holding Corp. appointed pursuant to an Order of this Court dated January 30, 2014 (the “**Receivership Order**”), for an order confirming the Receiver’s authority to grant powers of attorney in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane and to take such actions and execute such documents as are necessary or desirable to complete a transaction relating to an assignment of Tamerlane’s rights in certain judicial causes of action

commenced in Peru (the “**Assignment Transaction**”) as previously approved by this Court pursuant to an Approval and Authorization Order dated January 30, 2019 (the “**Transaction Approval Order**”), was heard this day by judicial videoconference at Toronto, Ontario due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

ON READING the Notice of Motion, filed, and the Fifth Report of the Receiver dated September 14, 2021, filed, and on hearing the submissions of counsel for the Receiver and such other counsel as were present and wished to be heard, no one else appearing although duly served with the Notice of Motion as appears from the affidavit of service:

1. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that, unless otherwise indicated or defined herein, capitalized terms used in this Order shall have the meanings given to them in the Transaction Approval Order.
2. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that this Order is supplementary and in addition to the Receivership Order and the Transaction Approval Order and nothing herein shall limit or alter the authority of the Receiver pursuant to the Receivership Order, the Transaction Approval Order, or any other order of the Court in these proceedings.
3. **THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES** that the Receiver remains exclusively authorized pursuant to the Receivership Order to grant one or more powers of attorney, in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane, to Noah Goldstein, identified with Canadian passport No. AG366741 (the “**Goldstein POA**”), or such other person or persons as the Receiver may determine in its discretion from time to time, on such terms as the Receiver may determine in its discretion.
4. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that (a) Noah Goldstein, identified with Canadian passport No. AG366741, (b) any other person granted a power of attorney by the Receiver pursuant to this Order (including any other person authorized to exercise powers in substitution for Noah Goldstein pursuant to the Goldstein POA), and (c) any other representative of the Receiver, whether or not a power of attorney has been given to such representative, are hereby authorized to take all such actions, execute all such documents and instruments (including, without limitation, the Assignment Agreement) and ratify all such actions of Tamerlane or the Receiver

(whether in the name of Duff & Phelps Canada Restructuring Inc., KSV Kofman Inc., KSV Restructuring Inc. or anyone acting on their behalf) taken prior to the date hereof, in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane, as may be necessary or desirable in connection with the Assignment Transaction and the completion thereof.

5. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Receiver and its representatives, including any person to whom the Receiver has granted a power of attorney, are authorized to execute, in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane, any document or instrument that a director or officer of Tamerlane is authorized or required to execute.

6. **THIS COURT DECLARES** that the Receiver is the receiver of Tamerlane and is authorized to take all such actions in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane as are authorized pursuant to the Receivership Order, the Transaction Approval Order, or any other order of this Court granted in these proceedings. The Receiver shall remain the receiver of Tamerlane, without the need for any further order, act or formality, until such time as the Receiver is discharged as receiver of Tamerlane pursuant to an order of this Court.

7. **THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS** the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, or regulatory, administrative or governmental body having jurisdiction in Canada, Peru, the United States, or any other foreign jurisdiction, to give effect to this Order and to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals and regulatory, administrative and governmental bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Receiver, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order, to grant representative status to the Receiver in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane in any foreign proceeding, or to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, this Court hereby requests that the National Superintendence of Public Registries (*Superintendencia Nacional de los Registros Públicos*) of Peru give effect to this Order by duly registering in the Registry of Legal Entities (*Registro de Personas Jurídicas*) of Peru the Goldstein POA and any other power of attorney granted by the Receiver in the name and on behalf of Tamerlane.

8. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Receiver and its agents be at liberty and are hereby authorized and empowered to apply to any court, tribunal, or regulatory, administrative or

governmental body, whether located in Canada, Peru, or any other jurisdiction, for the recognition of this Order and for assistance in carrying out the terms of this Order.

9. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that this Order and all of its provisions are enforceable as of the date hereof without any need for entry or filing.

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

and

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. and
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

Applicant

Respondents

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

AUTHORIZATION ORDER**GOODMANS LLP**Barristers & Solicitors
333 Bay Street, Suite 3400
Toronto, Canada M5H 2S7Bradley Wiffen LSUC#: 64279L
bwiffen@goodmans.caTel: (416) 979-4258
Fax: (416) 979-1234Lawyers for KSV Restructuring Inc., in its
capacity as Receiver.

Appendix “G”

Receivership of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp

Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements

For the Period January 30, 2014 to May 23, 2024

(\$; unaudited)

Description	(USD Account)	(CAD Account)
<i>Receipts</i>		
Proceeds from Pine Point transaction	-	3,025,278
Advances from GRF*	1,869,708	-
Transfers between receivership bank accounts	32,150	1,432,011
Proceeds from sale of equipment	452,400	-
Proceeds from New Carolin Gold transaction	-	200,010
Transfers from Company bank accounts	115,769	9,054
HST refunds	-	53,943
Deposit on Concession Sale	100,000	
Other	61,316	67,937
	<u>2,631,343</u>	<u>4,788,234</u>
<i>Disbursements</i>		
Transfers between receivership bank accounts	1,179,925	37,645
Payments to GRF	337,500	3,200,010
Consulting fees	299,846	9,350
Professional fees		
Receiver	-	732,746
Receiver's Canadian legal counsel	-	389,335
Receiver's Peruvian legal counsel	604,118	-
Land lease payments	72,642	141,273
Sundry receivership expenses	61,385	250,218
Unpaid sundry CCAA expenses	66,377	-
Insurance	-	27,657
	<u>2,621,793</u>	<u>4,788,234</u>
Estate Bank Balance	<u>9,551</u>	<u>-</u>
Estate Bank Balance (CAD dollars)	<u>12,416</u>	

* All outstanding loans owing under the Receiver's Borrowing Charge were repaid to GRF from the proceeds of the Pine Point Transaction and approximately \$530,000 was borrowed after the closing of that transaction.

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

THE HONOURABLE)	THURSDAY, THE 30 TH
)	
JUSTICE CAVANAGH)	DAY OF MAY, 2024

B E T W E E N:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

DISCHARGE ORDER

THIS MOTION, made by KSV Restructuring Inc. (“**KSV**”), in its capacity as receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (collectively, the “**Debtors**”) appointed pursuant to an Order of this Court dated January 30, 2014 (the “**Receivership Order**”), for an Order, *inter alia*, approving the activities of the Receiver and its counsel and discharging the Receiver, was heard this day by videoconference.

ON READING the Sixth Report of the Receiver dated May 24, 2024 (the “**Sixth Report**”) and on hearing the submissions of the Receiver and such other counsel as were present and wished to be heard, no one else appearing for any other person although duly served with the Notice of Motion as appears from the affidavit of service:

APPROVAL OF REPORTS AND ACTIVITIES

1. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Sixth Report and the Fifth Report of the Receiver dated September 14, 2021, and the activities of the Receiver referred to therein, be and are hereby approved; provided, however, that only the Receiver, in its personal capacity and only with respect to its own personal liability, shall be entitled to reply upon or utilize in any way such approval.

2. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that the Final Statement of Receipts and Disbursements, as defined and detailed in the Sixth Report, is hereby approved.

DISCHARGE OF RECEIVER

3. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that, upon the issuance of a certificate by the Receiver substantially in the form attached hereto as Schedule “A” confirming that all matters to be attended to in connection with the receivership of the Debtors have been completed to the satisfaction of the Receiver (the “**Receiver’s Discharge Certificate**”), the Receiver shall be discharged as Receiver of the undertaking, property and assets of the Debtors, provided however that, notwithstanding such discharge, (a) the Receiver shall remain Receiver for the performance of such incidental matters as may be required to complete the administration of the receivership (the “**Receiver Incidental Matters**”); and (b) the Receiver shall continue to have the benefit of any of the rights, approvals, protections, releases and stays of proceedings in favour of the Receiver at law or pursuant to the Receivership Order or any other Order made in these proceedings, including in connection with the Receiver Incidental Matters.

4. **THIS COURT ORDERS AND DECLARES** that KSV is hereby released and discharged from any and all liability that KSV now has or may hereafter have by reason of, or in any way arising out of, the acts or omissions of KSV while acting in its capacity as Receiver herein, save and except for any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on the Receiver’s part. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, KSV is hereby forever released and discharged from any and all liability relating to matters that were raised, or which could have been raised, in the within receivership proceedings, save and except for any gross negligence or wilful misconduct on the Receiver’s part.

GENERAL

5. **THIS COURT HEREBY REQUESTS** the aid and recognition of any court, tribunal, regulatory or administrative body having jurisdiction in Canada, Peru, the United States or any other foreign jurisdiction, to give effect to this Order and to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order. All courts, tribunals, and regulatory and administrative bodies are hereby respectfully requested to make such orders and to provide such assistance to the Receiver, as an officer of this Court, as may be necessary or desirable to give effect to this Order or to assist the Receiver and its agents in carrying out the terms of this Order.

6. **THIS COURT ORDERS** that this Order and all of its provisions are enforceable and effective as of the date hereof without the need for entry or filing.

Schedule A – Form of Receiver’s Discharge Certificate

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**

B E T W E E N:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

Applicant

- and -

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Respondents

RECEIVER’S DISCHARGE CERTIFICATE

RECITALS

A. Pursuant to an Order of the Ontario Superior Court of Justice (Commercial List) (the “**Court**”) dated January 30, 2014, KSV Restructuring Inc. was appointed as receiver (the “**Receiver**”) of the assets, properties and undertakings of Tamerlane Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp. (collectively, the “**Debtors**”).

B. Pursuant to an Order of the Court dated May 30, 2024, the Receiver shall be discharged as Receiver of the Debtors upon the issuance of a certificate by the Receiver confirming that all matters to be attended to in connection with the receivership of the Debtors have been completed to the satisfaction of the Receiver.

THE RECEIVER CERTIFIES the following:

1. All matters to be attended to in connection with the receivership of the Debtors have been completed to the satisfaction of the Receiver.
2. This certificate was issued by the Receiver on _____, 2024.

**KSV Restructuring Inc., in its capacity as
court-appointed receiver of Tamerlane
Ventures Inc. and Pine Point Holding Corp.
and not in its personal or corporate capacity**

Per: _____
Name:
Title:

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND
Applicant

- and -

**TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.**
Respondents

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
(COMMERCIAL LIST)**
Proceeding commenced at Toronto

DISCHARGE ORDER

GOODMANS LLP
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Lawyers for KSV Restructuring Inc., in its capacity as
Receiver

GLOBAL RESOURCE FUND

and

TAMERLANE VENTURES INC. AND
PINE POINT HOLDING CORP.

Court File No. CV-14-10417-00CL

Applicant

Respondents

**ONTARIO
SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE
COMMERCIAL LIST**

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

**MOTION RECORD
(Returnable May 30, 2024)**

GOODMANS LLP

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